

# THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

Volume 16, Number 62

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, TUESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1916

Price Two Cents

## PRESIDENT MAY PREVENT STRIKE

Wilson Confers With Rail Managers and Men.

CONCESSIONS ARE PROBABLE

Employees Insist That Railways Make Some Definite Counter Proposition. Impression Grows That Some Compromise Plan Will Be Adopted.

Washington, Aug. 15.—President Wilson conferred with both parties to the threatened countrywide railway strike and it appeared that sufficient foundation had been laid to furnish a working basis for a settlement of the differences of the employees and employers.

The president will meet both sides again.

At the conclusion of the conference the president issued this statement:

"I have met both sides and have gone over the case with the utmost frankness. I shall not be able to judge until later whether we have found a feasible basis for settlement."

The foremost questions are what shall be arbitrated, if arbitration is to be resorted to and what form of arbitration shall be adopted. Representatives of the employees maintain that their demand for an eight-hour day and time and a half for overtime is the only concrete proposition under discussion.

Demand Counter Proposal.

They insisted to the president in their conference that the railroads make some definite counter proposal.

If the railroads submitted some proposed form of settlement, they said, they would be ready to discuss negotiations further.

The employees are understood to be ready to consent to the principle of arbitration if the contingent proposals of the managers, which the men claim involve rights they have won in thirty years' effort, are eliminated from consideration, and if arbitration is conducted by a board on which all four brotherhoods are represented.

Immediately after learning the employees' position the president summoned the committee of managers and held a long conference with them. They left the White House to confer among themselves and the general understanding is that they discussed the advisability of withdrawing their "contingency" proposals and submitting a proposition "without strings," as demanded by the men.

May Accept Arbitration.

While representatives of the employees insisted that they had not yet agreed to arbitrate any feature of their differences there was a growing impression that arbitration, or some form of compromise, would be agreed upon.

At no time, it was said, did the representatives of the men indicate that unless their demands were granted unqualifiedly they would go on strike.

Both sides refused absolutely to discuss their meeting with the president or venture any forecast on the probable outcome of the negotiations, but leaders of the two factions were optimistic that a strike would be avoided.

The president, it was declared, made no compromise propositions to either side. He merely listened to the employees' representatives and then talked with the managers and suggested that some concrete working basis be agreed upon before proceeding further.

## PLAYING BOY DROWNS IN A JAR OF WATER.

Big Sandy, Mont., Aug. 15.—While trying to reach for a toy that had dropped into a ten-gallon jar of water, Robert, one-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Hofsommer, fell in. Life was almost extinct a few minutes later when he was found with his legs protruding from the jar. Efforts to revive him failed.

John P. St. John Very Ill.

Olathe, Kan., Aug. 15.—John P. St. John, former governor of Kansas and at one time presidential candidate on the Prohibition ticket, is critically ill at his home here. Six weeks ago while on a speaking tour he was prostrated at Jetmore, Kan.

Political Riot Fatal.

Havana, Aug. 15.—Two men were killed in a fight at a picnic of workmen on a plantation near Hauguito, Matanzas province. The trouble grew out of political enmities.

LOUIS D. BRANDEIS.

Unable to Serve on the Mexican Joint Commission.



Photo by American Press Association.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Associate Justice Louis D. Brandeis of the supreme court informed President Wilson that because of the mass of business before the court he would be unable to accept the president's designation to serve on the joint commission which will attempt to solve the differences between the United States and Mexico.

## CAUCUS APPROVES REVENUE MEASURE

Washington, Aug. 15.—The administration revenue bill as amended by the senate finance committee was approved by the Democratic senate caucus and will be reported in the senate by Wednesday.

The measure, leaders estimate, will yield \$205,000,000 annually, an increase of \$7,500,000 over the estimated revenue as it passed the house.

Final approval of the measure was voted after the caucus, which began sessions on the measure a week ago, had debated the various sections exhaustively and had defeated many motions to alter the provisions inserted by the committee.

The bill also provides for the creation of a nonpartisan tariff commission.

## IN EVENT OF RAIL STRIKE

St. Paul Would Be Out of Coal Within Ten Days.

St. Paul, Aug. 15.—The supply of coal in St. Paul will not last more than ten days if a railroad strike is called.

This was the consensus of opinion of wholesale coal dealers, who have tried in vain recently to increase their stores. There is no immediate prospect for the supply being increased.

Sufficient coal is on hand for householders to last until cold weather unless they suddenly order unusual amounts. The big deficiency would be in soft coal, used for power purposes. The supply of soft coal on hand is small, many small manufacturing plants having only several days' supply.

## ROCKEFELLER PLAN FAILED

Miners in Colorado Return to Union Organization.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Aug. 15.—Delegates from the Rockefeller mines in Colorado were prominent at the opening of the annual convention of the State Federation of Labor here.

The miners of the Colorado Fuel and Iron (Rockefeller's) company are flocking back to the United Mine Workers' union.

Recent organization meetings in the Colorado coal fields have been attended by representatives of the Rockefeller company as well as the miners, whose union affiliations were condemned in the historic strike of 1913-1914.

## SLAYER'S WIFE HIRES HIM FROM STATE.

Wentworth, N. C., Aug. 15.—Under a verdict returned here J. W. Slaughter, former police chief in Draper, N. C., probably will be turned over to his wife as a convict laborer while he is serving a two-year sentence for manslaughter.

The jury stipulated that the state be given the privilege of hiring him out during his sentence and Mrs. Slaughter asked for the contract.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Three were killed and several injured in a double header wreck between freight trains on the B. & O.

## SAID MANAGERS AGREE TO BASIC PRINCIPLES OF EIGHT HOUR DAY

But Demand that Question of Overtime Pay be Subjected to More Far Reaching Investigation

Garretson Estimates that Railroads Could be Tied up in Couple of Minutes if Strike Called

Great Strike Problem Being Threshed Out by Employees and Managers

(By United Press)

Washington, Aug. 15.—The burden of preventing the national railway strike this afternoon appeared to have been swung from the managers to the employees. During the managers conference with President Wilson it is understood they agreed to the basic principles of an eight hour day but demanded that the question of overtime pay be subjected to a far more reaching investigation. The managers argue that both problems are so closely connected that they must be handled as one.

## Strike Conference Suspends Movement

(By United Press)

Washington, Aug. 15.—On account of the threatened railway strike the war department has suspended indefinitely the proposed movement to the border of between 25,000 to 30,000 mobilized militia in state camps, who were last week ordered to the Mexican border.

## Contracts for Mail But Not For Men

(By United Press)

Washington, Aug. 15.—A. B. Garretson, head of the conductors' brotherhood, estimates that all roads could be tied up within a couple of minutes if the strike is called. He was asked if the mails would be affected and answered "The railways have contracts for carrying the mails but not for the men. Why should we furnish the men for their contracts?"

## County Option Election Close

(By United Press)

Benldji, Aug. 15.—The Beltrami county option election is close and the result is in doubt. 25 of the 88 precincts give the wet 1,150 and the drys 986. It is estimated that there were 3,350 votes cast as against 2,700 at the state primary in June.

## Wheat Jumps 5 Cents at Close of Market

(By United Press)

Chicago, Aug. 15.—At the close wheat jumped 5 cents owing to the overestimating of the Russian crop surplus of 300,000,000 bushels.

## Wheat Falls 2 Cents

(By United Press)

Chicago, Aug. 15.—Wheat fell 2 cents on account of continued rumors of the federal inquiry regarding price manipulation.

## Double Header Three are Killed

Washington, Aug. 15.—Three were killed and several injured in a double header wreck between freight trains on the B. & O.

## Strike Discussion Still Continues at White House

(By United Press)

Washington, Aug. 15.—The railway managers and representatives arrived at the White House at 9:00 o'clock this morning to resume their conference. Spokesman Elisha Lee carried a small portfolio, but it is not known whether this contained the proposition the managers will make to the president upon which the differences would be arbitrated or not. It is reported that President Wilson is determined to prevent a strike if a personal appeal to every railroad president and employee representative is necessary.

## Make Preparations to Prevent Food Shortage

(By United Press)

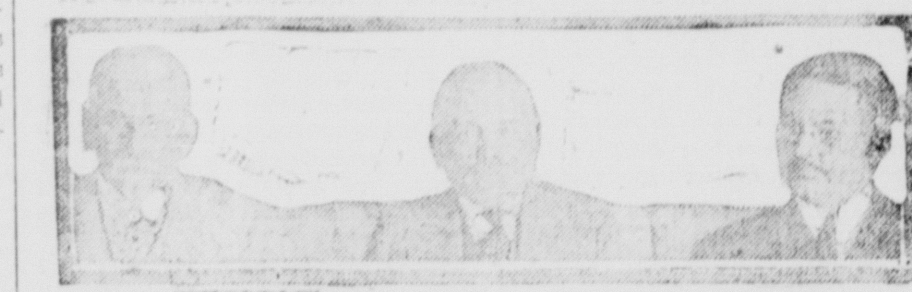
Chicago, Aug. 15.—Electric inter-urban lines are mobilizing their forces to help relieve the congestion if the railroad strike materializes. Some portions of the country are sufficiently electrified to prevent a food shortage.

## Hughes Western Tour

(By United Press)

Spokane, Aug. 15.—Chas. E. Hughes is putting the personal pronoun in the pledges and promises he is making in his Washington speeches.

## Trying to Avert Great Railway Strike



W. L. CHAMBERS MARTIN A. KNAPP GARRETSON



A. B. GARRETSON WARREN S. STONE

Members of the Federal Mediation Board, Judge Martin A. Knapp, Judge W. L. Chambers, G. W. W. Hangar, with the consent of A. B. Garretson, chief of the Order of Railroad Conductors, W. S. Stone, chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and other heads of important organizations of railroad employees,

## FIRE TO GERMAN FIELDS TO AID STARVATION PLAN

(By United Press)

Berlin, Aug. 15.—It is reported that the allied military chiefs are attempting to aid the "starve out Germany" campaign by setting fire to the German harvest fields, the recent allied aviation raids being made with that purpose in view. The harvest fields were not sufficiently dried and although the bombs were dropped the fires failed.

## FAIL TO PUNISH WILL BE PUNISHED

(By United Press)

Berlin, Aug. 15.—It is officially announced that Germany will punish Zeppelin crew for failure to punish the crew of the British steamer Baralong, who killed members of the German submarine crew after they surrendered.

## BERLIN ADMITS BRITISH GAIN FRESH FOOTHOLD

(By United Press)

Berlin, Aug. 15.—It is officially admitted that the British have again gained a foothold in the German first line of trenches between Thiopval and Poizeres last night. Yesterday the Germans ejected the British from the positions they have regained.

## ITALIANS CAPTURE TRENCHES

(By United Press)

Rome, Aug. 15.—An official report says that the Italians have captured several second Austrian trenches in sharp fighting west of Sangrado, taking 560 prisoners.

## RUSSIANS FIERCE LINE

(By United Press)

Petrograd, Aug. 15.—An official statement says that the Russians have pierced the new Teutonic line on the Zlota Lipa river at a new point, crossing to the west bank of the river in an 18 mile advance from the upper Stripa.

SENATOR SHERMAN.

Says Samuel Gompers is Public Nuisance.

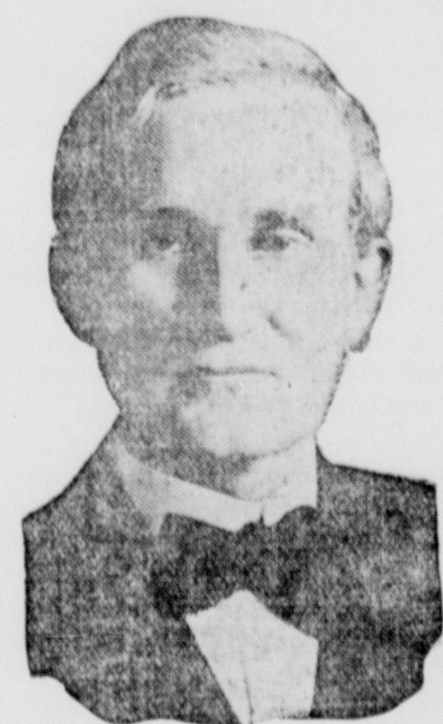


Photo by American Press Association.

Washington, Aug. 15.—President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor was characterized as a "public nuisance" by Senator Sherman of Illinois in a digression from a senate speech on the shipping bill.

"There is no more tyrannical, outrageous injustice than that of leaders who live on the sweat of other people's brows," said Senator Sherman. "Mr. Gompers is a public nuisance."

## BOAT TURNS OVER 300 ARE DROWNED

(By United Press)

Paris, Aug. 15.—The Italian battle ship Leonard Avinc caught fire after several explosions on board and turned over sinking in the harbor at Taranto, says a Turin dispatch to the Petit Journal. The crew of 300 were drowned.

## THE NEW TEUTONIC LINE IS GIVING WAY UNDER PRESSURE

(By United Press)

Petrograd, Aug. 15.—The new Teutonic line along Zlota to which Gen. Bothmer retreated from the river Stripa, is giving way under Russian pressure.

## CAPTURE GERMAN TRENCHES

(By United Press)

Paris, Aug. 15.—An official report says that the French attack on the northeastern front at Verdun resulted in the capture of the German trenches on the 300 yard front to a depth of 100 yards.

## BRITISH FORCE WAY

(By United Press)

London, Aug. 15.—An official statement says that the British have forced their way into the German trenches near the Clognet farm, at Pozieres, and returned with 11 prisoners.

## LOOK TO INDIANS FOR DYES

Investigators Seek Worth of the Red Men's Methods.

Bismarck, N. D., Aug. 15.—Discovery of methods employed by Indians in coloring, to determine whether they are adaptable to commercial use, is the object that has sent George E. Haupt of St. Paul and Dr. Gilbert Wilson of the American Museum of Natural History to Fort Berthold reservation, north of Bismarck. If the Indian processes are found adaptable to commercial use the discovery may prove of tremendous value because of the present dye shortage in the United States.

## HUGHES TALKS AT SPOKANE

Ridicules Plan to Keep Out Foreign Made Goods.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 15.—Charles Evans Hughes told an audience in Spokane's stadium the proposed Democratic legislation against the dumping of foreign made goods in this country after the war is not worth the paper on which it was written.

"This piece of legislation," Mr. Hughes said, "would be as available as the piece of paper I hold in my hand, in effect, in protecting the American people in the economic war that will come when peace comes to Europe."

## AUSTRIANS ARE STILL RETIRING

Russians Following Up Enemy in Galicia.

## RAIN HAMPERS OPERATIONS

Artillery Duels Are the Only Signs of Activity Along the French and British Fronts in the West—Italians Gaining in Isonzo Region.

London, Aug. 15.—The Austrians and Germans in Galicia are still falling back before the advance of the Russians, who, according to Petrograd, have made additional gains along the Sereth and Zlota Lipa rivers and have captured the strongly fortified town of Tustobaby, northwest of the Dniester.

On the upper Sereth, however, the Teutonic allies at some points on their newly chosen line are holding back the Russians with a vigorous artillery fire.

Berlin says that south of Brody, on the Lub and Graberka sector, Russians who had penetrated Teutonic positions on the Seboroff-Konpuay line northeast of Tarnopol were driven off and 309 of them taken prisoner.

According to Vienna a Russian attack southwest of Podkamen, near Brody, ended with the field before the Austro-German positions covered with Russian dead.

No change took place along either the British or French lines in France, bad weather hindering the operations, which were confined almost exclusively to artillery duels.

According to Berlin the British have been expelled from trenches over a front of 700 yards southwest of the Thiopval-Poizeres sector which they occupied Sunday.

On the Isonzo front, according to Rome, the Italians have made still further advances against the Austrians along the Carso plateau and east of Hill 212.

In the latter sector another line of trenches was penetrated and more men were taken prisoner.

## GERMAN MILITARY CRITICS CAUTIOUS

London, Aug. 15.—A special cable to the Daily News from Rotterdam says Major Morath once more rebukes the easy optimism in Germany, which refuses to recognize the danger of the Russian offensive. Commenting in the Berliner Tageblatt, with particular frankness on the latest Russian victories he writes:

"Brusiloff's attacks in the region of the Dniester are of strategic significance. His idea seems to be that if he cannot push directly through the armies in front of Lemberg he can force them into retreat by pushing back the neighboring armies. North of Lemberg this plan has thus far been unsuccessful, while south of the Dniester, we are told, regrouping of armies had not been completed when the Russians obtained their success."

"It is quite wrong to ignore the Russian attacks and say after every new event in a tone of superiority that this attack will, of course, be beaten off. Also it has an injurious effect on our own prospects when people assume they can perceive the plans of the most silent of all army leaders and assure each other that these obstinate Russian attacks will not have the slightest influence on Hindenburg's operations."

"That we shall finally be able to bring this Russian offensive to a standstill and perhaps even throw it back, we all hope, but we have a very difficult task in meeting the clever leadership of Brusiloff with his studious material in men and help of artillery from Japan and America."

## Alleged Shortage Charged.

St. Paul, Aug. 15.—An alleged shortage of \$11,188.41 is charged to Ed F. Kelly as treasurer of the Fairbault Fire Relief association in a report to Governor Burnquist by Deputy Public Examiner J. O. Cedarberg following an examination of the organization.

## ROBS BANK AT POINT OF GUN

Police Search for Escaped Trusty After Daring Holdup.

Denver, Aug. 15.—Denver police are searching for Orval King, a trusty, who escaped from the county jail, in connection with the holdup and robbery of the First National bank of Englewood, a suburb. The robber got \$350, which he forced H. B. Patton, assistant cashier, to turn over at the point of a revolver. The robber escaped in a Denver taxicab.



# THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

Volume 16, Number 62

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, TUESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1916

Price Two Cents

## PRESIDENT MAY PREVENT STRIKE

Wilson Confers With Rail Managers and Men.

### CONCESSIONS ARE PROBABLE

Employees Insist That Railways Make Some Definite Counter Proposition. Impression Grows That Some Compromise Plan Will Be Adopted.

Washington, Aug. 15.—President Wilson conferred with both parties to the threatened countrywide railway strike and it appeared that sufficient foundation had been laid to furnish a working basis for a settlement of the differences of the employees and employers.

The president will meet both sides again.

At the conclusion of the conference the president issued this statement:

"I have met both sides and have gone over the case with the utmost frankness. I shall not be able to judge until later whether we have found a feasible basis for settlement."

The foremost questions are what shall be arbitrated, if arbitration is to be resorted to and what form of arbitration shall be adopted. Representatives of the employees maintain that their demand for an eight-hour day and time and a half for overtime is the only concrete proposition under discussion.

#### Demand Counter Proposal.

They insisted to the president in their conference that the railroads make some definite counter proposal.

If the railroads submitted some proposed form of settlement, they said, they would be ready to discuss negotiations further.

The employees are understood to be ready to consent to the principle of arbitration if the contingent proposals of the managers, which the men claim involve rights they have won in thirty years' effort, are eliminated from consideration, and if arbitration is conducted by a board on which all four brotherhoods are represented.

Immediately after learning the employees' position the president summoned the committee of managers and held a long conference with them. They left the White House to confer among themselves and the general understanding is that they discussed the advisability of withdrawing their "contingency" proposals and submitting a proposition "without strings," as demanded by the men.

#### May Accept Arbitration.

While representatives of the employees insisted that they had not yet agreed to arbitrate any feature of their differences there was a growing impression that arbitration, or some form of compromise, would be agreed upon.

At no time, it was said, did the representatives of the men indicate that unless their demands were granted unqualifiedly they would go on strike. Both sides refused absolutely to discuss their meeting with the president or venture any forecast on the probable outcome of the negotiations, but leaders of the two factions were optimistic that a strike would be avoided.

The president, it was declared, made no compromise propositions to either side. He merely listened to the employees' representatives and then talked with the managers and suggested that some concrete working basis be agreed upon before proceeding further.

\*\*\*\*\*  
PLAYING BOY DROWNS IN A JAR OF WATER.  
Big Sandy, Mont., Aug. 15.—While trying to reach for a toy that had dropped into a ten-gallon jar of water, Robert, one-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Hofsonmer, fell in. Life was almost extinct a few minutes later when he was found with his legs protruding from the jar. Efforts to revive him failed.  
\*\*\*\*\*

John P. St. John Very Ill.

Olathe, Kan., Aug. 15.—John P. St. John, former governor of Kansas and at one time presidential candidate on the Prohibition ticket, is critically ill at his home here. Six weeks ago while on a speaking tour he was prostrated at Jetmore, Kan.

#### Political Riot Fatal.

Havana, Aug. 15.—Two men were killed in a fight at a picnic of workmen on a plantation near Hanguito, Matanzas province. The trouble grew out of political enmities.

### LOUIS D. BRANDEIS.

Unable to Serve on the Mexican Joint Commission.



Photo by American Press Association.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Associate Justice Louis D. Brandeis of the supreme court informed President Wilson that because of the mass of business before the court he would be unable to accept the president's designation to serve on the joint commission which will attempt to solve the differences between the United States and Mexico.

## CAUCUS APPROVES REVENUE MEASURE

Washington, Aug. 15.—The administration revenue bill as amended by the senate finance committee was approved by the Democratic senate caucus and will be reported in the senate by Wednesday.

The measure, leaders estimate, will yield \$295,000,000 annually, an increase of \$7,500,000 over the estimated revenue as it passed the house.

Final approval of the measure was voted after the caucus, which began sessions on the measure a week ago, had debated the various sections exhaustively and had defeated many motions to alter the provisions inserted by the committee.

The bill also provides for the creation of a nonpartisan tariff commission.

### IN EVENT OF RAIL STRIKE

St. Paul Would Be Out of Coal Within Ten Days.

St. Paul, Aug. 15.—The supply of coal in St. Paul will not last more than ten days if a railroad strike is called.

This was the consensus of opinion of wholesale coal dealers, who have tried in vain recently to increase their stores. There is no immediate prospect for the supply being increased.

Sufficient coal is on hand for householders to last until cold weather unless they suddenly order unusual amounts. The big deficiency would be in soft coal, used for power purposes. The supply of soft coal on hand is small, many small manufacturing plants having only several days' supply.

### ROCKEFELLER PLAN FAILED

Miners in Colorado Return to Union Organization.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Aug. 15.—Delegates from the Rockefeller mines in Colorado were prominent at the opening of the annual convention of the State Federation of Labor here.

The miners of the Colorado Fuel and Iron (Rockefeller's) company are flocking back to the United Mine Workers' union.

Recent organization meetings in the Colorado coal fields have been attended by representatives of the Rockefeller company as well as the miners, whose union affiliations were condemned in the historic strike of 1913-1914.

\*\*\*\*\*  
SLAYER'S WIFE HIRES HIM FROM STATE.

Wentworth, N. C., Aug. 15.—Under a verdict returned here

J. W. Slaughter, former police chief in Draper, N. C., probably will be turned over to his wife as a convict laborer while he is serving a two-year sentence for manslaughter.

The jury stipulated that the state be given the privilege of hiring him out during his sentence and Mrs. Slaughter asked for the contract.

## SAID MANAGERS AGREE TO BASIC PRINCIPLES OF EIGHT HOUR DAY

But Demand that Question of Overtime Pay be Subjected to More Far Reaching Investigation

Garretson Estimates that Railroads Could be Tied up in Couple of Minutes if Strike Called

Great Strike Problem Being Threshed Out by Employees and Managers

(By United Press)

Washington, Aug. 15.—The burden of preventing the national railway strike this afternoon appeared to have been swung from the managers to the employees. During the managers' conference with President Wilson it is understood they agreed to the basic principles of an eight hour day but demanded that the question of overtime pay be subjected to a far more reaching investigation. The managers argue that both problems are so closely connected that they must be handled as one.

Strike Conference Suspends Movement

(By United Press)

Washington, Aug. 15.—On account of the threatened railway strike the war department has suspended indefinitely the proposed movement to the border of between 25,000 to 30,000 mobilized militia in state camps, who were last week ordered to the Mexican border.

Contracts for Mail But Not For Men

(By United Press)

Washington, Aug. 15.—A. B. Garretson, head of the conductors' brotherhood, estimates that all roads could be tied up within a couple of minutes if the strike is called. He was asked if the mails would be affected and answered "The railways have contracts for carrying the mails but not for the men. Why should we furnish the men for their contracts?"

### County Option Election Close

(By United Press)

Benld, Aug. 15.—The Beltrami county option election is close and the result is in doubt. 25 of the 88 precincts give the wet 1,150 and the drys 985. It is estimated that there were 3,380 votes cast as against 2,700 at the state primary in June.

Wheat Jumps 5 Cents at Close of Market

(By United Press)

Chicago, Aug. 15.—At the close wheat jumped 5 cents owing to the overestimating of the Russian crop surplus of 200,000,000 bushels.

Wheat Falls 2 Cents

(By United Press)

Chicago, Aug. 15.—Wheat fell 2 cents on account of continued rumors of the federal inquiry regarding price manipulation.

Double Header Three are Killed

(By United Press)

Washington, Aug. 15.—Three were killed and several injured in a double header wreck between freight trains on the B. & O.

Strike Discussion Still Continues at White House

(By United Press)

Washington, Aug. 15.—The railway managers and representatives arrived at the White House at 9:00 o'clock this morning to resume their conferences. Spokesman Elsha Lee carried a small portfolio, but it is not known whether this contained the proposition the managers will make to the president upon which the differences would be arbitrated or not. It is reported that President Wilson is determined to prevent a strike if a personal appeal to every railroad president and employee representative is necessary.

Make Preparations to Prevent Food Shortage

(By United Press)

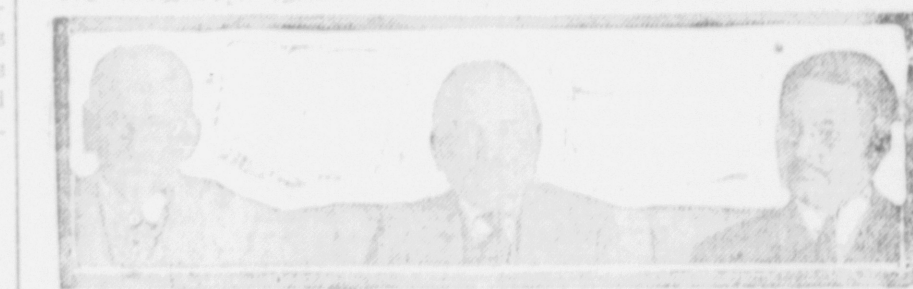
Chicago, Aug. 15.—Electric inter-urban lines are mobilizing their forces to help relieve the congestion if the railroad strike materializes. Some portions of the country are sufficiently electrified to prevent a food shortage.

Hughes Western Tour

(By United Press)

Spokane, Aug. 15.—Chas. E. Hughes is putting the personal pronoun in the pledges and promises he is making in his Washington speeches.

## Trying to Avert Great Railway Strike



W. L. CHAMBERS MARTIN A. KNAPP W. E. STONE



W. L. CHAMBERS MARTIN A. KNAPP W. E. STONE

Members of the Federal Mediation Board, Judge Martin A. Knapp, Judge W. L. Chambers, G. W. W. Hangar, with the consent of A. B. Garretson, chief of the Order of Railroad Conductors, W. E. Stone, chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and other heads of important organizations of railroad employees,

## FIRE TO GERMAN FIELDS TO AID STARVATION PLAN

(By United Press)

Berlin, Aug. 15.—It is reported that the allied military chiefs are attempting to aid the "starve out Germany" campaign by setting fire to the German harvest fields, the recent allied aviation raids being made with that purpose in view. The harvest fields were not sufficiently dried and although the bombs were dropped the fires failed.

FAIL TO PUNISH WILL BE PUNISHED

(By United Press)

Berlin, Aug. 15.—It is officially announced that Germany will punish Zeppelin crew for failure to punish the crew of the British steamer Baralong, who killed members of the German submarine crew after they surrendered.

BERLIN ADMITS BRITISH GAIN FRESH FOOTHOLD

(By United Press)

Berlin, Aug. 15.—It is officially admitted that the British have again gained a foothold in the German first line of trenches between Thiopval and Poizeres last night. Yesterday the Germans ejected the British from the positions they have regained.

ITALIANS CAPTURE TRENCHES

(By United Press)

Rome, Aug. 15.—An official report says that the Italians have captured several second Austrian trenches in sharp fighting west of Sangrado, taking 500 prisoners.

RUSSIANS PIERCE LINE

(By United Press)

Petrograd, Aug. 15.—An official statement says that the Russians have pierced the new Teutonic line on the Zlota Lipa river at a new point, crossing to the west bank of the river in an 18 mile advance from the upper Stripa.

### SENATOR SHERMAN.

Says Samuel Gompers is Public Nuisance.

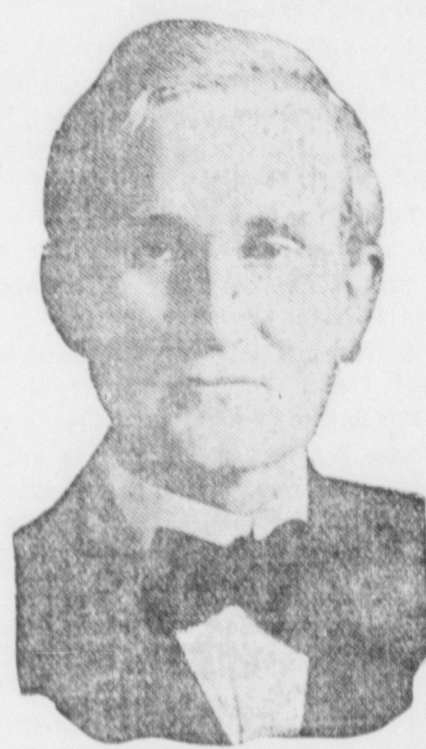


Photo by American Press Association.

Washington, Aug. 15.—President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor was characterized as a "public nuisance" by Senator Sherman of Illinois in a digression from a senate speech on the shipping bill.

"There is no more tyrannical, outrageous injustice than that of leaders who live on the sweat of other people's brows," said Senator Sherman. "Mr. Gompers is a public nuisance."

BOAT TURNS OVER 300 ARE DROWNED

(By United Press)

Paris, Aug. 15.—The Italian battle ship Leonard Avinch caught fire after several explosions on board and turned over sinking in the harbor at Taranto, says a Turin dispatch to the Petit Journal. The crew of 300 were drowned.

THE NEW TEUTONIC LINE IS GIVING WAY UNDER PRESSURE

(By United Press)

Petrograd, Aug. 15.—The new Teutonic line along Zlota to which Gen. Bothmer retreated from the river Stripa, is giving way under Russian pressure.

CAPTURE GERMAN TRENCHES

(By United Press)

Paris, Aug. 15.—An official report says that the French attack on the northeastern front at Verdun resulted in the capture of the German trenches on the 300 yard front to a depth of 100 yards.

BRITISH FORCE WAY

(By United Press)

London, Aug. 15.—An official statement says that the British have forced their way into the German trenches near the Cloquet farm, at Pozieres, and returned with 11 prisoners.

LOOK TO INDIANS FOR DYES

Investigators Seek Worth of the Red Men's Methods.

Bismarck, N. D., Aug. 15.—Discovery of methods employed by Indians in coloring, to determine whether they are adaptable to commercial use, is the object that has sent George E. Haupt of St. Paul and Dr. Gilbert Wilson of the American Museum of Natural History to Fort Berthold reservation, north of Bismarck. If the Indian processes are found adaptable to commercial use the discovery may prove of tremendous value because of the present dye shortage in the United States.

HUGHES TALKS AT SPOKANE

Ridicules Plan to Keep Out Foreign Made Goods.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 15.—Charles Evans Hughes told an audience in Spokane's stadium the proposed Democratic legislation against the dumping of foreign made goods in this country after the war is not worth the paper on which it was written.

"This piece of legislation," Mr. Hughes said, "would be as available as the piece of paper I hold in my hand, in effect, in protecting the American people in the economic war that will come when peace comes to Europe."

## AUSTRIANS ARE STILL RETIRING

Russians Following Up Enemy in Galicia.

### RAIN HAMPEES OPERATIONS

Artillery Duels Are the Only Signs of Activity Along the French and British Fronts in the West—Italians Gaining in Isonzo Region.

London, Aug. 15.—The Austrians and Germans in Galicia are still falling back before the advance of the Russians, who, according to Petrograd, have made additional gains along the Sereth and Zlota Lipa rivers and have captured the strongly fortified town of Tustobaby, northwest of the Dniester.

On the upper Sereth, however, the Teutonic allies at some points on their newly chosen line are holding back the Russians with a vigorous artillery fire.

Berlin says that south of Brody, on the Lub and Graberka sector, Russians who had penetrated Teutonic positions on the Sehoroff-Konpuay line northeast of Tarnopol were driven off and 399 of them taken prisoner.

According to Vienna a Russian attack southwest of Podkamien, near Brody, ended with the field before the Austro-German positions covered with Russian dead.

No change took place along either the British or French lines in France, had weather hindering the operations, which were confined almost exclusively to artillery duels.

According to Berlin the British have been expelled from trenches over a front of 700 yards southwest of the Thiopval-Poizeres sector which they occupied Sunday.

On the Isonzo front, according to Rome, the Italians have made still further advances against the Austrians along the Carso plateau and east of Hill 212.

In the latter sector another line of trenches was penetrated and more men were taken prisoner.

## GERMAN MILITARY CRITICS CAUTIOUS

London, Aug. 15.—A special cable to the Daily News from Rotterdam says Major Morath once more rebukes the easy optimism in Germany, which refuses to recognize the danger of the Russian offensive. Commenting, in the Berliner Tageblatt, with particular frankness on the latest Russian victories he writes:

"Brusiloff's attacks in the region of the Dniester are of strategic significance. His idea seems to be that if he cannot push directly through the armies in front of Lemberg he can force them into retreat by pushing back the neighboring armies. North of Lemberg this plan has thus far been unsuccessful, while south of the Dniester, we are told, regrouping of armies had not been completed when the Russians obtained their success."

"It is quite wrong to ignore the Russian attacks and say after every new event in a tone of superiority that this attack will, of course, be beaten off. Also it has an injurious effect on our own prospects when people assume they can perceive the plans of the most silent of all army leaders and assure each other that these obstinate Russian attacks will not have the slightest influence on Hindenburg's operations."

"That we shall finally be able to bring this Russian offensive to a standstill and perhaps even throw it back, we all hope, but we have a very difficult task in meeting the clever leadership of Brusiloff with his studious material in men and help of artillery from Japan and America."

Alleged Shortage Charged.

St. Paul, Aug. 15.—An alleged shortage of \$11,188.41 is charged to Ed F. Kelly as treasurer of the Faribault Fire Relief association in a report to Governor Burnquist by Deputy Public Examiner J. O. Cedarberg following an examination of the organization.

ROBS BANK AT POINT OF GUN

Police Search for Escaped Trusty After Daring Holdup.

Denver, Aug. 15.—Denver police are searching for Orval King, a trusty, who escaped from the county jail, in connection with the holdup and robbery of the First National bank of Englewood, a suburb. The robber got \$350, which he forced H. B. Patton, assistant cashier, to turn over at the point of a revolver. The robber escaped in a Denver taxicab.



**A. F. GROVES, M. D.**

Practice Limited to  
**EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT**  
Glasses Fitted Correctly  
Office Iron Exchange Building

**H. G. INGERSOLL, D. D. S.**  
**DENTIST**

Room 204 Iron Exchange Bldg.  
Brainerd, Minn.

**I. C. EDWARDS, D. C.**

CHIROPRACTOR  
Hayes Block, Brainerd, Minn.  
Phone 102 N. W. Lady Attendant

**DR. C. G. NORDIN**

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT  
Hayes Block, Cor. 6th and Laurel Sts.  
Brainerd, Minn.

**GEORGE A. TRACY**

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE  
Old Reliable Companies  
Hayes Building Brainerd, Minn.

**D. E. WHITNEY**

FUNERAL DIRECTOR  
710 Front Street

**THOMAS C. BLEWITT**

Lawyer  
Special Attention Given to  
Commercial Law and Collections  
217-218 Iron Exchange Building  
Brainerd, Minn.

**DRINK SCHMIDT'S MALTA**

An invigorating beverage, non-intox-  
icating. \$2.50 per case, delivered.  
Phone 435, James E. Brady Malta  
Co., 711 Laurel Street. \$2-m

**E. Z. Burgoyne**

INSURANCE OF ALL KINDS  
Room 11. 1st National Bank Bldg.

**ORDER FLOWERS**

From the  
**DULUTH FLORAL COMPANY**  
The largest and finest store in the  
Northwest, located on Duluth Floral  
Company goods and service.

**FOR PRIVATE DANCING PARTIES**

Lum Park Dancing Pavilion  
**FOR RENT**  
At Reasonable Terms

**Noble & Thorene**

Wall Paper and Paints. We handle  
Muresco, the best Wall Finish.  
321 S. 6th St.  
Both Phones

**THE WEATHER**

Weather Forecast for Next 24 Hours  
Generally fair tonight and Wed-  
nesday. Not much change in tem-  
perature.  
August 14, maximum 74, minimum  
49.

**LOCAL NEWS NOTES**

Louis Z. Zalk of Duluth, is in the  
city on business.

R. P. Hurd of Ironton, was a  
Brainerd business visitor.

Nettleton sells homes on credit. If  
Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Cobb are spend-  
ing three weeks at Nisswa.

E. A. Lamb of Deerwood, was at  
Brainerd on business Monday.

For pure ice phone Peoples Ice  
Co. Either phone. 286tf

Miss Adele Palmer of Deerwood,  
was a Brainerd visitor Monday.

A marriage license was issued to  
Fred Fisher and Jessie B. Creed.

For Spring Water Phone 264. If  
Miss Ethel B. Quinn visited Miss  
Eveline Syverson of Ironton, Sunday.

County Commissioner John A.  
Oberg of Deerwood, was in Brainerd  
Monday.

Gas, coal and wood ranges, the  
"Royal Expert" for sale at W. E.  
Lively. 531f

The Misses Lillian and Amy Gil-  
bertson have returned from a visit in  
Duluth.

Mrs. George E. Whitford of Mont-  
pelier, N. D., is visiting her mother in  
this city. 531f

Glasses properly fitted, Dr. Long.  
291tf

Alex George, of Duluth, was in  
Brainerd on business and visited with  
Tom Manauras.

August Bartons of Deerwood, was  
in town, the guest of his mother,  
Mrs. Edward Doppel.

Iron Exchange Hotel, meals 25c.  
Meal tickets \$5 for \$4.50. Ad-11

Mr. and Mrs. P. McGill have re-  
turned from Pine River where they  
visited their daughter.

A. W. Miller, secretary of the Cuy-  
una Range Power Co., of Deerwood,  
was in the city Tuesday.

For sale quick, 2 North Broad-  
way lots, \$550 cash. Other lot bar-  
gains. Nettleton. 6112

The Moose lodge will have a meet-  
ing Friday night to consider a  
change in their bylaws.

Duluth visitors in Brainerd were  
Mrs. W. R. Peyton, Miss M. Peyton  
and Mrs. G. L. Chesbrough.

**BROCKMAN'S FUR SHOP**

Furs Made to Order and Remodeled.  
306 South Broadway  
Phone, Northwest 534-J.

**TURCOTTE BROTHERS**

Fruits and Vegetables a Specialty,  
Groceries, Flour and Feed  
318-320 S. 6th St. Phone 254

Miss May Conroy, soliciting for  
the Children's National Tuberculosis  
Society, was in the city today.

A special meeting of the Trades  
and Labor assembly will be held this  
Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp.

Mrs. Ruby Swanson of Minneapo-  
lis, is visiting her cousins, the Misses  
Hannah and Mabel Swanson of this  
city.

Mrs. F. J. Sykora and Miss Hilde-  
gaard Koop of Brainerd are visiting  
relatives in Little Falls.—Trans-  
cript.

John A. Larson's men have re-  
ceived an increase of \$2.50 wages a  
month, Mr. Larson making the raise  
himself.

Miss Jennie Gordon, guest of Mr.  
and Mrs. Donald Quinnlivan, Deer-  
wood, has returned to her home in  
Minneapolis.

Ed Blake of Staples, was in the  
city Sunday. The former Brainerd  
man is now conducting a successful  
grocery at the division town.

Guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles  
Stadlbauer are her sisters, Mrs. R. H.  
Rehl, Mrs. J. Levine and Miss Ger-  
trude Peterson, all of Minneapolis.

S. P. Randall, head of the Brainerd  
Business College, and his brother,  
E. Randall of Kansas City, Mo., vis-  
ited the range and saw the mines.

R. Buchman, former Brainerd man  
now in business in Duluth, was a  
guest of Ed Levant and saw the  
Brainerd-Ironton ball game at Iron-  
ton Sunday.

For sale, 4 room house, 2 lots 80,  
6th St., water and lights, \$900, \$500  
cash. 5 room house, 2 lots, cor. 10th  
and Grove, city water, brick cellar,  
\$875. Little cash, \$12.50 or \$15  
monthly. 3 room house, 2 lots, S.  
5th St., \$550, \$8 or \$10 monthly.  
Other places, cash or easy. Nettleton.  
6112

Peter Cardle and family have re-  
turned from Minneapolis where he  
bought a car, and claims he made  
the trip, Minneapolis to Brainerd, in  
3 hours 45 minutes.

Miss Cora Lockhard, 15 year old  
daughter of G. O. Lockhard, was  
drowned at Cromwell. Mr. Lockhard  
is an N. P. brakeman formerly run-  
ning out of Brainerd.

\$5 or \$10 monthly invested by  
young men in big 50 foot lots N. E.  
at \$75 or \$100 will surely pay well.  
Inquire of Nettleton. 6212

A Ford and a Chevrolet collided  
head end on the country road below  
Fort Ripley and both will have to be  
scrapped as it was one of the most  
thorough collisions seen.

A baby girl, now named Louise  
Imogene, weight 8 1/2 pounds, was  
born to Rev. and Mrs. Bernard Camp-  
bell of Gainesville, Florida. Mrs.  
Campbell was formerly Miss Louise  
Doppel.

Farm loans for farmers by a farm-  
er. Have wealthy clients wanting  
loans in Polk, Marshall, Kitson, Red  
Lake and Pennington counties. Oth-  
ers accepted. R. R. Livingston. 541tf-331fw

Mrs. Edward Doppel has bought  
the Plummer farm near Brainerd,  
the forty acres being under cultivation  
and all necessary buildings being  
provided. To better supervise the  
farm Mrs. Doppel has bought a Dodge  
car.

Howard M. Currie, mechanical su-  
perintendent of the Northern Pacific,  
G. M. Gilman, master car builder,  
Erza B. Currie and Clarence Roach,  
all of St. Paul, took a one day side  
trip to Walker and enjoying the fish-  
ing there. They left Tuesday in  
their business car for an inspection  
trip west.

**Supremacy.**

"So you believe in the supremacy of  
the feminine will?"  
"I do," replied Mr. Meekton. "I eat  
anything the cook puts up and never  
think of offering an argument."—  
Washington Star.

**Our First Canal.**

America's first canal was dug at  
South Hadley, Mass., when Washing-  
ton was president. It was completed  
in 1796. That little waterway gave De  
Witt Clinton his idea for the canal  
across New York state—the greatest  
single impetus ever contributed to the  
upbuilding of a large city.

It was the Erie canal that gave New  
York the needed speed to pass Philadel-  
phia as the metropolis of this con-  
tinent.—Philadelphia Ledger.

**Slight Misapprehension.**

"Is your husband an altruist?"  
"I don't think so," replied young  
Mrs. Perkins, "and I almost hope no-  
body asks him to join. Charley has  
so many uniforms now that I can  
hardly take care of them."—Washing-  
ton Star.

**Platinum in Colombia.**

Platinum thrown away by early Span-  
ish explorers, ignorant of its value, of-  
ten is found in excavating foundations  
for new buildings in Colombia some-  
times in sufficient quantities to pay the  
cost of a building.

It's the things we shouldn't do at all  
that we never put off till tomorrow if  
we can do them today.

**THE DELINEATOR****15 Cents****The Fashion Authority of the World**

The Autumn "Butterick Quarterly" the Big Beautiful Style Book 25  
Cents a Copy Including any 15c Pattern. Butterick Patterns for  
September are Here,

**FREE--Butterick Fashion Sheets--FREE****Murphy's**  
THE STORE OF QUALITY

WE SELL  
WOMEN'S  
SHOES

WE SELL  
BUDD'S  
BABY SHOES

**AN ELEPHANT RIDE**

The First Try on a Padded Animal  
Is a Fearful Ordeal.

**FEELS LIKE AN EARTHQUAKE.**

And Resembles For a Time Trying to  
Sit on a Steep Slanting Roof—The  
Big Brutes Are Timid, and Little Pigs  
and Quicksands Terrify Them.

Elephant riding is a thing that, like  
guessing people's names correctly, re-  
quires a good deal of practice. The  
first ride is a thing never to be for-  
gotten, more especially if it happens  
to be on a pad elephant—that is to  
say, one that carries no howdah or  
seat of any kind except an immense,  
hard, lumpy mattress, which is fasten-  
ed on by four large rough ropes, pulled  
as tight as man's strength can pull  
them. If there are two or three other  
persons already mounted you get a cor-  
ner of this mattress to sit on and are  
told to hold on by the ropes.

Meanwhile the elephant is getting  
tired of kneeling and keeps making  
heaving motions unpleasantly sugges-  
tive of the sea. You strive wildly to  
get your fingers under one of the  
ropes and are asked impatiently if you  
are ready.

You do not feel at all ready or likely  
ever to be ready, for your seat is un-  
certain and slippery, and for the life  
of you you cannot get a fair hold on  
the rope.

Breaking your nails in a last de-  
perate effort, you say feebly that you  
are ready, when with a sudden jerk,  
that seems to drag all your bones out  
of their sockets, you are tilted up on a  
steep slope, about as pleasant to sit on  
as the side of a skate road.

But you have no time to enjoy the  
position, for there comes another foun-  
dering jerk that knocks your hat over  
your eyes and throws you violently  
against your next neighbor, after  
which you find your seat is level again,  
and it presently dawns upon you that  
this earthquake was, in truth, merely  
the elephant's customary way of ris-  
ing. He is now slowly and solemnly  
stalling onward, as you are aware by  
feeling your spine rhythmically and  
soundlessly dislocated at each noiseless  
step.

At first it seems to you as odd that  
you should ever come to like riding an  
elephant, as that eels should come to  
like being skinned, and your friend's  
assurance that you will ere long be  
able to dispense with the aid of ropes  
and go on chatting and even smiling  
while that colossal upheaval takes  
place falls on the ear as an idle tale.

Nevertheless it is the truth. Before  
a week is over you hardly notice the  
getting up or the kneeling down. You  
rarely take hold of a rope, and you are  
indifferent to almost any angle of  
slopingness. You learn to appreciate the  
restfulness of being on a colossus that  
will never stumble, never shy, never  
frolic and with whose guidance you  
have no more to do than you have with  
that of a ship at sea.

Even when an elephant is mischiev-  
ous he is so in a solemn, well-considered  
manner. He will not run away, though  
he will on occasion stride away, and a  
sufficient absurd sight it is, though not  
to those on his back.

I once saw an elephant try conclu-  
sions with his mahout and stride off  
defiantly in a wrong direction till the  
savage blows rained upon his head by  
the driver with his heavy iron hook  
made him change his tactics. He pulled  
up short and began rocking his body  
violently to and fro till first one rider  
and then another was sent flying until  
all were gone.

The sight of them strutting the  
ground around him and ruefully rub-  
bing their bruises assuaged his anger.  
An elephantine smile lit up his rugged  
face, and he once more rendered cheer-  
ful obedience to his mahout.

Considering his strength and size,  
the elephant is a timorous beast. They  
are greatly alarmed by small pigs, and  
I have known an otherwise sensible  
elephant utterly routed by a litter of  
piggies scampering between his legs  
in thick grass jungle.

Now, a pigling can never have hurt  
an elephant. Therefore whence his  
fear? Can it be their latent powers of  
squealing?

Certain it is that pigs share with  
quicksands the power of terrifying an  
elephant. His reasons for fearing  
quicksands are weighty ones, and it is  
impossible not to sympathize with the  
haze beast's agony of terror when he  
finds himself on unsound ground.

A spot was pointed out to us along  
the river bank at Fyzabad, where a  
year ago an elephant had got into a  
quicksand and been lost.

All that could be done to save him  
was done, but the treacherous sand  
would not forego its victim. Four  
days he took to sink out of sight, and  
then nothing could be seen of him but  
the tip of his trunk, still piteously  
beckoning in vain for help. At last  
the cruel and closed over that, and his  
last agony was ended.—St. Paul Pio-  
neer-Press.

**Some Pay More.**

The man was looking over the fam-  
ily bills as his wife glanced through  
the paper.

"Oh, John," she said, "it tells here  
of a young fellow who was fined \$6.99  
for flirting."

"That's cheaper than I got off," re-  
plied the man, his eye still on the bills.  
—Philadelphia Ledger.

Moderation is the silken string run-  
ning through the pearl chain of all the  
virtues.—Lafayette.

**EARLY ADVERTISING.**

Before and After the Advent of the  
Printing Press.

Advertising has now become a cus-  
tom so extensive in its application and  
of such vital importance that it is  
difficult to realize that it was ever  
possible to do any trading without it.  
Yet before the advent of the printing  
press and the newspaper there were  
many hundreds of years when there  
was no such thing as advertising as  
it is known today.

In ancient times merchants in Rome  
and Athens employed criers to go about  
the streets shouting out the quality and  
prices of their goods. Written notices  
serving as advertisements to call at-  
tention to an auction sale or a meeting  
were displayed on walls only occasion-  
ally. In the old days of London shop-  
keepers' clerks stood in front of their  
stores and called out their wares to  
passersby, prefacing their announce-  
ments with "What do you lack? What  
do you lack?"

One of the first newspaper adver-  
tisements of which there is authentic  
record was printed in the Mercurius  
Politicus, London, in January, 1632.  
It was a publisher's announcement and  
read as follows:

"Irenodia Gratulordia, an Heroick  
Poem," being a congratulatory panegy-  
ric for my Lord General's late re-  
turn, summing up his successes in an  
exquisite manner. To be sold by John  
Holden, in the New Exchange, Lon-  
don. Printed by Tho. Newcourt, 1632."

Here is another example of early  
London advertising:

"Two men beg to acquaint the public  
in general that they keep the cleanest  
barber shop in all London, where the  
people can have their hair cut for  
two pence, dressed for three pence and  
be shaved for one penny. One of these  
men can bleed and draw teeth very  
well. He bleeds both in the English  
and German method and is exceedingly  
careful."—New York Sun.

**Reckless.**

"Perhaps it is just as well that wives  
do not always know how husbands  
disburse their funds."

"How now?"  
"My wife would have a fit if she  
knew I spent my 15 cents lunch money  
for a sandwich and a ten cent cigar."—  
Pittsburgh Post.

**Improvements.**

"Now that you have leisure you can  
improve your mind."  
"I suppose so," replied Dustin Stax.  
"But a good mind is sometimes like a  
good piece of property. Overanxiety  
to improve it may spoil it."—Washing-  
ton Star.

Time is not money when you spend a  
dollar to save a penny.

**Some Queer Ones**

Brooklyn woman has offered \$5 re-  
ward for her lost husband.

Leading ornithologists now urge li-  
censes as household pets instead of cats.

In escaping from Newton (N. J.) jail  
two prisoners took away even the pad-  
lock that had secured their cell door.

Chicago man two hours late to work  
pleaded that his alarm clock was dead.  
It was a rooster that always woke him  
at 6 a. m.

Shortest son of the eleven children  
of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Jefferson  
Parker of Richmond, Va., is six feet  
four inches tall.

Highly moral policemen in Clevel-  
and have refused \$200 John D. Rocke-  
teller wanted to give them for helping  
Standard Oil in a labor trouble.

Biggest elephant in the St. Louis zoo  
keeps cool these days with a palm leaf  
fun tied to his tail. A system of elec-  
tric fans does the trick for the other  
animals.

**ANTI-PROFANITY CLUB IS  
FORMED IN OHIO TOWN**

As a Result, Language of Bucyrus Is  
Now 99 Per Cent Pure.

Several of the most respected citizens  
of Bucyrus, O., have formed what they  
call an "Anti-profanity club," and it is  
said the membership is constantly in-  
creasing.

It appears that these gentlemen who  
have taken the initiative in the estab-  
lishment of this organization have  
heretofore been addicted to the use of  
violent and picturesque language when  
things didn't go along smoothly. It  
appears that before this club was form-  
ed there was considerable rivalry in  
Bucyrus among the charter members  
as to which one could under stress  
emit the largest volume of sulphuric  
language in a given time without re-  
peating himself.

At last, however, the wives, daugh-  
ters, sisters and sweethearts of these  
naughty word jugglers shamed them  
into reform. The ladies pointed out to  
them the evil influence their profanity  
was sure to have on the rising genera-  
tion of the town and suggested that  
when a man resorts to profanity to ex-  
press himself it is an admission that  
his education in pure English has been  
neglected.

These arguments seemed reasonable,  
so the gentlemen who had been doing  
ground and lofty tumbling as to their  
use of pyrotechnical language got to-  
gether and formed the Anti-profanity  
club. Since then their language has  
been 99 per cent pure.

In lieu of the volcanic verbal eruptions  
which they formerly used each  
member of the club has been furnished  
with a list of mild and harmless ex-  
pletives to be used in case of emergency.  
Here are a few of these gentle and re-  
fined expletives:

"Mercy!" "Oh, goodness!" "La-  
la-la!" "Gracious sake!" "Gee-whill-  
ker!" "Dad-bing!" and "Ding-bust it!"  
"Ding-bust it" is regarded by the  
club members as perhaps the most  
forceful and expressive expletive in  
the list, and as a result there has prob-  
ably been more "ding-busting" done  
recently in Bucyrus than in any other  
town of the same population in the  
United States.

**Won't Let You Forget It.**

"Is he a real friend?"  
"I don't think so. He's always will-  
ing to lend money to you if you need  
it but he isn't afraid to ask you to pay  
it back if you don't show any signs of  
ever going to do so."—Detroit Free  
Press.

**Looking Ahead.**

"Here's my I. O. U. for \$10."  
"But you only borrowed \$5."  
"Oh, that's all right! If I don't bor-  
row the difference by next week re-  
mind me!"—Puck.

**AMUSEMENTS****Best Theatre**

TODAY

De WOLF HOPPER in

**"Sunshine  
Dad"**

And Ford Sterling in

**'The Snow Cure'****Empress Theatre**

TODAY

The Universal Wonder Serial

**"Peg O'  
the Ring"**

Featuring Francis Ford and

Grace Cunard

EPISODE NO. 9

101 Bison Feature Entitled

**"THE TORRENT  
OF VENGEANCE"**

And Gail Henry in a Comedy

**"A PERFECT MATCH"**

TOMORROW

Special Feature

**"THE NORTHWEST  
MOUNTED"**

Coming Friday, Sept. 1st

BILLIE BURKE in

**"Gloria's  
Romance"****A Losing Game.**

"The average man fifty years of age,"  
didactically began Professor Pate, "has  
eaten 16,000 pounds of meat, 17,000  
pounds of bread and 4,600 pounds of  
vegetables, drunk 7,000 gallons of  
liquid."

"And after going to all that expense  
and trouble," spoke up the old coddler,  
"he has been unable to build up a  
structure that has anything like the  
unqualified indorsement of his friends  
and neighbors."—Judge.

**A Prison Punster.**

"The close confinement," said the  
prison visiting justice to a hardened  
old convict, "must affect you greatly."  
"Yes," replied the facetious convict.  
"I find prison bars somewhat grating."

"Ah, life to you is evidently a failure,"  
was the visitor's further com-  
ment.

"Yes; it's nothing but a cell," said  
the convict.—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Tele-  
graph.

**Stability.**



**A. F. GROVES, M. D.**

Practice Limited to  
**EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT**  
Glasses Fitted Correctly  
Office Iron Exchange Building

**H. G. INGERSOLL, D. D. S.**  
**DENTIST**

Room 204 Iron Exchange Bldg.  
Brainerd, Minn.

**I. C. EDWARDS, D. C.****CHIROPRACTOR**

Hayes Block, Brainerd, Minn.

Phone 102 N. W. Lady Attendant

**DR. C. G. NORDIN****EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT**

Hayes Block, Cor. 6th and Laurel Sts.  
Brainerd, Minn.

**GEORGE A. TRACY****INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE**

Old Reliable Companies  
Hayes Building Brainerd, Minn.

**D. E. WHITNEY****FUNERAL DIRECTOR**

710 Front Street

**THOMAS C. BLEWITT****Lawyer**

Special Attention Given to  
Commercial Law and Collections  
217-218 Iron Exchange Building  
Brainerd, Minn.

**DRINK SCHMIDT'S MALTA**

An invigorating beverage, non-intoxicating. \$2.50 per case, delivered.  
Phone 435, James E. Brady Malta Co., 711 Laurel Street. 92-m

**E. Z. Burgoyne****INSURANCE OF ALL KINDS**

Room 11. 1st National Bank Bldg.

**ORDER FLOWERS**

From the  
**DULUTH FLORAL COMPANY**  
The largest and finest store in the Northwest, insist on Duluth Floral Company goods and service."

**FOR PRIVATE DANCING PARTIES**

Lum Park Dancing Pavilion  
**FOR RENT**  
At Reasonable Terms

**Noble & Thorene**

Wall Paper and Paints. We handle  
Muresco, the best Wall Finish.  
321 S. 6th St.  
Both Phones

**THE WEATHER**

Weather Forecast for Next 24 Hours  
Generally fair tonight and Wednesday. Not much change in temperature.  
August 14, maximum 74, minimum 49.

**LOCAL NEWS NOTES**

Louis Z. Zalk of Duluth, is in the city on business.

R. P. Hurd of Ironton, was a Brainerd business visitor.

Nettleton sells homes on credit. If Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Cobb are spending three weeks at Nisswa.

E. A. Lamb of Deerwood, was at Brainerd on business Monday.

For pure ice phone Peoples Ice Co. Either phone. 286tf

Miss Adele Palmer of Deerwood, was a Brainerd visitor Monday.

A marriage license was issued to Fred Fisher and Jessie B. Creed.

For Spring Water Phone 264. If

Miss Ethel B. Quinn visited Miss Evelyn Syverson of Ironton, Sunday.

County Commissioner John A. Oberg of Deerwood, was in Brainerd Monday.

Gas, coal and wood ranges, the "Royal Expert" for sale at W. E. Lively. 53tf

The Misses Lillian and Amy Gihlerson have returned from a visit in Duluth.

Mrs. George E. Whitford of Montpelier, N. D., is visiting her mother in this city.

Glasses properly fitted, Dr. Long. 291tf

Alex George, of Duluth, was in Brainerd on business and visited with Tom Manauras.

August Bartens of Deerwood, was in town the guest of his mother, Mrs. Edward Doppel.

Iron Exchange Hotel, meals 25c. Meal tickets \$5 for \$4.50. Ad 11

Mr. and Mrs. P. McGill have returned from Pine River where they visited their daughter.

A. W. Miller, secretary of the Cuyuna Range Power Co., of Deerwood, was in the city Tuesday.

For sale quick, 2 North Broadway lots, \$550 cash. Other lot bargains. Nettleton. 6112

The Moose lodge will have a meeting Friday night to consider a change in their bylaws.

Duluth visitors in Brainerd were Mrs. W. R. Peyton, Miss M. Peyton and Mrs. G. L. Chesbrough.

**BROCKMAN'S FUR SHOP**

Furs Made to Order and Remodeled.

306 South Broadway

Phone, Northwest 534-J.

**TURCOTTE BROTHERS**

Fruits and Vegetables a Specialty, Groceries, Flour and Feed

318-320 S. 6th St. Phone 254

Miss May Conroy, soliciting for the Children's National Tuberculosis Society, was in the city today.

A special meeting of the Trades and Labor assembly will be held this Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp. Mrs. Ruby Swanson of Minneapolis, is visiting her cousins, the Misses Hannah and Mabel Swanson of this city.

Mrs. P. J. Sykora and Miss Hildegaard Koop of Brainerd are visiting relatives in Little Falls.—Transcript.

John A. Larson's men have received an increase of \$3.50 wages a month, Mr. Larson making the raise himself.

Miss Jennie Gordon, guest of Mr. and Mrs. Donald Quilivan, Deerwood, has returned to her home in Minneapolis.

Ed Blake of Staples, was in the city Sunday. The former Brainerd man is now conducting a successful grocery at the division town.

Guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stadbauer are her sisters, Mrs. R. H. Rehl, Mrs. J. Levine and Miss Gertrude Peterson, all of Minneapolis.

S. P. Randall, head of the Brainerd Business College, and his brother, E. Randall of Kansas City, Mo., visited the range and saw the mines.

R. Buchman, former Brainerd man now in business in Duluth, was a guest of Ed Levant and saw the Brainerd-Ironton ball game at Ironton Sunday.

For sale, 4 room house, 2 lots So. 6th St., water and lights, \$900, \$500 cash. 5 room house, 2 lots, cor. 10th and Grove, city water, brick cellar, \$875. Little cash, \$12.50 or \$15 monthly. 3 room house, 2 lots, S. 5th St., \$550, \$8 or \$10 monthly. Other places, cash or easy. Nettleton. 6112

Peter Cardle and family have returned from Minneapolis where he bought a car, and claims he made the trip, Minneapolis to Brainerd, in 3 hours 45 minutes.

Miss Cora Lockhard, 15 year old daughter of G. O. Lockhard, was drowned at Cromwell. Mr. Lockhard is an N. P. brakeman formerly running out of Brainerd.

\$5 or \$10 monthly invested by young men in big 50 foot lots N. E. at \$75 or \$100 will surely pay well. Inquire of Nettleton. 6212

A Ford and a Chevrolet collided head end on the country road below Fort Ripley and both will have to be scrapped as it was one of the most thorough collisions seen.

A baby girl, now named Louise Imogene, weight 8 1/2 pounds, was born to Rev. and Mrs. Bernard Campbell of Gainesville, Florida. Mrs. Campbell was formerly Miss Louise Doppel.

Farm loans for farmers by a farmer. Have wealthy clients wanting loans in Polk, Marshall, Kitson, Red Lake and Pennington counties. Others accepted. R. R. Livingston. 54tf-33tfw

Mrs. Edward Doppel has bought the Plummer farm near Brainerd, the forty acres being under cultivation and all necessary buildings being provided. To better supervise the farm Mrs. Doppel has bought a Dodge car.

Howard M. Currie, mechanical superintendent of the Northern Pacific, G. M. Gilman, master car builder, Ezra B. Currie and Clarence Rosch, all of St. Paul, took a one day side trip to Walker and enjoying the fishing there. They left Tuesday in their business car for an inspection trip west.

**Supremacy.**

"So you believe in the supremacy of the feminine will?"

"I do," replied Mr. Meekton. "I eat anything the cook puts up and never think of offering an argument."—Washington Star.

**Our First Canal.**

America's first canal was dug at South Hadley, Mass., when Washington was president. It was completed in 1793. That little waterway gave De Witt Clinton his idea for the canal across New York state—the greatest single impetus ever contributed to the upbuilding of a large city.

It was the Erie canal that gave New York the needed spurs to pass Philadelphia as the metropolis of this continent.—Philadelphia Ledger.

**Slight Misapprehension.**

"Is your husband an altruist?" "I don't think so," replied young Mrs. Torkins, "and I almost hope nobody asks him to join. Charles has so many uniforms now that I can hardly take care of them."—Washington Star.

**Platinum in Colombia.**

Platinum thrown away by early Spanish explorers, ignorant of its value, often is found in excavating foundations for new buildings in Colombia sometimes in sufficient quantities to pay the cost of a building.

It's the things we shouldn't do at all that we never put off till tomorrow if we can do them today.

**THE DELINEATOR****15 Cents****The Fashion Authority of the World**

The Autumn "Butterick Quarterly" the Big Beautiful Style Book 25 Cents a Copy Including any 15c Pattern. Butterick Patterns for September are Here,

**FREE==Butterick Fashion Sheets==FREE****Murphy's**  
THE STORE OF QUALITYWE SELL  
WOMEN'S  
SHOESWE SELL  
BUDD'S  
BABY SHOES**AN ELEPHANT RIDE**

The First Try on a Padded Animal  
Is a Fearful Ordeal.

**FEELS LIKE AN EARTHQUAKE.**

And Resembles For a Time Trying to  
Sit on a Steep Slanting Roof—The  
Big Brutes Are Timid, and Little Pigs  
and Quicksands Terrify Them.

Elephant riding is a thing that, like guessing people's names correctly, requires a good deal of practice. The first ride is a thing never to be forgotten, more especially if it happens to be on a pad elephant—that is to say, one that carries no howdah or seat of any kind except an immense, hard, lumpy mattress, which is fastened on by four large rough ropes, pulled as taut as man's strength can pull them. If there are two or three other persons already mounted you get a corner of this mattress to sit on and are told to hold on by the ropes.

Meanwhile the elephant is getting tired of kneeling and keeps making heaving motions unpleasantly suggestive of the sea. You strive wildly to get your fingers under one of the ropes and are asked impatiently if you are ready.

You do not feel at all ready or likely ever to be ready, for your seat is uncertain and slippery, and for the life of you you cannot get a fair hold on the rope.

Breaking your nails in a last desperate effort, you say feebly that you are ready, when with a sudden jerk, that seems to drag all your bones out of their sockets, you are flung up on a steep slope, about as pleasant to sit on as the side of a slate roof.

But you have no time to enjoy the position, for there comes another fondering jerk that knocks your hat over your eyes and throws you violently against your next neighbor, after which you find your seat is level again, and it presently dawns upon you that this earthquake was, in truth, merely the elephant's customary way of rising. He is now slowly and solemnly stalking onward, as you are aware by feeling your spine rhythmically and soundlessly dislocated at each noiseless step.

At first it seems to you as odd that you should ever come to like riding an elephant, as that eels should come to like being skinned, and your friend's assurance that you will ere long be able to dispense with the aid of ropes and go on chatting and even smiling while that colossal upheaval takes place falls on the ear as an idle tale.

Nevertheless it is the truth. Before a week is over you hardly notice the getting up or the kneeling down. You rarely take hold of a rope, and you are indifferent to almost any angle of steepness. You learn to appreciate the restfulness of being on a colossus that will never stumble, never shy, never frettle and with whose guidance you have no more to do than you have with that of a ship at sea.

Even when an elephant is motionless he is so in a solemn, well considered manner. He will not run away, though he will on occasion stride away, and a sufficient absurd sight it is, though not to those on his back.

Once saw an elephant try conclusions with his mahout and stride off defiantly in a wrong direction till the savage blows rained upon his head by the driver with his heavy iron hook made him change his tactics. He pulled up short and began rocking his body violently to and fro till first one rider and then another was sent flying until all were gone.

The sight of them strewing the ground around him and ruefully rubbing their bruises assuaged his anger. An elephantine snuff fit up his rugged face, and he once more rendered cheerful obedience to his mahout.

Considering his strength and size, the elephant is a timorous beast. They are greatly alarmed by small pigs, and I have known an otherwise sensible elephant utterly routed by a litter of piglets scampering between his legs in thick grass jungle.

Now, a pigling can never have hurt an elephant. Therefore whence his fear? Can it be their latent powers of squealing?

Certain it is that pigs share with quicksands the power of terrifying an elephant. His reasons for fearing quicksands are weighty ones, and it is impossible not to sympathize with the huge beast's agony of terror when he finds himself on unsound ground.

A spot was pointed out to us along the river bank at Fyzabad, where a year ago an elephant had got into a quicksand and been lost.

All that could be done to save him was done, but the treacherous sand would not forego its victim. Four days he took to sink out of sight, and then nothing could be seen of him but the tip of his trunk, still piteously beckoning in vain for help. At last the cruel sand closed over that, and his last agony was ended.—St. Paul Pioneer-Press.

**Some Pay More.**

The man was looking over the family bills as his wife glanced through the paper.

"Oh, John," she said, "it tells here of a young fellow who was fined \$0.50 for sitting."

"That's cheaper than I got off," replied the man, his eye still on the bills.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Moderation is the silver string running through the pearl chain of all good things.

**EARLY ADVERTISING.**

Before and After the Advent of the Printing Press.

Advertising has now become a custom so extensive in its application and of such vital importance that it is difficult to realize that it was ever possible to do any trading without it. Yet before the advent of the printing press and the newspaper there were many hundreds of years when there was no such thing as advertising as it is known today.

In ancient times merchants in Rome and Athens employed criers to go about the streets shouting out the quality and prices of their goods. Written notices serving as advertisements to call attention to an auction sale or a meeting were displayed on walls only occasionally. In the old days of London shopkeepers' clerks stood in front of their stores and called out their wares to passersby, prefacing their announcements with "What do you lack? What do you lack?"

One of the first newspaper advertisements of which there is authentic record was printed in the *Mercurius Politicus*, London, in January, 1632. It was a publisher's announcement and read as follows:

"Trenodia Gratulatoria, an Heroick Poem," being a congratulatory panegyric for my Lord General's late return, summing up his successes in an exquisite manner. To be sold by John Holden, in the New Exchange, London. Printed by The Newcourt, 1632."

Here is another example of early London advertising: "Two men beg to acquaint the public in general that they keep the cleanest barber shop in all London, where the people can have their hair cut for two pence, dressed for three pence and shaved for one penny. One of these men can bleed and draw teeth very well. He bleeds both in the English and German method and is exceedingly careful."—New York Sun.

**Reckless.**

"Perhaps it is just as well that wives do not always know how husbands disburse their funds."

"How now?" "My wife would have a fit if she knew I spent my 15 cents lunch money for a sandwich and a ten cent cigar."—Pittsburgh Post.

**Improvements.**

"Now that you have leisure you can improve your mind."

"I suppose so," replied Dustin Stax. "But a good mind is sometimes like a good piece of property. Overanxiety to improve it may spoil it."—Washington Star.

Time is not money when you spend a dollar to save a penny.

**Some Queer Ones**

Brooklyn woman has offered \$5 reward for her lost husband.

Leading ornithologists now urge lizards as household pets instead of cats.

In escaping from Newton (N. J.) jail two prisoners took away even the padlock that had secured their cell door.

Chicago man two hours late to work pleaded that his alarm clock was dead. It was a rooster that always woke him at 6 a. m.

Shortest son of the eleven children of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Jefferson Parker of Richmond, Va., is six feet four inches tall.

Highly moral policemen in Cleveland have refused \$200 John D. Rockefeller wanted to give them for helping Standard Oil in a labor trouble.

Biggest elephant in the St. Louis zoo keeps cool these days with a palm leaf fan tied to his tail. A system of electric fans does the trick for the other animals.

**ANTI-PROFANITY CLUB IS FORMED IN OHIO TOWN**

As a Result, Language of Bucyrus Is Now 99 Per Cent Pure.

Several of the most respected citizens of Bucyrus, O., have formed what they call an "Anti-profanity club," and it is said the membership is constantly increasing.

It appears that these gentlemen who have taken the initiative in the establishment of this organization have heretofore been addicted to the use of violent and picturesque language when things didn't go along smoothly. It appears that before this club was formed there was considerable rivalry in Bucyrus among the charter members as to which one could under stress emit the largest volume of sulphuric language in a given time without repeating himself.

At last, however, the wives, daughters, sisters and sweethearts of these naughty word jugglers shamed them into reform. The ladies pointed out to them the evil influence their profanity was sure to have on the rising generation of the town and suggested that when a man resorts to profanity to express himself it is an admission that his education in pure English has been neglected.

These arguments seemed reasonable, so the gentlemen who had been doing ground and lofty tumbling as to their use of protechnical language got together and formed the Anti-profanity club. Since then their language has been 99 per cent pure.

In lieu of the volcanic verbal eruptions which they formerly used each member of the club has been furnished with a list of mild and harmless explosives to be used in case of emergency. Here are a few of these gentle and refined explosives:

"Mercy!" "Oh, goodness!" "Tada!" "Gracious sake!" "Gee-whilliker!" "Dad-bing!" and "Ding-bust it!" "Ding-bust it!" is regarded by the club members as perhaps the most forceful and expressive explosive in the list, and as a result there has probably been more "ding-busting" done recently in Bucyrus than in any other town of the same population in the United States.

**Won't Let You Forget It.**

"Is he a real friend?" "I don't think so. He's always willing to lend money to you if you need it but he isn't afraid to ask you to pay it back if you don't show any signs of ever going to do so."—Detroit Free Press.

**Looking Ahead.**

"Here's my I. O. U. for \$10." "But you only borrowed \$5." "Oh, that's all right! If I don't borrow the difference by next week remind me!"—Puck.

**AMUSEMENTS****Best Theatre**

TODAY

De WOLF HOPPER In

**"Sunshine Dad"**

And Ford Sterling in

**'The Snow Cure'****Empress Theatre**

TODAY

The Universal Wonder Serial

**"Peg O' the Ring"**

Featuring Francis Ford and  
Grace Cunard  
EPISODE NO. 9

101 Bison Feature Entitled

**"THE TORRENT OF VENGEANCE"**

And Gail Henry in a Comedy  
**"A PERFECT MATCH"**

TOMORROW

Special Feature

**"THE NORTHWEST MOUNTED"**

Coming Friday, Sept. 1st

BILLIE BURKE in

**"Gloria's Romance"****A Losing Game.**

"The average man fifty years of age," didactically began Professor Pate, "has eaten 16,000 pounds of meat, 17,000 pounds of bread and 4,000 pounds of vegetables, drunk 7,000 gallons of liquid."

"And after going to all that expense and trouble," spoke up the old codger, "he has been unable to build up a structure that has anything like the unqualified indorsement of his friends and neighbors."—Judge.

**A Prison Punster.**

"The close confinement," said the prison visiting justice to a hardened old convict, "must affect you greatly." "Yes," replied the facetious convict. "I find prison bars somewhat gratifying."

"Ah, life to you is evidently a failure," was the visitor's further comment.

"Yes; it's nothing but a cell," said the convict.—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

**Stability.**

Teacher—Define "stability." Tommy. Tommy—Stability is what a man has who takes care of a stable.—Exchange.



The boss knows every man in his employ. He is WATCHING every man. He is looking for some one who will help him to run a growing business after he feels like slowing up a little.

The young man with the BANK BOOK, who is earnest and on the job, will have a chance to buy a "partnership in the business" sooner than he thinks if he will only keep on working hard and BANKING his earnings.

Put YOUR money in OUR bank.

We Pay Interest on Time and Savings Deposits

**First National Bank**

Brainerd - - - Minn.

Established 1881

Capital and Surplus

One Hundred Thousand Dollars





## WOMAN'S REALM

### MRS. NANCY WICKS DEAD

Had Lived in Brainerd 26 Years.  
Death Resulted From Blood  
Poisoning

Mrs. Nancy Wicks, age 54, wife of William Wicks, of West Brainerd died from blood poisoning, the amputation of her finger, first infected, falling to save her life. She had lived in Brainerd the past 26 years. She leaves a husband, one son John age 16 and a daughter, Mary, age 14. Her two brothers are George and Benjamin Bettles, of Baraboo, Wis. Arrangements are being made for the funeral which will be held from the Catholic church.

### Church Wedding

Last evening promptly at eight o'clock at the Brainerd Methodist church, occurred the wedding of Miss Jessie Creed of this city and Fred Fisher, also of Brainerd, who were united in the holy bonds of matrimony by Rev. F. W. Hill, pastor of the church.

The altar was decorated for the occasion with a happy combination of sweet peas, golden glow and petunias completely surrounding the chancel railing.

When the hour for the ceremony arrived the church was filled with friends of the couple. Miss Mildred Farwell sang the beautiful solo, "Oh Promise Me." As the bridal procession came up the aisle and approached the altar the martial strains of Lohengrin's wedding march were played by Miss Gladys Nitterauer of this city, who also played the beautiful melody of "A Perfect Day" by Carrie Jacobs-Bond while the vows were being taken, the ring service being used. The bridal party left the church amid the triumphant strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March. They had scarcely reached the porch when they were showered with a veritable deluge of rice. A delightful confusion followed perhaps more to be enjoyed by the guests than the bride and groom. In the endeavor to spirit away the couple in an automobile, the bride was kidnapped and it looked as though the anticipated hopes and joys of the groom were to come to a sad end, when just as suddenly the bride was restored, placed in the car and amid showers of rice they were allowed to proceed on their way unmolested.

The bride who is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Creed, former pioneer citizens of Brainerd, was attired in a beautiful gown of blue silk poplin with embroidered lace wedding veil.

The groom is a man of sterling worth and has been in the employ of the Northern Pacific railway at the shops for the past fourteen years and is reported to be a man of considerable means. A bright future is prophesied for this happy couple. They will make their home in Brainerd. Heartiest congratulations of many friends are extended to them.

### On Being Natural.

The world has established certain standards of etiquette for those who would be recognized as well bred and cultured. The earlier in life these standards are adopted the better for the woman. Fortunately, indeed, is she who has cultivated early in life a soft voice, poise, grace of carriage and the "pretty" way of doing things. She need have no fear that in a moment of excitement she will forget herself and be guilty of a faux pas.

Absolutely destructive of naturalness in manner is self consciousness. This affliction amounts at times almost to an obsession. It causes women to shout who wish to speak low; it leads often to an assumption of bravado, causing criticism that may be unjust, but is invited and unavoidable.

It is a gentle art, the art of being natural; one that is essential to every woman who wishes to be regarded as interesting, attractive and popular. No woman with an ounce of brains will allow herself to become the victim of affectation if she would get the most that is possible out of life.

### Rich Strawberry Shortcake.

Two cupsful of flour, quarter of a cupful of sugar, four teaspoonfuls of baking powder, half a teaspoonful of salt, one egg, a third of a cupful of butter, one tablespoonful of lard and a third of a cupful of milk. Mix carefully, roll in two cakes and bake in two pie tins. When browned split and butter generously. Fill layers with fresh strawberries crushed in sugar, pile berries atop and over all pour a pint of sweet cream.

### Michelangelo's Attempt at Suicide.

Michelangelo after receiving a painful injury to his leg by falling from a scaffold while at work upon "The Last Judgment" became so melancholy that he shut himself in his room, refused to see any one and "resolved to let himself die." Fortunately his intentions were frustrated by the celebrated physician Baccio Rontini, who learned by accident of his condition.

### Entertained at Gull Lake

The "Aristomona" club was entertained by Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Peacock at their summer home at Gull Lake. Twenty-one were present. Out of town guests were Bob Duerr of Madison, Wis., the Misses Genevieve and Florence Johnson of St. Cloud, and Miss Esther Johnson of Alexandria. The amusements included swimming, boating, fishing, tennis, etc.

### Surprise Party

A surprise party given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Boppel for Rev. William Riemann, was attended by forty. The minister was 26 years old and was presented with a purse of silver.

### Ice Cream Social

The Ladies' Aid will give an ice cream social at the German Evangelical church, 311 East Bluff avenue, on Wednesday, August 16th, from 5 to 9 P. M.

### READY FOR GARDEN PARTY

Gay Silks In the Shape of  
Coats Garnish White Frocks.

With the vogue for white gowns comes the contrast of gay coats, hats and parasols. The picture shows a dashing garment of many colored bro-



HER BROCADE.

cade set off with patch pockets and belt of silk cord and tassels. Worn with a white net skirt and picture hat, this is the ultra outfit for outdoor functions.

### YOUR NEW BUNGALOW.

Hints About Furnishing the Small Summer Cottage.

There are many houses in excellent taste and more or less modern where the latest novelties in painted ware, furniture and the like are decidedly out of place, but just picture a dear little bungalow on squatty, colonial lines, each to be furnished with just these odd little painted bits of brightness.

If the hall seems a bit somber you may set on the table besides the white candle base lamp painted with birds and flowers and topped with a colored silk shade, a white rack of tin for letters. At first you might think it a toast rack, but you wouldn't want to put toast between flowers and birds in gaudy coloring. It's just the receptacle, however, for exciting things like letters.

Near a side door on a small table or from a hook on the wall place a bright green painted tin basket to hold the gardening tools. A garden hat of cretonne may hang from it. They will help in the decorative scheme.

In the sunniest window of the living or dining room you may have a white wicker flower stand. It is fitted with a tin trough which lifts out for refilling, watering of the plants, etc. An arch of white wicker extends over this box, and one can just imagine a small climbing rose finding its way along this trellis. A white bird cage is suspended in the middle directly above the plant box, where a silver throated canary may trill his loudest among the plants and flowers.

Right in the same living room or on the porch one may tuck this mending basket without any fear of its jarring on the artistic and critical eye. It is a nice, plump market basket of stout wicker, rather round as to shape. Two flaps of stiffened cretonne are edged with a cotton braid and maybe lifted up like the lids of a market basket. This will be found a dustproof hiding place for mending or light sewing when the outdoors beckons.

### Women Will Be Logical.

Mrs. Hoyle—Don't you think my boy is growing? Mrs. Doyle—Yes; he is pretty large for his mother's age.

## What Sympathy Effectuated

### A Labor Day Story

By BARBARA PHIPPS

"Papa," said Dora Quintard, "what is this I hear about a strike of the Quintard company's employees?" "I think a strike will be declared."

"What is the trouble between you and the men?"

"They want an advance of 10 per cent."

Now, Miss Quintard, daughter of the president of the Quintard Manufacturing company, instead of spending her time in social requirements gave it to the employees of the concern of which her father owned a controlling interest. She visited the sick, helped the women put their children in proper apparel, supplied needful provisions and otherwise ministered to their wants. While the father was absorbed in paying dividends the daughter was sympathizing with the workers.

"What dividends are you paying, papa?" asked Dora.

"Twelve per cent."

"What is a fair interest on money?"

"That depends. The government can borrow on as low as 2 per cent interest. A good railroad 5 per cent stock is usually worth par. Manufacturing stocks should pay from 6 per cent as a minimum indefinitely upward."

"What is the market price of Quintard stock?"

"One hundred and seventy."

"Supposing you should add 10 per cent to the men's wages, what dividends could you pay?"

"From 7 to 9 per cent, I think."

"And what would be the market value of the stock while you were paying, say 8 per cent?"

"That would vary in different manufacturing concerns. In our case, where we have a steady demand for our goods, a fair surplus and much money invested in the plant, the stock should sell at about \$130."

"You say that a railroad stock selling at par and paying 5 per cent is a fair investment. Isn't a manufacturing stock selling at \$130 and paying 8 per cent a better one?"

"That's a question for the investor. I should consider them about equally good. I, knowing all about the affairs of the Quintard company, would prefer to hold its stock at \$130 on an 8 per cent basis to a good railroad stock at par paying 5 per cent."

"Don't you think, papa, that you could grant this increase of wages and still give the capital invested in the company a fair dividend?"

"What a smart little puss!" said the father, embracing his daughter. "Why don't you set up for a walking delegate? You would easily prove to the operatives that they are being treated unfairly, that capital is getting the lion's share of the profit accruing from their labor. Having proved to them that they are entitled to 10 per cent advance, you could then prove that they should try for another 10, and so on, till the bubble bursts."

"What do you mean by the bubble bursting?"

"Suppose wages were to be increased till only a fair dividend is earned; nothing is laid up for supplies; the machinery wears out or new mechanical devices must be introduced to meet a reduced cost of manufacture. Or suppose a war breaks out and we are shut off from our foreign markets. Where are we? Stranded. Where are the operatives? Thrown out of employment. And you know what that means. It is starvation."

"Yes, papa, but you are paying 12 per cent dividends. How can you pay that and add to your surplus?"

"All investments are liable to turn out a loss of the capital involved. Manufacturing stocks are considered especially uncertain. It is difficult to get capital for them or to hold it when you have got it. To hold our capital in the Quintard company we have been paying out all our net earnings in dividends. My plan has been to do this till confidence is acquired and something more than our present dividends earned. Then I will reduce the dividends and place the reduction and the additional amount earned to surplus account. When I have provided a surplus sufficient to keep the stockholders from bolting and my men employed in case of a year of loss instead of profit I intend to pay higher wages—that is, if I see no more snags ahead."

"Why don't you explain that position to the employees as you have explained it to me?"

"Such a course would be impracticable for many reasons."

That was the end of the dialogue, but it was not the end of Miss Quintard's thoughts on the subject. She formed a plan to give to the employees what the president could not do officially—an inkling of the situation. She went to the women whom she had helped—those she could best trust—and gave them to understand that she knew it to be the best interest of the operatives that they should let well enough alone for the present, trusting to the president to get the business of the Quintard company into such condition that he could meet their demands without injury to them or the stockholders. These women talked to their husbands, and their husbands talked to the most influential operatives who in the Quintard works were the steadiest.

And so it was that trouble was averted by a girl who knew nothing about business, simply because she had gained a hold upon those in need by supplying their necessities and by her sympathy.

## VOTES IN CANADA

How Three Provinces Rapidly Got the Suffrage.

### POLITICS AND TEMPERANCE.

1916 Brings Success to Canadian Women After Years of Indifference—No Speaking in the Streets Allowed, a Forum Is Demanded.

Three Canadian provinces have this year given complete provincial suffrage and eligibility to women. "How did the women of Canada get the vote so quickly?" is the question asked Miss Inez Perry of Toronto. "Suffrage was as dead as the much famed doornail all over Canada," said Miss Perry. "Trying to arouse public opinion was just like beating one's head against a stone wall. I suppose you don't know in the United States about the queer discrimination we Canadians make against married women. Only widows and spinsters enjoy school suffrage in Quebec, and married women may not vote on tax questions in Ontario. In fact, the law rubs in its lack of confidence in married women in Ontario more than elsewhere, for it permits the husband of a woman who pays taxes to vote in her place and because of her tax qualification. In 1914 Toronto had a referendum on the question of the married women's right to vote, which showed two to one in favor, and, while the laws of Ontario are still stiffly opposed to suffrage, the demand for it is growing steadily. And the three powers that are shoving suffrage events right along in Canada are the temperance cause, the war and the wonderful woman of Canada, Mrs. Nelly McClung."

Miss Perry is a young, alert figure, full of life and energy. She, like many other Ontario suffragists, followed Lady Eaton into temperance manifestations. "Here also the war and temperance work and the suffragists worked together," explained Miss Perry, "for the war has pushed prohibition on as fast as it has pushed suffrage out into the light of day in the British colonies of North America. Yet when I asked Lady Eaton how she came to be so enthusiastic for temperance what do you think she told me? 'Just Billy Sunday; that's all. Your Billy Sunday had preached his famous 'booze' sermon, and she had heard it. She was immensely impressed with what he said. It seems as if the grouping of so many motives into one and voicing them through such a wonderful woman as Mrs. McClung is what has brought the vote to the western Canadian provinces and has given us new hope in Ontario.'"

Miss Perry explained how she became a suffragist. "My sister and I were just taking a quiet stroll in London when we saw a poor little handfull of about fifty suffragists being ridden down by more than a hundred police. It seemed so unfair to trample women down for what they honestly believed that it turned me into a strong suffragist that very day, and I came back to Canada to 'do my bit.' One of the things we are working for right now in Toronto is a people's forum. We can't speak in the streets there. One of our first speakers is to be Mr. Poulteney Bigelow from your side of the boundary."

### Pin Money.

Look about in the shops now to see what new utensils you desire this spring. Set aside whatever sum of money you can spend, be it counted in dollars or cents, and with it buy some utensils to make housework easier. Perhaps a strawberry huller will come in for your choice, with a pineapple eye remover too. Perhaps what you most desire will be an awning for some given window or porch that has heretofore always been too sunny. Whatever it is, shop for it wisely and get it if you can afford it.

### Needlework Notes.

Fascinating workbags, made of Austrian handkerchiefs such as the peasants wear for headresses, are being shown. The handkerchief is of a large size in cream white and has a border of purple plums and green leaves. The bags are half moon in shape and sixteen inches deep and are shirred on oblong wooden frames, which form the handles.

### Smocking on Aprons.

Daintiness itself is an apron made of silk muslin, the fullness of which is confined by smocking instead of gathers. The smocking is arranged in five points, and a slight touch of color can be introduced by using a faint shade of blue or pink thread for the smocking.



MISS INEZ PERRY.

## A PICTURE PLAYWRIGHT

By F. A. MITCHEL.

One morning a man bearing a passport signifying that he was a citizen of Holland appeared in the rear of the German lines and asked permission to go through into Belgium. He was taken before Colonel Diedrich, who was charged with the examination of those desiring to pass out of Germany to discover if they bore any information that the government would not care to have carried out of the country.

The traveler—Van Gassboch was the name entered on his passport—was led to the quarters of the colonel, carrying a suit case, his only baggage.

"Open it," said the officer, pointing to the suit case.

Van Gassboch laid open the case, and the colonel directed a soldier to dump the contents on a table. This done, the colonel drew a chair near the pile and, taking up each article it contained, scrutinized it minutely. There were some linen, brushes and combs and other toilet articles. These he laid aside and, coming to a roll of manuscript, pounced upon it suspiciously.

"What is this?" he asked, removing it from the envelope containing it.

"A scenario for a picture play."

The colonel turned over one page after another, not reading them, but looking for what might indicate matter covering information of the German situation.

"What are these drawings?" he asked.

"Suggestions for scenery to be produced in the play," was the reply.

"What is this—a Zeppelin?"

"No, colonel; that is intended to represent a cloud."

"I'm; you Dutchmen know nothing about art."

"I don't pretend to be an artist. As I have told you, colonel, these are merely suggestions. They are intended to indicate to the artist what is required."

"I should think so. Well, I must read this manuscript, and I cannot do so at once, so you must wait."

"That is to be expected, only I trust that you will not keep me waiting any longer than absolutely necessary."

With this Van Gassboch was taken to a place where he was kept under guard till the next day, when he was again led to Colonel Diedrich's quarters. The colonel seemed during the interval to have thawed somewhat. His manner was more friendly.

"I did not understand yesterday," he said, "why you came to Germany to write your picture play. The theme explains it. Where could you get the material to present a play based on the Faust of the immortal Goethe except in the fatherland? Your play will be a wonder. I have read it all. That scene where Faust goes down to hell will be very impressive when photographed."

"It is intended to be vivid."

"But why do you make the principal scenes among mountains?"

"Because mountains are so much more impressive than plains."

"I see. Nothing better represents the supernatural than the Jungfrau."

"Or Mont Blanc."

"Ach, Mont Blanc is killed by its French name. The Jungfrau has the proper sound. But here"—referring to one of the pictures—"is something I don't understand. It looks more like a diagram than anything else."

"It is a diagram—a diagram of the famous garden scene between Faust and Marguerite."

"Marguerite! Neln! Gretchen."

"You are right, colonel. I was thinking of Gounod's opera."

"Ach, Gounod was not the man to write an opera on this theme."

"It should have been Wagner."

"Yah, Wagner; the immortal Wagner!" And the colonel's eye lighted with enthusiasm.

"The picture play will have the German coloring throughout."

"That is good!"

"And the heroine will be named Gretchen."

"That is good too!"

"And Mephistopheles will be called 'der teufel.'"

"That is very good!"

"Well, colonel, may I go through?"

At this the practical side of the colonel reasserted itself. His enthusiastic smile subsided into a severer look, and he hesitated. Then he took the manuscript to a fireplace, separated the sheets and held them near the flame. He was testing for something written in acid that would come out when exposed to warmth. Nothing appeared, and, stepping to a case representing a miniature drug store, he applied the contents of several different bottles to the paper. Finally, being satisfied, he permitted Van Gassboch to pass through the lines with his scenario, his linen and his brushes.

No sooner had the playwright passed the lines than he began to talk Italian, eschewing the Dutch language entirely. After being closeted for some time with a French officer high in command he hurried to the south of France and thence into Italy, handing his picture play to the commander of the Italian armies. Every tenth word in it made up a message giving military information. The pictures, when explained by a key, gave numbers of men at different points and munitions of war. "The garden scene" was a manufactory of Zeppelins, and Faust going down into hell represented the strongest Austrian position confronting the Italians.

Purpose of Boy Scout Movement. "The work of this organization is toward the right kind of preparedness," said Governor Whitman to the scout masters of the Boy Scouts of America in a recent address in New York city. "I know that you are not primarily trying to make soldiers out



RALPH MAYER, BOY SCOUT.

of these boys, whom we have seen with so much interest today. I know that that was not the original intention and is not. I know that the real purpose is to make men out of these boys, and the right kind of men—the kind of men who are going to make the right kind of citizens."

The boy scout standing at attention in the picture is Ralph Mayer of Pittsburgh. He is an honor scout.

### Charade.

My best is made by many cooks. Or my whole perhaps you say the same.

Though the recipe's not in all cook-books.

Answer—Hoe, cake-hoe-cake.

### What Counts.

Grubbs—I met a man today who can draw his check for a million. Stubbs—That's nothing. I met a man who can draw his check for ten and actually get it cashed.—Richmond Times-Dispatch

### His Works.

"He never works, does he?"

"Oh, yes; he works any one he can for anything he can!"



While You are Shopping, Come in and Hear the

## New Edison Diamond Amberola

The World's Universal Musical Instrument

Listen to the latest popular songs of the day. Hear the new dance records, listen to the new band selections, some fine vaudeville records too.

You Will be Refreshed by this  
Delightful Music

## Folsom Music Co.

220 S. Broadway Brainerd

Price Service Quality

## MAYR'S WONDERFUL REMEDY For STOMACH trouble ONE DOSE WILL CONVINCE

Gall Stones, Cancer and Ulcers of the Stomach and Intestines, Auto-Intoxication, Yellow Jaundice, Appendicitis and other fatal ailments result from Stomach Trouble. Thousands of Stomach Sufferers owe their complete recovery to Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. Unlike any other for Stomach Ailments. For sale by Johnson's Pharmacy, and all other reliable druggists everywhere.

## A Hacking Cough Weakens the System

Don't suffer with a hacking cough that has weakened your system—get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery. In use over 40 years, and benefiting all who use it, the soothing pine balsam with tar heal the irritated air passages—soothe the raw spots, loosen the mucous and prevents racking the body with coughing. Dr. King's New Discovery induces natural sleep and aids nature to cure you. Sold by all druggists—Advt tta

## DANCE

TUESDAY NIGHT  
August 15

## AT LUM PARK

GOOD MUSIC

Enjoy the Lake Breezes

## White Bros.

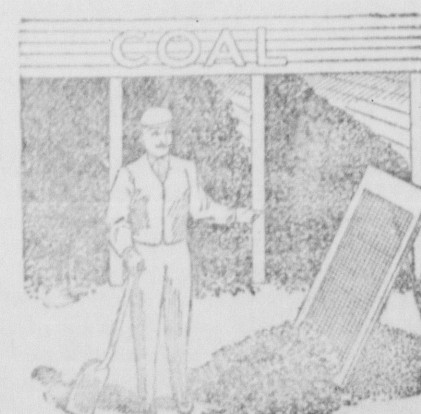
Lawn Mowers ..... \$3.25 to \$12.00  
Grass Catchers ..... \$1.25 to \$1.35  
Lawn Hose, per foot ..... 10c to 18c  
Lawn Rakes ..... 50c

Garden Tools of all kinds  
Refrigerators, all Prices  
Fishing Tackle of all kinds  
Boat Oars and Canoe Paddles  
Pearl Wire Cloth, 16 mesh for your new cottage and porch.  
Express and Coaster Wagons

Tel. 57

:-:

616 Laurel St.



## WHICH SIDE OF THE SCREEN

Does your coal come from. Our coal is all carefully inspected before we accept it—is yours? Our coal has no slag or dirt, or in fact any foreign material to add to the weight or detract from the heating quality. We take good care of our trade at all times.

JOHN LARSON



## WOMAN'S REALM

### MRS. NANCY WICKS DEAD

Had Lived in Brainerd 26 Years.  
Death Resulted From Blood  
Poisoning

Mrs. Nancy Wicks, age 54, wife of William Wicks, of West Brainerd died from blood poisoning, the amputation of her finger, first infected, failing to save her life. She had lived in Brainerd the past 26 years. She leaves a husband, one son John age 16 and a daughter, Mary, age 14. Her two brothers are George and Benjamin Bettes, of Baraboo, Wis. Arrangements are being made for the funeral which will be held from the Catholic church.

### Church Wedding

Last evening promptly at eight o'clock at the Brainerd Methodist church, occurred the wedding of Miss Jessie Creed of this city and Fred Fisher, also of Brainerd, who were united in the holy bonds of matrimony by Rev. F. W. Hill, pastor of the church.

The altar was decorated for the occasion with a happy combination of sweet peas, golden glow and petunias completely surrounding the chancel railing.

When the hour for the ceremony arrived the church was filled with friends of the couple. Miss Mildred Farwell sang the beautiful solo, "Oh Promise Me." As the bridal procession came up the aisle and approached the altar the martial strains of Lohengrin's wedding march were played by Miss Gladys Nitterauer of this city, who also played the beautiful melody of "A Perfect Day" by Carrie Jacobs-Bond while the vows were being taken, the ring service being used. The bride party left the church amid the triumphant strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March. They had scarcely reached the porch when they were showered with a veritable deluge of rice. A delightful confusion followed perhaps more to be enjoyed by the guests than the bride and groom. In the endeavor to spirit away the couple in an automobile, the bride was kidnapped and it looked as though the anticipated hopes and joys of the groom were to come to a sad end, when just as suddenly the bride was restored, placed in the car and amid showers of rice they were allowed to proceed on their way unmolested.

The bride who is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Creed, former pioneer citizens of Brainerd, was attired in a beautiful gown of blue silk poplin with embroidered lace wedding veil.

The groom is a man of sterling worth and has been in the employ of the Northern Pacific railway at the shops for the past fourteen years and is reported to be a man of considerable means. A bright future is prophesied for this happy couple. They will make their home in Brainerd. Heartiest congratulations of many friends are extended to them.

### On Being Natural.

The world has established certain standards of etiquette for those who would be recognized as well bred and cultured. The earlier in life these standards are adopted the better for the woman. Fortunately, indeed, is she who has cultivated early in life a soft voice, poised grace of carriage and the "pretty" way of doing things. She need have no fear that in a moment of excitement she will forget herself and be guilty of a faux pas.

Absolutely destructive of naturalness in manner is self-consciousness. This affliction amounts at times almost to an obsession. It causes women to shout who wish to speak low; it leads often to an assumption of bravado, causing criticism that may be unjust, but is invited and unavoidable.

It is a gentle art, the art of being natural; one that is essential to every woman who wishes to be regarded as interesting, attractive and popular. No woman with an ounce of brains will allow herself to become the victim of affectation if she would get the most that is possible out of life.

### Rich Strawberry Shortcake.

Two cupsful of flour, quarter of a cupful of sugar, four teaspoonfuls of baking powder, half a teaspoonful of salt, one egg, a third of a cupful of butter, one tablespoonful of lard and a third of a cupful of milk. Mix carefully, roll in two cakes and bake in two pie tins. When browned split and butter generously, fill layers with fresh strawberries crushed in sugar, pile berries atop and over all pour a pint of sweet cream.

**Michelangelo's Attempt at Suicide.**  
Michelangelo after receiving a painful injury to his leg by falling from a scaffold while at work upon "The Last Judgment" became so melancholy that he shut himself in his room, refused to see any one and "resolved to let himself die." Fortunately his intentions were frustrated by the celebrated physician Baccio Rontini, who learned by accident of his condition.

### Entertained at Gull Lake

The "Aristonoma" club was entertained by Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Peacock at their summer home at Gull Lake. Twenty-one were present. Out of town guests were Bob Duerr of Madison, Wis., the Misses Genevieve and Florence Johnson of St. Cloud, and Miss Esther Johnson of Alexandria. The amusements included swimming, boating, fishing, tennis, etc.

### Surprise Party

A surprise party given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Boppel for Rev. William Riemann, was attended by forty. The minister was 26 years old and was presented with a purse of silver.

### Ice Cream Social

The Ladies' Aid will give an ice cream social at the German Evangelical church, 311 East Bluff avenue, on Wednesday, August 16th, from 5 to 9 P. M.

### READY FOR GARDEN PARTY

Gay Silks in the Shape of  
Coats Garnish White Frocks.

With the vogue for white gowns comes the contrast of gay coats, hats and parasols. The picture shows a dashing garment of many colored bro-



HER BROCADE.

cade set off with patch pockets and belt of silk cord and tassels. Worn with a white net skirt and picture hat, this is the ultra outfit for outdoor functions.

### YOUR NEW BUNGALOW.

Hints About Furnishing the Small Summer Cottage.

There are many houses in excellent taste and more or less modern where the latest novelties in painted ware, furniture and the like are decidedly out of place, but just picture a dear little bungalow on squatty, colonial lines achingly to be furnished with just these odd little painted bits of brightness.

If the hall seems a bit somber you may set on the table besides the white candle base lamp painted with birds and flowers and topped with a colored silk shade, a white rack of tin for letters. At first you might think it a toast rack, but you wouldn't want to put toast between flowers and birds in gaudy coloring. It's just the receptacle, however, for exciting things like letters.

Near a side door on a small table or from a hook on the wall place a bright green painted tin basket to hold the gardening tools. A garden hat of cretonne may hang from it. They will help in the decorative scheme.

In the sunniest window of the living or dining room you may have a white wicker flower stand. It is fitted with a tin trough which lifts out for refilling, watering of the plants, etc. An arch of white wicker extends over this box, and one can just imagine a small climbing rose finding its way along this trellis. A white bird cage is suspended in the middle directly above the plant box, where a silver throated canary may trill his loudest among the plants and flowers.

Right in the same living room or on the porch one may tuck this mending basket without any fear of its jarring on the artistic and critical eye. It is a nice, plump market basket of stout wicker, rather round as to shape. Two flaps of stiffened cretonne are edged with a cotton braid and maybe lifted up like the lids of a market basket. This will be found a dustproof hiding place for mending or light sewing when the outdoors beckons.

### Women Will Be Logical.

Mrs. Hoyle—Don't you think my boy is growing? Mrs. Doyle—Yes; he is pretty large for his mother's age.

## What Sympathy Effectuated

A Labor Day Story  
By BARBARA PHIPPS

"Papa," said Dora Quintard, "what is this I hear about a strike of the Quintard company's employees?"  
"I think a strike will be declared."  
"What is the trouble between you and the men?"  
"They want an advance of 10 per cent."

Now, Miss Quintard, daughter of the president of the Quintard Manufacturing company, instead of spending her time in social requirements gave it to the employees of the concern of which her father owned a controlling interest. She visited the sick, helped the women put their children in proper apparel, supplied needful provisions and otherwise ministered to their wants. While the father was absorbed in paying dividends the daughter was sympathizing with the workers.

"What dividends are you paying, papa?" asked Dora.

"Twelve per cent."  
"What is a fair interest on money?"  
"That depends. The government can borrow on as low as 2 per cent interest. A good railroad 5 per cent stock is usually worth par. Manufacturing stocks should pay from 6 per cent as a minimum indefinitely upward."

"What is the market price of Quintard stock?"

"One hundred and seventy."

"Supposing you should add 10 per cent to the men's wages, what dividends could you pay?"

"From 7 to 9 per cent, I think."

"And what would be the market value of the stock while you were paying, say 8 per cent?"

"That would vary in different manufacturing concerns. In our case, where we have a steady demand for our goods, a fair surplus and much money invested in the plant, the stock should sell at about \$130."

"You say that a railroad stock selling at par and paying 5 per cent is a fair investment. Isn't a manufacturing stock selling at \$130 and paying 8 per cent a better one?"

"That's a question for the investor. I should consider them about equally good. I, knowing all about the affairs of the Quintard company, would prefer to hold its stock at \$130 on an 8 per cent basis to a good railroad stock at par paying 5 per cent."

"Don't you think, papa, that you could grant this increase of wages and still give the capital invested in the company a fair dividend?"

"What a smart little puss!" said the father, embracing his daughter. "Why don't you set up for a walking delegate? You would easily prove to the operatives that they are being treated unfairly, that capital is getting the lion's share of the profit accruing from their labor. Having proved to them that they are entitled to 10 per cent advance, you could then prove that they should try for another 10, and so on, till the bubble burst."

"What do you mean by the bubble bursting?"

"Suppose wages were to be increased till only a fair dividend is earned; nothing is laid up for supplies; the machinery wears out or new mechanical devices must be introduced to meet a reduced cost of manufacture. Or suppose a war breaks out and we are shut off from our foreign markets. Where are we? Stranded. Where are the operatives? Thrown out of employment. And you know what that means. It is starvation."

"Yes, papa, but you are paying 12 per cent dividends. How can you pay that and add to your surplus?"

"All investments are liable to turn out a loss of the capital involved. Manufacturing stocks are considered especially uncertain. It is difficult to get capital for them or to hold it when you have got it. To hold our capital in the Quintard company we have been paying out all our net earnings in dividends. My plan has been to do this till confidence is acquired and something more than our present dividends earned. Then I will reduce the dividends and place the reduction and the additional amount earned to surplus account. When I have provided a surplus sufficient to keep the stockholders from bolting and my men employed in case of a year of loss instead of profit I intend to pay higher wages—that is, if I see no more snags ahead."

"Why don't you explain that position to the employees as you have explained it to me?"

"Such a course would be impracticable for many reasons."  
That was the end of the dialogue, but it was not the end of Miss Quintard's thoughts on the subject. She formed a plan to give to the employees what the president could not do officially—an inkling of the situation. She went to the women whom she had helped—those she could best trust—and gave them to understand that she knew it to be the best interest of the operatives that they should let well enough alone for the present, trusting to the president to get the business of the Quintard company into such condition that he could meet their demands without injury to them or the stockholders. These women talked to their husbands, and their husbands talked to the most influential operatives who in the Quintard works were the steadiest.

And so it was that trouble was averted by a girl who knew nothing about business, simply because she had gained a hold upon those in need by supplying their necessities and by her sympathy.

## VOTES IN CANADA

How Three Provinces Rapidly Got  
the Suffrage.

### POLITICS AND TEMPERANCE.

1916 Brings Success to Canadian Women After Years of Indifference—No Speaking in the Streets Allowed, a Forum Is Demanded.

Three Canadian provinces have this year given complete provincial suffrage and eligibility to women. "How did the women of Canada get the vote so quickly?" is the question asked Miss Inez Perry of Toronto. "Suffrage was as dead as the much famed doornail all over Canada," said Miss Perry. "Trying to arouse public opinion was just like beating one's head against a stone wall. I suppose you don't know in the United States about the queer discrimination we Canadians make against married women. Only widows and spinsters enjoy school suffrage in Quebec, and married women may not vote on tax questions in Ontario. In fact, the law rubs in its lack of confidence in married women in Ontario more than elsewhere, for it permits the husband of a woman who pays taxes to vote in her place and because of her tax qualification. In 1914 Toronto had a referendum on the question of the married women's right to vote, which showed two to one in favor, and while the laws of Ontario are still stiffly opposed to suffrage, the demand for it is growing steadily. And the three powers that are shoving suffrage events right along in Canada are the temperance cause, the war and the wonderful woman of Canada, Mrs. Nelly McClung."



MISS INEZ PERRY.

Miss Perry is a young, alert figure, full of life and energy. She, like many other Ontario suffragists, followed Lady Eaton into temperance manifestations. "Here also the war and temperance work and the suffragists worked together," explained Miss Perry, "for the war has pushed prohibition on as fast as it has pushed suffrage out into the light of day in the British colonies of North America. Yet when I asked Lady Eaton how she came to be so enthusiastic for temperance what do you think she told me? 'Just Billy Sunday; that's all. Your Billy Sunday had preached his famous 'booze' sermon, and she had heard it. She was immensely impressed with what he said. It seems as if the grouping of so many motives into one and voicing them through such a wonderful woman as Mrs. McClung is what has brought the vote to the western Canadian provinces and has given us new hope in Ontario."

Miss Perry explained how she became a suffragist. "My sister and I were just taking a quiet stroll in London when we saw a poor little handfull of about fifty suffragists being ridden down by more than a hundred police. It seemed so unfair to trample women down for what they honestly believed that it turned me into a strong suffragist that very day, and I came back to Canada to 'do my bit.' One of the things we are working for right now in Toronto is a people's forum. We can't speak in the streets there. One of our first speakers is to be Mr. Poulteney Bigelow from your side of the boundary."

### Pin Money.

Look about in the shops now to see what new utensils you desire this spring. Set aside whatever sum of money you can spend, be it counted in dollars or cents, and with it buy some utensils to make housework easier. Perhaps a strawberry butter will come in for your choice, with a pineapple eye remover too. Perhaps what you most desire will be an awning for some given window or porch that has heretofore always been too sunny. Whatever it is, shop for it wisely and get it if you can afford it.

### Needlework Notes.

Fascinating workbags, made of Austrian handkerchiefs such as the penants wear for headresses, are being shown. The handkerchief is of a large size in cream white and has a border of purple plums and green leaves. The bags are half moon in shape and sixteen inches deep and are shirred on oblong wooden frames, which form the handles.

### Smocking on Aprons.

Daintiness itself is an apron made of silk muslin, the fullness of which is confined by smocking instead of gathers. The smocking is arranged in five points, and a slight touch of color can be introduced by using a faint shade of blue or pink thread for the smocking.

## A PICTURE PLAYWRIGHT

By F. A. MITCHEL

One morning a man bearing a passport signifying that he was a citizen of Holland appeared in the rear of the German lines and asked permission to go through into Belgium. He was taken before Colonel Dietrich, who was charged with the examination of those desiring to pass out of Germany to discover if they bore any information that the government would not care to have carried out of the country.

The traveler—Van Gassboch was the name entered on his passport—was led to the quarters of the colonel, carrying a suitcase, his only baggage.

"Open it," said the officer, pointing to the suitcase.

Van Gassboch laid open the case, and the colonel directed a soldier to dump the contents on a table. This done, the colonel drew a chair near the pile and, taking up each article it contained, scrutinized it minutely. There were some linen, brushes and combs and other toilet articles. These he laid aside and, coming to a roll of manuscript, pounced upon it suspiciously.

"What is this?" he asked, removing it from the envelope containing it.

"A scenario for a picture play."

The colonel turned over one page after another, not reading them, but looking for what might indicate matter covering information of the German situation.

"What are these drawings?" he asked.

"Suggestions for scenery to be produced in the play," was the reply.

"What is this—a Zeppelin?"  
"No, colonel; that is intended to represent a cloud."

"H'm; you Dutchmen know nothing about art."

"I don't pretend to be an artist. As I have told you, colonel, these are merely suggestions. They are intended to indicate to the artist what is required."

"I should think so. Well, I must read this manuscript, and I cannot do so at once, so you must wait."

"That is to be expected, only I trust that you will not keep me waiting any longer than absolutely necessary."

With this Van Gassboch was taken to a place where he was kept under guard till the next day, when he was again led to Colonel Dietrich's quarters. The colonel seemed during the interval to have thawed somewhat. His manner was more friendly.

"I did not understand yesterday," he said, "why you came to Germany to write your picture play. The theme explains it. Where could you get the material to present a play based on the Faust of the immortal Goethe except in the fatherland? Your play will be a wonder. I have read it all. That scene where Faust goes down to hell will be very impressive when photographed."

"It is intended to be vivid."

"But why do you make the principal scenes among mountains?"

"Because mountains are so much more impressive than plains."

"I see. Nothing better represents the underworld than the Jungfrau."

"Or Mont Blanc."

"Ach, Mont Blanc is killed by its French name. The Jungfrau has the proper sound. But here"—referring to one of the pictures—"is something I don't understand. It looks more like a diagram than anything else."

"It is a diagram—a diagram of the famous garden scene between Faust and Marguerite."

"Marguerite! Nela! Gretchen."

"You are right, colonel. I was thinking of Gounod's opera."

"Ach, Gounod was not the man to write an opera on this theme."

"It should have been Wagner."

"Yah, Wagner; the immortal Wagner!" And the colonel's eye lighted with enthusiasm.

"The picture play will have the German coloring throughout."

"That is good!"

"And the heroine will be named Gretchen."

"That is good too!"

"And Mephistopheles will be called 'der teufel'."

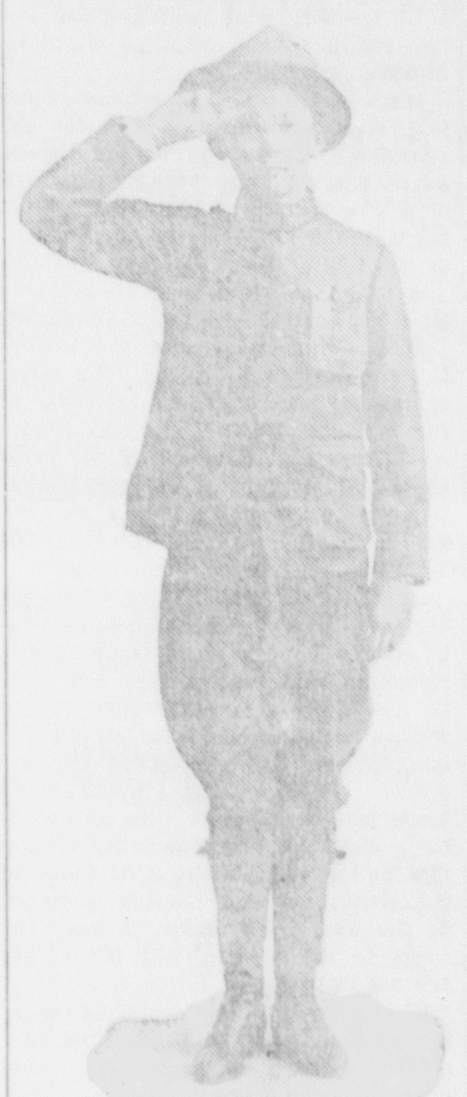
"That is very good!"

"Well, colonel, may I go through?"

At this the practical side of the colonel asserted itself. His enthusiastic smile subsided into a severer look, and he hesitated. Then he took the manuscript to a fireplace, separated the sheets and held them near the flame. He was testing for something written in acid that would come out when exposed to warmth. Nothing appeared, and, stepping to a case representing a miniature drug store, he applied the contents of several different bottles to the paper. Finally, being satisfied, he permitted Van Gassboch to pass through the lines with his scenario, his linen and his brushes.

No sooner had the playwright passed the lines than he began to talk Italian, eschewing the Dutch language entirely. After being clasped for some time with a French officer high in command he hurried to the south of France and thence into Italy, handing his picture play to the commander of the Italian armies. Every tenth word in it made up a message giving military information. The pictures, when explained by a key, gave numbers of men at different points and mentions of war. "The garden scene" was a manufacture of Zeppelins and Faust going down into hell represented the strongest Austrian position confronting the Italians.

Purpose of Boy Scout Movement.  
"The work of this organization is toward the right kind of preparedness," said Governor Whitman to the scout masters of the Boy Scouts of America in a recent address in New York city. "I know that you are not primarily trying to make soldiers out



RALPH MAYER, BOY SCOUT.

of these boys, whom we have seen with so much interest today. I know that that was not the original intention and is not. I know that the real purpose is to make men out of these boys, and the right kind of men—the kind of men who are going to make the right kind of citizens."

The boy scout standing at attention in the picture is Ralph Mayer of Pittsburgh. He is an honor scout.

### Charade.

My first is a type of man brought fame.  
My next is made by many crowds.  
Of my whole perhaps you say the same.  
Though the recipe's not in all cook-books.

Answer—Hoe, cake-hoe-cake.

### What Counts.

Grubbs—I met a man today who can draw his check for a million. Scrubs—That's nothing. I met a man who can draw his check for ten and actually get it cashed.—Richmond Times-Dispatch

### He Works.

"He never works, does he?"  
"Oh, yes; he works any one he can for anything he can!"

While You are Shopping, Come  
in and Hear the

New Edison  
Diamond Amberola

The World's Universal Musical  
Instrument

Listen to the latest popular  
songs of the day. Hear the  
new dance records, listen to the  
new band selections, some fine  
vaudeville records too.

You Will be Refreshed by this  
Delightful Music

Folsom Music  
Co.

220 S. Broadway Brainerd

Price Service Quality

MAYR'S WONDERFUL REMEDY  
for STOMACH trouble  
ONE DOSE WILL CONVINCE

Gall Stones, Cancer and Ulcers of the  
Stomach and Intestines, Auto-Intoxi-  
cation, Yellow Jaundice, Appendicitis  
and other fatal ailments result from  
Stomach Trouble. Thousands of  
Stomach Sufferers owe their complete  
recovery to Mayr's Wonderful Remedy.  
Unlike any other for Stomach  
Ailments. For sale by Johnson's  
Pharmacy, and all other reliable  
druggists everywhere.

A Hacking Cough Weakens the  
System

Don't suffer with a hacking cough  
that has weakened your system—get  
a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery,  
in use over 40 years, and benefiting  
all who use it, the soothing pine bal-  
sam with tar heat the irritated air  
passages—soothe the raw spots, loosen  
the mucous and prevents racking  
the body with coughing. Dr.  
King's New Discovery induces natu-  
ral sleep and aids nature to cure you.  
Sold by all druggists—Advt tta

## DANCE

TUESDAY NIGHT  
August 15

AT LUM PARK

GOOD MUSIC

Enjoy the Lake Breezes

## White Bros.

Lawn Mowers	\$3.25 to \$12.00
Grass Catchers	\$1.25 to \$1.35
Lawn Hose, per foot	10c to 18c
Lawn Rakes	50c

Garden Tools of all kinds  
Refrigerators, all Prices  
Fishing Tackle of all kinds  
Boat Oars and Canoe Paddles  
Pearl Wire Cloth, 16 mesh for your new cottage and porch.  
Express and Coaster Wagons

Tel. 57

:::

616 Laurel St.

WHICH SIDE OF  
THE SCREEN

Does your coal come from. Our  
coal is all carefully inspected be-  
fore we accept it—is yours? Our  
coal has no slag or dirt, or in  
fact any foreign material to add  
to the weight or detract from the  
heating quality. We take good  
care of our trade at all times.

JOHN LARSON



## THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll &amp; Wieland

SUBSCRIPTION RATES  
One Month, Forty Cents  
One Year, strictly in advance, \$4.00

Office in Dispatch Building on 5th St.

Entered at the post office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1916



The cool weather of the past few days is just a reminder that the weather man has not fully forgotten how.

Beltrami's county option election was a peculiar proposition with only one result no matter how the election went. The Indian lid makes it as dry as a powder horn in any event, and no matter if the vote was wet the county would still be dry and a dry vote would leave conditions as they are. The wet element worked just as hard as though their efforts would lift the lid.

More tourists have made this section of Minnesota their summer headquarters this season than at any time in the history of northern Minnesota. The advertising we will get from this year's business will double the number of summer tourists next year. The beauty of the lake and forest region of Minnesota has but to be seen to be appreciated and the comforts and accommodations afforded at the lake resorts are a revelation to the new comers here for the first time.

The university professor who makes the statement that milk from 16 to 21 cents a quart is not extravagant will make boggle set up and take notice. The statement is backed up by comparison with other food stuffs and he says that if 25 cents a pound can be paid for round steak, pure milk should be worth 16, on the basis of comparative food value. On the same basis, if fresh eggs are worth 30 cents a dozen, pure milk is worth 21 cents. If you can afford to pay 40 cents a quart for oysters then you can pay 50 cents a quart for milk without being extravagant.

Many people wonder why the local happenings of importance are not more often featured in the twin city newspapers and do not know that local representatives of these newspapers in practically every part of the state have been relieved from duty, the city dailies relying on the press bureaus for their outside news. This action was taken within the past month and Brainerd people who miss seeing an account of the important happenings from this city without knowing the reason can charge it up to retrenchment in the expense account and not to the lack of activity on the part of the correspondent who formerly kept Brainerd and Crow Wing county well advertised in the string of papers on his list.

Whales Once Lived on Land. Scientists tell us that whales did not always live in the sea, but in prehistoric days dwelt upon the land. They are not true fishes, and their skeletons still give evidence of the days when they possessed four legs. Furthermore, while fishes breathe water from which the air is separated by means of their gills whales breathe air and separate the life giving oxygen from the other gases by internal lungs like land animals. In contrast to fishes also they are warm, red blooded animals. The largest whales are found in the antarctic and arctic seas.

Making It Plain to Him. "When I don't want a man's attentions and he asks me where I live I say in the suburbs."  
"Ha, ha! Excellent; but where do you really live, Miss Brown?"  
"In the suburbs, Mr. Short."—Chicago News.

The Goods. "And she had the face to say that she thought she was very beautiful!"  
"Well, if she had the face, why not?"—Browning's Magazine.

## Hughes Points the Way

The speech of the Republican candidate for President was a keynote speech, indeed. Not one person in the great audience at the Carnegie Hall meeting was in doubt for one moment as to just what he meant by everything he said.

His address was comprehensive, logical, clear and all sufficient for the occasion. There can be no dispute as to this. Finally Mr. Hughes is a man who "knows what he wants when he wants it," and it is the opinion of political authorities who heard him and who have since read his remarks that he knows, also, how to get it. It was incumbent upon the Republican candidate to confine the scope of his remarks to the limitations of the occasion, but his crushing analysis of the shortcomings of the present administration of the government is merely an earnest of what the tone and the contents of his speeches will be when he gets on the stump.

At Carnegie Hall Mr. Hughes adverted to every general question that is apt to be a serious issue in the campaign and in language that will be absolutely clear to every man or woman able to read he stated his opinions, his convictions and his purposes. On the stump he will argue those points in detail. As an orator he is eloquent, his personality attractive and his marshalling of facts so cohesive that he holds his audience to the end. He makes it easy for them to follow him and his points are not lost.

There was nothing equivocal, nothing apologetic in the Republican candidate's speech of acceptance. He called a spade a spade, and the unanimous opinion of those who heard him was that he shot to the center and rang the bell. The Republican campaign is now open, and those who will speak and write and work for the success of the Republican ticket can wish for no more adequate campaign document, no more satisfactory statement of issues than are found in the candidate's salutatory.

## Brief Sentences Featuring the Speech of Acceptance of Charles E. Hughes.

America First and America Efficient.

We are too great a country to require of our citizens who are engaged in peaceful vocations the sort of military service to which they are now called.

We cherish no illusions. We know that the recurrence of war is not to be prevented by pious wishes.

We denounce all plots and conspiracies in the interest of any foreign nation.

Adequate preparedness is not militarism.

During this critical period, the only danger of war has lain in the weak course of the Administration.

The Nation has no policy of aggression toward Mexico. We have no desire for any part of her territory.

We propose that in the competitive struggle that is about to come the American workman shall not suffer.

This representative gathering is a happy augury. It means the strength of reunion. It means that the party of Lincoln is restored, alert, effective.

The dealings of the Administration with Mexico constitutes a confused chapter of blunders. It is a record which cannot be examined without a profound sense of humiliation.

We must take Vera Cruz to get Huerta out of office and trust to other nations to get our own citizens out of peril. What a travesty of international policy!

Destroying the government of Huerta, we left Mexico to the ravages of revolution.

I stand for adequate Federal Workmen's compensation laws.

The Administration was to seize and punish Villa for his outrage on our soil. It has not punished any one; we went in only to retire.

I favor the vote for women.

## THE COMPELLING PERORATION TO MR. HUGHES' ACCEPTANCE SPEECH.

We live in a fateful hour. In a true sense, the contest for the preservation of the Nation is never ended. We must still be imbued with the spirit of heroic sacrifice which gave us our country and brought us safely through the days of Civil War. We renew our pledge to the ancient ideals of individual liberty, of opportunity denied to none because of race or creed, of unswerving loyalty. We have a vision of America prepared and secure; strong and just; equal to her task; an exemplar of the capacity and efficiency of a free people. I endorse the platform adopted by the Convention and accept its nomination.



The Flag and the Man

HAY, is Cleveland Leader

## New War Phase on Western Front

BY WILBUR S. FORREST, (United Press Staff Correspondent.)

With the British Army in the Field July 20 (By Mail)—If its possible to imagine dozens of heavy thunder storms blended into one continuous roar, the shrieking and whining of tons of unseen steel and high explosives, racing through the sky, lighting flashes of bursting shells continuously specking the horizon, like a giant Fourth of July display, then its partly possible to visualize the newest phase of war on the western front.

The United Press correspondent saw and heard all this today from a high stretch of ground commanding the scene of a dozen of the bloodiest and most terrific conflicts of the British drive. Dotted the green hills and valleys here and there were distinct dots of brown, visible against the naked skeletons of trees. These ugly blotches of landscape a short time ago were pretty villages, each with a church spire and red-topped houses, snuggled down between the rolling hills. Today they were nearly ugly blotches, mostly a pile of bricks that resembled nothing.

From the vantage point I observed Contal Maison, Bazentin le Grand, La Boisselle, Mametz and small woods which have figured prominently in the communiques. Just beyond the range of vision lay Longueval and Delville wood, where at the moment, the Germans were engaged in a heavy counter attack, which gave them back a part of the wood and a few houses of the village. A British attack soon reversed the situation. Fighting of this character has been a peculiarity of the British offensive.

All captured points are strongly held. Wherever the Germans concentrate their reserves and carry out a counterattack, any success they gain is of short duration. A systematic advance makes it possible to retaliate quickly mostly in force. Precaution prevents the publication of news relating to troops and movements of troops, but it can be said with safety that there is no shortage of shells, or man or guns behind the British line.

From the viewpoint of the non-military observer, there is no shortage of anything. For miles along the network of country roads, well behind the fighting lines, great masses of men in khaki, most of them wearing the picturesque steel helmet are awaiting for their turn. Motor lorries in great droves are also performing their functions. Passing along the roads, miles and miles to the rear khaki is everywhere. Peaceful little villages, which fate has left so near the ravages of the conflict, still untouched, are filled with it. Every doorway shows a "Tommy", every courtyard shows a group of Tommies. These men are in billets. Many of them have had their turn at the fighting and are taking well earned rest.

Men, freshly arrived from England, as can be seen from the newness of their uniforms are also seen. The veteran fighting Tommy is a trifle more stained.

The road sides are dotted with detachments of newer contingents. Schools of bombing and musketry are scattered here and there. Northern France is one great panorama of war.

## Proof.

"I'm after the gas bill."  
"My husband forgot to leave the check—he's just gone."  
"Are you sure he forgot to leave it?"  
"Yes; he told me so just as he went."  
—Exchange.

## Prudence.

"Sometimes it is wise to say nothing."  
"Yes," replied Miss Cayenne. "It may enable one to avoid betraying the fact that one has nothing to say."  
—Washington Star.

## THE RAILROAD CONTROVERSY

Brotherhoods of conductors, engineers, firemen and trainmen ask for basic 8 hour day and time and a half for overtime. Number of men directly involved 400,000. Total number of men involved 2,155,000. Mileage of railway involved 270,000. Number of railways involved 225. Number of railway cars that will be stopped if strike is called. 2,507,997. Railway managers have made no definite proposition to employees. First proposed mediation. Employees declined to join in request for mediation, but accepted invitation from government board of mediation and conciliation to submit propositions to them. Mediators failed. Mediators proposed arbitration which was almost unanimously rejected by employees. Representatives of both sides accepted President Wilson's invitation to confer with him before final decision was reached. More than 94 per cent of the 400,000 employees directly involved have voted to strike, if original demands are not granted.

How the 5,000,000 persons living in Greater New York will be fed in the event of a railway strike is a problem being given consideration by officials here today.

Joseph J. Hartigan, secretary of Mayor Mitchell's committee on food supply has proposed survey be made of all sources of food supply, which could be commandeered if the strike is declared, city authorities are trying to determine how the 2,225,000 quarts of milk the city consumes daily could be brought to this city in the event of a strike. Meat packers estimated today that New York's supply of meat would last but eight days if the railways were tied up. More than 500,000 tourists are now in New York it is estimated. How these people could be fed to say nothing of their being unable to return to their homes and places of business is also troubling city officials.

All New York produces practically no food stuffs, a strike which would cut off the city from its food supply would result in appalling conditions in a short time, authorities said.

## A Bull in the Pulpit.

"I am requested to say," said the young dominie, who was acting as a substitute, "that there will be no meeting of the Ladies' Sewing guild this week as usual, owing to the fact that all the ladies of the guild will be out of town. Should any others wish to take up the work they may do so." Then he paused, but it was too late. —Richmond Times-Dispatch.

## Always Present.

"I suppose you don't believe in luck," suggested the sympathetic friend to the chronic loser.  
"Oh, yes; I do," responded that unfortunate. "It is the quality which enables other players to overcome my skill." —Richmond Times-Dispatch.

## VERDUN AS SEEN BY A TELESCOPE

Bursting Shells Make Whole Valley Like Volcano.

## FIRE OF FRENCH IS DEADLY

Perfect System of Opposing Forces Makes It Possible to Pour 1,000 Shells a Minute Upon Any Target. Range Finding an Interesting Problem, Mathematics Being Used.

There are few portions of any front that I have ever seen where one could gain more than an idea of a single detail of the operations. Verdun is an exception, writes Stanley Washburn in the London Times. In a certain place carefully sheltered from view of the enemy was a dugout, and through the loophole of this peered the long range eye of one of the highest powered telescopes that it has ever been my privilege to look through. I could not have imagined that from a single spot one could see so many of the now famous points which have become synonymous with the defense of Verdun.

Down in the valley of the Meuse lay the town itself, whence, every few minutes, came the distant reverberation of a bursting shell. When one is in the town itself one sees little. Unless a shell falls very near, one never sees it at all. But from our observation point one can see volcanoes of dust and black smoke shoot up here and there about the town, followed a little later by the belated sound of the report drifting up from the valley. Verdun itself is apparently hidden from the direct vision of the enemy, but ranges long ago corrected by aeroplanes have been established these many months. It is questionable, however, how much check the gunners have on the target at present, since it has become unhealthy for the German aeroplanes to show themselves in this vicinity in the daytime.

The country is rolling in all directions and for the most part barren of forest or shelter except the very questionable protection that small villages afford. Through our glasses we can see the shells bursting in and about the village of Fleury, behind which we are told the French mustered for a counterattack against the Germans on Feb. 26 and slipped their advance by way of Douaumont in the bad just at the moment when the Germans believed their way to Verdun open before them. The village is already desolate from the German shell fire. A little to the north lies Vaux, and we can just see the ruins of the town. So powerful is the telescope that the piles of brick and the remaining walls stand out in clear cut detail.

The plain before us and every portion of the valley that lies beneath us is stripped of any sign of living thing. But for the continuous bursting of shells in all directions one might imagine that the whole landscape had been long since abandoned by human habitation. A little to the west of Vaux stands the sullen ridge of Douaumont fort, whose name has become famous throughout the world as the scene of some of the fiercest fighting which this war has produced.

Birdseye View of Mort Homme. Down the western slope one can see the lines of the German trench, though the French line is hidden from our view by the crest of a ridge that intervenes. To the north lies the valley of the slow flowing Meuse. A bit to the west is the Mort Homme, that bloody slope which cost the lives of thousands.

Turn in any direction and one at ways sees in the air half a dozen shells bursting. Now it is a big shrapnel over Fleury, with its clouds of puff, cotton-like smoke drifting off on the breeze, while a second later, with a crash like the explosion of a volcano, a shell aimed at Verdun tears up half an acre on the slope north of the town. The Germans are sending in large numbers of their 380's today, and their explosions on the slopes and crests of the hills resemble the sudden eruption of a volcano. While for many minutes afterward the craters steam and smoke like internal fires.

Under our eyes, though we see them not, are neatly tucked away I know not how many of the lurking 75's and bigger guns. The country is an ideal one for them to work in. Every conspicuous object now in German hands has long since been definitely located and the range worked out to a nicety.

Leaving our observation point, we motor back to the outskirts of the town, where the general shows us one of his anti-aircraft stations. Here are set up a number of 75's on special mountings. In the center of the station, suspended on a small platform, is a brass bell. The moment an enemy machine is sighted the bell is sounded, and no matter from which direction it may be coming every gun is on the target and the three corrections necessary for the first shot have been made within fifteen seconds. The mathematics are extremely interesting. A very intellectual young man with a book of logarithms, a pad and a pencil undertook to explain to me how the ranging was done. While he was drawing neat triangles and polygons and painstakingly propping perpendiculars here and there the enemy dropped three shells not too far away, and I cannot at this time recall a single one of the equations.

THE GOOD JUDGE'S KINDNESS IS REWARDED AT THE CAFE

WHAT'S UP, CAPTAIN?

JUDGE, THE PROPRIETOR VERY MUCH APPRECIATES YOU TELLING HIM ABOUT W-B TOBACCO AND ASKS THAT YOU DINE TO-DAY AT HIS EXPENSE

ONE good turn deserves another—one good chew of W-B CUT Chewing gives a man the tobacco satisfaction he's been seeking for years. A good chew of W-B CUT, long shred, means a small chew. The salt seasoning brings out the rich tobacco flavor without grinding and spitting—that's what makes it a gentleman's chew. Get a 10c pouch at any business-like dealer's. Give W-B CUT the quality test—and learn the biggest surprise of your tobacco experience. Made by WEYMAN-BRUTON COMPANY, 50 Union Square, New York City

## ROUGH ON RATS

Unbeatable Exterminator of Rats, Mice and Bugs

Used the World Over - Used by U.S. Government

The Old Reliable That Never Fails - 15c, 25c. At Druggists

THE RECOGNIZED STANDARD-AVOID SUBSTITUTES

## ODD PLACE NAMES

How Some of Our Cities Received Their Appellations.

## CHANCE HUMOR AND SATIRE.

All These Had Roles in the Selection by the Pioneers of Titles for Their New Homes—Why There Is Not a Great Boston on the Pacific Coast.

The thriving cities, the picturesque streams and the rugged mountains of the United States have in numerous instances received their names for reasons calculated to give a shock to the national board of geographic names.

The most grotesque accidents and coincidences, the results of games or wagers, the grim efforts of the pioneer mind to be satirical at the expense of his new home, all have operated to determine the name by which proud municipalities or imposing physical features appear upon the map.

In a general study of the origin and significance of place names of this country made by the United States geological survey the following oddly given names have been picked out:

The naming of the populous city of Portland, Ore., was decided by the tossing of a copper coin by two settlers, one from Portland, Me., the other from Boston. The Maine man won, else we should have had another great Boston on the Pacific.

The city of Tombstone, Ariz., was named as a bit of grim humor. Its founder had been advised when starting on his prospecting tour that he would "find his tombstone." In order that the prophecy might be fulfilled he gave the name to the city he established. The city of Bangor, Me., bears the name of an old psalm tune which our forefathers sang to the tremor of a tuning fork. The name was given by the Rev. Seth Noble, who represented the district in the Maine legislature.

Wheeling, the metropolis of West Virginia, owes its name to the circumstance of the Indians having displayed the head of a white man on a pole at this point. The name is from the Indian word-wink, meaning "place of a human head."

One of the most distinctive names on the map of Colorado is Ouray. It has been applied to a city, a county and an imposing mountain. Yet the name means nothing more nor less than Willie and is the result of the Ute Indians' attempt to translate this synonym of Harold and Percy into their own tongue.

The city of Norwalk, Conn., is said to have been so named because when purchased from the Indians the northern boundary of the land was to extend northward from the sea one day's walk, according to the Indian marking of the distance.

A town in Georgia rejoices in the strikingly original but somewhat ambiguous designation of Nameless. The name was given from the fact that in a list of several hundred names submitted to the postoffice authorities not one was found satisfactory.

A town in Gunnison county, Colo., possesses the eloquent name of Tin Cup, given because in its early days, when a mining camp, gold was so plentiful that it was measured in a tin cup.

The Calico mountain range in California was given its name from the variegated color of its rocks.

The city of Jacksonville, Ill., was



## Residence Service

\$1.00  
PER MONTH

1794  
TELEPHONES  
TODAY

ARE YOU

WATCHING

US GROW?

Northwestern Telephone Exchange Co.

named for a prominent colored preacher and is perhaps the largest community in the country named for a negro.

The city of Spartanburg, S. C., was so called from the rigorous, Spartan-like self discipline practiced by the inhabitants during the Revolutionary war.

A stream in Ravalli county, Mont., is known as Weeping Child from the circumstance of an Indian child being carried off by a mountain lion, causing insanity in the mother.

Antelope county, in Nebraska, was so named in commemoration of the killing and eating of an antelope during the pursuit of some Indians by the pioneers.

The town of Deerfield, N. H., was so named because, when the petition for the establishment of the town was pending, a Mr. Batchelder killed a deer and upon presenting it to Governor Wentworth obtained the act of establishment and the town name.

Hell Gate, the narrow pass in the East river at New York, was called by the Dutch hellegat, meaning "bright strait" or "clear opening." The name quickly suggested the present English form, which was regarded as more appropriate on account of the whirlpools which made navigation dangerous.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

## A Recipe For Success.

"If I were obliged to pack a lot of advice into a few words," says Congressman Edward J. King of Illinois in the American Magazine, "for the benefit of poor boys I would tell them to decide as early in life as possible what they intend to do. There is nothing so helpful to a tired traveler as a destination. This thing of not knowing where you're going, but being merely on your way, is a delusion and a folly."

Advertise in the Dispatch



## THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll &amp; Wieland

SUBSCRIPTION RATES  
One Month—Fourty Cents  
One Year, strictly in advance—\$4.00

Office in Dispatch Building on 5th St.

Entered at the post office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter

TUESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1916



The cool weather of the past few days is just a reminder that the weather man has not fully forgotten how.

Beltrand's county option election was a peculiar proposition with only one result no matter how the election went. The Indian lid makes it as dry as a powder horn in any event, and no matter if the vote was wet the county would still be dry and a dry vote would leave conditions as they are. The wet element worked just as hard as though their efforts would lift the lid.

More tourists have made this section of Minnesota their summer headquarters this season than at any time in the history of northern Minnesota. The advertising we will get from this year's business will double the number of summer tourists next year. The beauty of the lake and forest region of Minnesota has but to be seen to be appreciated and the comforts and accommodations afforded at the lake resorts are a revelation to the new comers here for the first time.

The university professor who makes the statement that milk from 16 to 21 cents a quart is not extravagant will make heads set up and take notice. The statement is backed up by comparison with other food stuffs and he says that if 25 cents a pound can be paid for round steak, pure milk should be worth 16, on the basis of comparative food value. On the same basis, if fresh eggs are worth 20 cents a dozen, pure milk is worth 21 cents. If you can afford to pay 40 cents a quart for oysters then you can pay 50 cents a quart for milk without being extravagant.

Many people wonder why the local happenings of importance are not more often featured in the twin city newspapers and do not know that local representatives of these newspapers in practically every part of the state have been relieved from duty, the city dailies relying on the press bureaus for their outside news. This action was taken within the past month and Brainerd people who miss seeing an account of the important happenings from this city without knowing the reason can charge it up to retrenchment in the expense account and not to the lack of activity on the part of the correspondent who formerly kept Brainerd and Crow Wing county well advertised in the string of papers on his list.

Whales Once Lived on Land.  
Scientists tell us that whales did not always live in the sea, but in prehistoric days dwelt upon the land. They are not true fishes, and their skeletons still give evidence of the days when they possessed four legs. Furthermore, while fishes breathe water from which the air is separated by means of their gills whales breathe air and separate the life giving oxygen from the other gases by internal lungs like land animals. In contrast to fishes also they are warm, red blooded animals. The largest whales are found in the antarctic and arctic seas.

Making It Plain to Him.  
"When I don't want a man's attentions and he asks me where I live I say in the suburbs."  
"Ha, ha! Excellent; but where do you really live, Miss Brown?"  
"In the suburbs, Mr. Short."—Chicago News.

The Goods.  
"And she had the face to say that she thought she was very beautiful!"  
"Well, if she had the face, why not?"—Browning's Magazine.

## Hughes Points the Way

The speech of the Republican candidate for President was a keynote speech, indeed. Not one person in the great audience at the Carnegie Hall meeting was in doubt for one moment as to just what he meant by everything he said.

His address was comprehensive, logical, clear and all sufficient for the occasion. There can be no dispute as to this. Plainly Mr. Hughes is a man who "knows what he wants when he wants it," and it is the opinion of political authorities who heard him and who have since read his remarks that he knows, also, how to get it.

It was incumbent upon the Republican candidate to confine the scope of his remarks to the limitations of the occasion, but his crushing analysis of the shortcomings of the present administration of the government is merely an earnest of what the tone and the contents of his speeches will be when he gets on the stump.

At Carnegie Hall Mr. Hughes adverted to every general question that is apt to be a serious issue in the campaign and in language that will be absolutely clear to every man or woman able to read he stated his opinions, his convictions and his purposes. On the stump he will argue those points in detail. As an orator he is eloquent, his personality attractive and his marshalling of facts so cohesive that he holds his audience to the end. He makes it easy for them to follow him and his points are not lost.

There was nothing equivocal, nothing apologetic in the Republican candidate's speech of acceptance. He called a spade a spade, and the unanimous opinion of those who heard him was that he shot to the center and rang the bell. The Republican campaign is now open, and those who will speak and write and work for the success of the Republican ticket can wish for no more adequate campaign document, no more satisfactory statement of issues than are found in the candidate's salutatory.

## Brief Sentences Featuring the Speech of Acceptance of Charles E. Hughes.

America First and America Efficient.

We are too great a country to require of our citizens who are engaged in peaceful vocations the sort of military service to which they are now called.

We cherish no illusions. We know that the recurrence of war is not to be prevented by pious wishes.

We denounce all plots and conspiracies in the interest of any foreign nation.

Adequate preparedness is not militarism.

During this critical period, the only danger of war has lain in the weak course of the Administration.

The Nation has no policy of aggression toward Mexico. We have no desire for any part of her territory.

We propose that in the competitive struggle that is about to come the American workingman shall not suffer.

This representative gathering is a happy augury. It means the strength of reunion. It means that the party of Lincoln is restored, alert, effective.

The dealings of the Administration with Mexico constitutes a confused chapter of blunders. It is a record which cannot be examined without a profound sense of humiliation.

We must take Vera Cruz to get Huerta out of office and trust to other nations to get our own citizens out of peril. What a travesty of international policy!

Destroying the government of Huerta, we left Mexico to the ravages of revolution.

I stand for adequate Federal Workmen's compensation laws.

The Administration was to seize and punish Villa for his outrage on our soil. It has not punished any one; we went in only to retire.

I favor the vote for women.

## THE COMPELLING PERORATION TO MR. HUGHES' ACCEPTANCE SPEECH.

We live in a fateful hour. In a true sense, the contest for the preservation of the Nation is never ended. We must still be imbued with the spirit of heroic sacrifice which gave us our country and brought us safely through the days of Civil War.

We renew our pledge to the ancient ideals of individual liberty, of opportunity denied to none because of race or creed, of unswerving loyalty. We have a vision of America prepared and secure; strong and just; equal to her task; an exemplar of the capacity and efficiency of a free people. I endorse the platform adopted by the Convention and accept its nomination.



The Flag and the Map

HAY, in Cleveland Leader

## New War Phase on Western Front

BY WILBUR S. FORREST.

(United Press Staff Correspondent.)  
With the British Army in the Field July 20 (By Mail)—If it is possible to imagine dozens of heavy thunder storms blended into one continuous roar, the shrieking and whining of tons of unseen steel and high explosives, racing through the sky, lighting flashes of bursting shells continuously specking the horizon, like a giant Fourth of July display, then its partly possible to visualize the newest phase of war on the western front.

The United Press correspondent saw and heard all this today from a high stretch of ground commanding the scene of a dozen of the bloodiest and most terrific conflicts of the British drive. Dotting the green hills and valleys here and there were distinct dots of brown, visible against the naked skeletons of trees. These ugly blotches of landscape a short time ago were pretty villages, each with a church spire and red-topped houses, snuggled down between the rolling hills. Today they were nearly ugly blotches, mostly a pile of bricks that resembled nothing.

From the vantage point I observed Contal Maison, Bazentin le Grand, La Boisselle, Mametz and small woods which have figured prominently in the communiques. Just beyond the range of vision lay Longueval and Deville wood, where at the moment, the Germans were engaged in a heavy counter attack, which gave them back a part of the wood and a few houses of the village. A British attack soon reversed the situation. Fighting of this character has been a peculiarity of the British offensive. All captured points are strongly held. Wherever the Germans concentrate their reserves and carry out a counterattack, any success they gain is of short duration. A systematic advance makes it possible to retake them quickly mostly in force.

Precaution prevents the publication of news relating to troops and movements of troops, but it can be said with safety that there is no shortage of shells, or man or guns behind the British line.

From the viewpoint of the non-military observer, there is no shortage of anything. For miles along the network of country roads, well behind the fighting lines, great masses of men in khaki, most of them wearing the picturesque steel helmet are awaiting for their turn. Motor lorries in great droves are also performing their functions. Passing along the roads, miles and miles to the rear khaki is everywhere.

Peaceful little villages, which fate has left so near the ravages of the conflict, still untouched, are filled with it. Every doorway shows a "Tommy", every courtyard shows a group of Tommies. These men are in billets. Many of them have had their turn at the fighting and are taking well earned rest.

Men, freshly arrived from England, as can be seen from the newness of their uniforms are also seen. The veteran fighting Tommy is a trifle more stained.

The road sides are dotted with detachments of newer contingents. Schools of bombing and musketry are scattered here and there. Northern France is one great panorama of war.

## Proof.

"I'm after the gas bill."  
"My husband forgot to leave the check—he's just gone."  
"Are you sure he forgot to leave it?"  
"Yes; he told me so just as he went."  
—Exchange.

## Prudence.

"Sometimes it is wise to say nothing."  
"Yes," replied Miss Cayenne. "It may enable one to avoid betraying the fact that one has nothing to say."  
—Washington Star.

## THE RAILROAD CONTROVERSY

Brotherhoods of conductors, engineers, firemen and trainmen ask for basic 8 hour day and time and a half for overtime.  
Number of men directly involved 400,000.  
Total number of men involved 2,155,000.  
Mileage of railway involved 270,000.  
Number of railways involved 225.  
Number of railway cars that will be stopped if strike is called. 2,507,997.  
Railway managers have made no definite proposition to employees. First proposed mediation. Employees declined to join in request for mediation, but accepted invitation from government board of mediation and conciliation to submit propositions to them.  
Mediators failed.  
Mediators proposed arbitration which was almost unanimously rejected by employees.  
Representatives of both sides accepted President Wilson's invitation to confer with him before final decision was reached.  
More than 94 per cent of the 400,000 employees directly involved have voted to strike, if original demands are not granted.

How the 5,000,000 persons living in Greater New York will be fed in the event of a railway strike is a problem being given consideration by officials here today.

Joseph J. Hartigan, secretary of Mayor Mitchell's committee on food supply has proposed survey be made of all sources of food supply, which could be commandeered if the strike is declared, city authorities are trying to determine how the 2,225,000 quarts of milk the city consumes daily could be brought to this city in the event of a strike. Meat packers estimated today that New York's supply of meat would last but eight days if the railways were tied up. More than 500,000 tourists are now in New York it is estimated. How these people could be fed to say nothing of their being unable to return to their homes and places of business is also troubling city officials.

All New York produces practically no food stuffs, a strike which would cut off the city from its food supply would result in appalling conditions in a short time, authorities said.

## A Bull in the Pulpit.

"I am requested to say," said the young dominie, who was acting as a substitute, "that there will be no meeting of the Ladies' Sewing guild this week as usual, owing to the fact that all the ladies of the guild will be out of town. Should any others wish to take up the work they may do so."  
Then he paused, but it was too late. —Richmond Times-Dispatch.

## Always Present.

"I suppose you don't believe in luck," suggested the sympathetic friend to the chronic loser.  
"Oh, yes; I do," responded that unfortunate. "It is the quality which enables other players to overcome my skill." —Richmond Times-Dispatch.

## VERDUN AS SEEN BY A TELESCOPE

Bursting Shells Make Whole Valley Like Volcano.

## FIRE OF FRENCH IS DEADLY

Perfect System of Opposing Forces Makes It Possible to Pour 1,000 Shells a Minute Upon Any Target. Range Finding an Interesting Problem, Mathematics Being Used.

There are few portions of any front that I have ever seen where one could gain more than an idea of a single detail of the operations. Verdun is an exception, writes Stanley Washburn in the London Times. In a certain place carefully sheltered from view of the enemy was a dugout, and through the loophole of this peered the long range eye of one of the highest powered telescopes that it has ever been my privilege to look through. I could not have imagined that from a single spot one could see so many of the now famous points which have become synonymous with the defense of Verdun.

Down in the valley of the Meuse lay the town itself, whence, every few minutes, came the distant reverberation of a bursting shell. When one is in the town itself one sees little. Unless a shell falls very near, one never sees it at all. But from our observation point one can see volcanoes of dust and black smoke shoot up here and there about the town, followed a little later by the belated sound of the report drifting up from the valley. Verdun itself is apparently hidden from the direct vision of the enemy, but ranges long ago corrected by aeroplanes have been established these many months. It is questionable, however, how much check the gunners have on the target at present, since it has become unhealthy for the German aeroplanes to show themselves in this vicinity in the daytime.

The country is rolling in all directions and for the most part barren of forest or shelter except the very questionable protection that small villages afford. Through our glasses we can see the shells bursting in and about the village of Fleury, behind which we are told the French mustered for a counterattack against the Germans on Feb. 24 and nipped their advance by way of Doncourt in the bud just at the moment when the Teutons believed their way to Verdun open before them. The village is already desolate from the German shell fire. A little to the north lies Vaux, and we can just see the ruins of the town. So powerful is the telescope that the piles of brick and the remaining walls stand out in clear cut detail.

The plain before us and every portion of the valley that lies beneath us is stripped of any sign of living thing. But for the continuous bursting of shells in all directions one might imagine that the whole landscape had been long since abandoned by human habitation. A little to the west of Vaux stands the sullen ridge of Doncourt fort, whose name has become famous throughout the world as the scene of some of the fiercest fighting which this war has produced.

Birdseye View of Mort Homme.  
Down the western slope one can see the lines of the German trench, though the French line is hidden from our view by the crest of a ridge that intervenes. To the north lies the valley of the slow flowing Meuse. A bit to the west is the Mort Homme, that bloody slope which cost the lives of thousands.

Turn in any direction and one always sees in the air half a dozen shells bursting. Now it is a big shrapnel over Fleury, with its clouds of puff, cotton-like smoke drifting off on the breeze, while a second later, with a crash like the explosion of a volcano, a shell aimed at Verdun tears up half an acre on the slope north of the town. The Germans are sending in large numbers of their 380's today, and their explosions on the slopes and crests of the hills resemble the sudden eruption of a volcano, while for many minutes afterward the waters steam and smoke like internal fires.

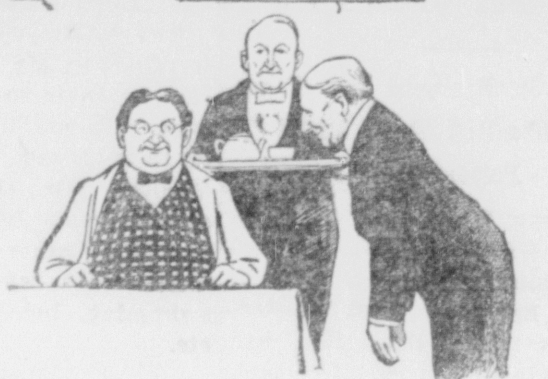
Under our eyes, though we see them not, are neatly tucked away I know not how many of the lurking 75's and bigger guns. The country is an ideal one for them to work in. Every conspicuous object now in German hands has long since been deliberately located and the range worked out to a nicety.

Leaving our observation point, we motor back to the outskirts of the town, where the general shows us one of his anti-aircraft stations. Here are set up a number of 7's on special mountings. In the center of the station, suspended on a small platform, is a brass bell. The moment an enemy machine is sighted the bell is sounded, and an instant from which direction it may be coming every gun is on the target and the three corrections necessary for the first shot have been made within fifteen seconds. The mathematics are extremely interesting. A very intellectual young man with a book of logarithms, a pad and a pencil undertook to explain to me how the ranging was done while he was drawing the neat triangles and polygons and painstakingly propping perpendiculars, here and there the enemy dropped three shells not too far away, and I cannot at this time recall a single one of the equations.

THE GOOD JUDGE'S KINDNESS IS REWARDED AT THE CAFE.

WHAT'S UP, CAPTAIN?

JUDGE, THE PROPRIETOR VERY MUCH APPRECIATES YOU TELLING HIM ABOUT W-B TOBACCO AND ASKS THAT YOU DINE TO-DAY AT HIS EXPENSE.



ONE good turn deserves another—one good chew of W-B CUT Chewing gives a man the tobacco satisfaction he's been seeking for years. A good chew of W-B CUT, long shred, means a small chew. The salt seasoning brings out the rich tobacco flavor without grinding and spitting—that's what makes it a gentleman's chew. Get a 10c pouch at any business-like dealer's. Give W-B CUT the quality test—and learn the biggest surprise of your tobacco experience. Made by WEYMAN-BRUTON COMPANY, 50 Union Square, New York City

## ROUGH ON RATS

Unbeatable Exterminator of Rats, Mice and Bugs

Used the World Over - Used by U.S. Government

The Old Reliable That Never Fails - 15c. 25c. At Druggists

THE RECOGNIZED STANDARD-AVOID SUBSTITUTES

## ODD PLACE NAMES

How Some of Our Cities Received Their Appellations.

## CHANCE HUMOR AND SATIRE.

All These Had Roles in the Selection by the Pioneers of Titles For Their New Homes—Why There Is Not a Great Boston on the Pacific Coast.

The thriving cities, the picturesque streams and the rugged mountains of the United States have in numerous instances received their names for reasons calculated to give a shock to the national board of geographic names.

The most grotesque accidents and coincidences, the results of games of wagers, the grim efforts of the pioneer mind to be satirical at the expense of his new home, all have operated to determine the name by which proud municipalities or imposing physical features appear upon the map.

In a general study of the origin and significance of place names of this country made by the United States geological survey the following oddly given names have been picked out:

The naming of the populous city of Portland, Ore., was decided by the tossing of a copper coin by two settlers, one from Portland, Me., the other from Boston. The Maine man won, else we should have had another great Boston on the Pacific.

The city of Tombstone, Ariz., was named as a bit of grim humor. Its founder had been advised when starting on his prospecting tour that he would "find his tombstone." In order that the prophecy might be fulfilled he gave the name to the city he established.

The city of Bangor, Me., bears the name of an old psalm tune which our forefathers sang to the tremor of a tuning fork. The name was given by the Rev. Seth Noble, who represented the district in the Maine legislature.

Wheeling, the metropolis of West Virginia, owes its name to the circumstance of the Indians having displayed the head of a white man on a pole at this point. The name is from the Indian word-luk, meaning "place of a human head."

One of the most distinctive names on the map of Colorado is Ouray. It has been applied to a city, a county and an imposing mountain. Yet the name means nothing more nor less than Willie and is the result of the Ute Indians' attempt to translate the synonym of Harold and Percy into their own tongue.

The city of Norwalk, Conn., is said to have been so named because when purchased from the Indians the northern boundary of the land was to extend northward from the sea one day's walk, according to the Indian marking of the distance.

A town in Georgia rejoices in the strikingly original but somewhat ambiguous designation of Nameless. The name was given from the fact that in a list of several hundred names submitted to the postoffice authorities not one was found satisfactory.

A town in Gunnison county, Colo., possesses the eloquent name of Tin Cup, given because in its early days, when a mining camp, gold was so plentiful that it was measured in a tin cup.

The Calico mountain range in California was given its name from the variegated color of its rocks.

The city of Jacksonville, Ill., was

## Residence Service

\$1.00  
PER MONTH

1794  
TELEPHONES  
TODAY

ARE YOU  
WATCHING  
US GROW?

Northwestern Telephone  
Exchange Co.

named for a prominent colored preacher and is perhaps the largest community in the country named for a negro.

The city of Spartanburg, S. C., was so called from the rigorous, Spartan-like self discipline practiced by the inhabitants during the Revolutionary war.

A stream in Ravalli county, Mont., is known as Weeping Child from the circumstance of an Indian child being carried off by a mountain lion, causing insanity in the mother.

Antelope county, in Nebraska, was so named in commemoration of the killing and eating of an antelope during the pursuit of some Indians by the pioneers.

The town of Deerfield, N. H., was so named because, when the petition for the establishment of the town was pending, a Mr. Batchelder killed a deer and upon presenting it to Governor Wentworth obtained the act of establishment and the town name.

Hell Gate, the narrow pass in the East river at New York, was called by the Dutch hellegat, meaning "bright strait" or "clear opening." The name quickly suggested the present English form, which was regarded as more appropriate on account of the whirlpools which made navigation dangerous.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

## A Recipe For Success.

"If I were obliged to pack a lot of advice into a few words," says Congressman Edward J. King of Illinois in the American Magazine, "for the benefit of poor boys I would tell them to decide as early in life as possible what they intend to do. There is nothing so helpful to a tired traveler as a destination. This thing of not knowing where you're going, but being merely on your way, is a delusion and a folly."

## Advertise in the Dispatch



## BARELY ESCAPE WITH THEIR LIVES

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur L. Biern, 316 South Quince, Lose All Possessions Early This Morning

### HOUSE OWNED BY JOHN FOURRE

Exploding Oil Stove Believed to Have Caused Fire—Little Insurance Carried

Aroused by smoke and flames, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur L. Biern leaped in their night clothes from the windows of their home, 316 South Quince street, at 3 in the morning and found refuge at her father's home, John L. Nelson, of 360 Quince. House and contents were completely destroyed.

An exploding oil stove in the new kitchen built on is believed to have been the cause of the fire. Mrs. Biern has been sick and the shock nearly prostrated her.

A small amount of insurance was on the furniture owned by the Bierns and on the house, owned by John Fourre.

John Fourre states the residence was worth \$1,500 and that he carried \$500 insurance.

### BRAINERD'S OLDEST STORIES TODAY

It's a strenuous day we are living in. It's a poor stick of a day which does not produce a strike, I. W. W. invasion, or misunderstanding of some kind.

"Had a strike down at my house today," said a man to his friend.

"Was it serious?"

"Yes," was the reply. "My wife struck me for \$5."

Gasoline has an ascending scale of prices, as reported by some automobile drivers. At Minneapolis 19c, St. Cloud 20c, Brainerd 25c.

### DEATH OF CHARLES LAUREL

Had Been Member 14th Regiment Connecticut Infantry, Funeral on Thursday

Charles Laurel, age 84, died from the infirmities of old age at his residence 1201 South Seventh street. He served in the civil war as a member of the 14th regiment of Connecticut Infantry. He leaves a wife, son Walter and daughter Mrs. May Strand. He had lived in Brainerd 15 years and was a member of the local Grand Army post. The funeral will be held from the B. C. McNamara undertaking rooms on Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, Rev. W. J. Lowrie, pastor of the First Presbyterian church officiating.

### NOTICE

To Motorcycle and Automobile Drivers

The law orders cutouts closed in city limits. Infractions of this state law subjects the offender to arrest.

HENRY SQUIRES,  
Chief of Police.

### Lots of Herces.

Sillicus—Have you noticed that most heroes are married men? Cynicus—Sir, every married man is a hero.

## Specials For Tuesday and Wednesday

At the  
**STAR CASH GROCERY**

The Store That Shares Their Profit  
With You

Sugar, 25 lb. bag	\$1.95
Flour, best patent, per 98 lbs.	3.85
3 lb. can coffee with gilt edge cup and saucer	.98
Swift Pride soap, 10 bars	.29
Cantalope, 3 for	.25
Watermelons, each	.40
Bananas, per doz.	.25
Fancy bacon, per lb.	.20
Hams, choice, per lb.	.20
Cream Cheese, per lb.	.20
Brick Cheese, per lb.	.20
Corn Flakes, 4 pkgs.	.20
Large Rolled Oats, per package	.20
Large Size Gold Dust	.20
5 lb. can Baking Powder	.90
Gallon cans, Apples, each	.38
Gallon Karo Syrup	.40
Soda, 3 pkgs.	.20
10lb. Pail Lard	1.55
5 lb. Pail Lard	.85
3 lb. Pail Lard	.48
Eggs, per dozen	.25

Order Early Deliveries Made of All  
Purchases Over \$1.00

Phone N. W. 286-L Automatic 6812

### I. W. W. ARE CONDEMNED

Citizens Propose to Help Officers to Protect the Workers—Mass Meeting Adopted Resolutions (Ironton News)

Whereas, as conditions on the Cuyuna range are in an unsettled condition, and

Whereas, there has been a strike declared by a few of the miners influenced by outside agitators, and

Whereas, on the 9th day of August, 1916, a vote was taken by the miners and it was shown that 95 per cent were in favor of continuing work and 5 per cent in favor of a strike, and

Whereas, the few have been parading the streets and holding meetings, and performing acts tending to intimidate those miners who are desirous of working and forcing them to quit work and

Whereas, certain persons claiming to be I. W. W. have come from divers places to the Cuyuna range for the purpose of inciting riots, and by their speeches are trying to, and do, intimidate miners, and cause them to quit their work at the mines, and

Whereas, we, citizens of the Cuyuna Range, feel that it is to the best interest of all that actions by the I. W. W. and those few who have been influenced by them to leave their occupations at the mines and join with the I. W. W. in their unlawful practices, is a menace to the public welfare, and

Whereas, the lives and property of citizens have become endangered, and it is becoming unsafe for persons desirous of working at the mines to do so, and

Whereas, the I. W. W. and their followers are threatening to do serious bodily harm to miners who persist in pursuing their labor, and

Whereas, the condition of the miners of the Cuyuna Range has been and now is satisfactory, and the mining companies are paying the best wages that they have ever paid, and

Whereas, no demand has been made on the mining companies by the strikers and no complaint entered as to conditions in the mines, or as to wages, and

Whereas, we citizens of the Cuyuna range believe that the present difficulty is caused by I. W. W. from the Mesaba range and that any inducements or concessions granted by the mining companies at this time would not be accepted or considered so long as these agitators are allowed to remain on the Cuyuna range; now therefore:

Be it Resolved by we, the citizens of the Cuyuna range in meeting assembled, that we condemn the actions of the I. W. W. and their followers, and we as citizens pledge ourselves to see that the laws are enforced, and that miners desirous of continuing their work at the mines, shall have protection.

August 11, 1916.  
CITIZENS OF CUYUNA RANGE.

### Boilermakers and Helpers

Are on strike at the gas plant for union wages and hours, on the erection of gas holders.

J. G. BROWN,  
6113 Business Agent Boilermakers.

### BIBLE DECEIVES CENSOR.

Nurse Tells of Famine in Turkey; Cholera Also Prevalent.

Using Biblical quotations on a postcard to deceive the Turkish censor, a missionary nurse "got across" a story of famine, pestilence and personal danger confronting American missionaries in Turkey.

Ostensibly the card received by a friend and published by the American board of commissioners for foreign missions is just a word of greeting. Its wording is:

"We shall very soon have to test the first part of the twentieth verse of the fifth chapter of Job and still sooner, even now, of the last of Ps. xci. 3. What a blessing to have a God who is true and able. Lots of love to you all. Dr. Hamlin's famous mixture in demand here."

Job v, 20, reads, "In famine we shall redeem thee from death."

Ps. xci, 3, reads, "For He shall deliver thee from the snare of the fowler and from the noisome pestilence."

"Dr. Hamlin's mixture" is a medicine used in the treatment of cholera.

### BEE'S BUZZ PARALYZED.

Epidemic Sends Honey-makers Into Hive Corners to Die.

An epidemic resembling paralysis has started among the Ohio bee colonies and threatens to reduce materially the state's output of honey, according to an announcement by N. E. Shaw, state bee inspector. The federal government is sending Dr. E. F. Phillips, its chief bee expert, to the state to investigate the case.

Bees attacked by the disease quit work, go off to a corner of the hive and lie there until they die, says Mr. Shaw.

Best Man Many Times.  
Frederick W. Nordoff of Baltimore, although single, has acted as best man forty times at the wedding of his friends. He says he has never had the time to marry.

## CHAUTAUQUA OPENS AUG. 16

W. E. Dudley, Superintendent, Arrived in Brainerd Sunday and Completing Arrangements

### LOCATED NEAR THE POSTOFFICE

Efforts of the Boosting Committee Has Resulted in a Large Sale of Advance Tickets

W. E. Dudley, superintendent of the Chautauqua, arrived in Brainerd Sunday and is completing arrangements for the Chautauqua which is to be held in Brainerd near the post-office commencing Wednesday and will continue until next Sunday.

An excellent program is assured and citizens are advised to secure their season tickets at an early date.

The booster committee selling tickets included the following:

First Ward—O. H. Johnson, chairman, Thos. Beare, E. P. Slipp, W. A. M. Johnston, P. H. Gruenhagen, James M. Elder.

Second Ward—Carl Zapffe, chairman, B. J. Broady, Rev. R. E. Cody, G. A. Beale.

Third Ward—G. W. Chadbourne, chairman, H. E. Kunder, Dr. Joseph Nicholson, Morris Polson.

Fourth Ward—Prof. J. A. Wilson, chairman, Dr. E. E. Long, C. E. Hansing, R. M. Sheets and E. W. Thomas.

Fifth Ward—Judge Gustav Halvorsen, chairman, Nels Johnson, L. O. Kelsen, H. F. Michael.

A final canvass of the city is being made today. Tickets for the season, bought now from the committee, are a great saving and much cheaper than paying single admissions for each entertainment.

Miss Maud Campbell is the play specialist. The program of the Chautauqua for Wednesday, August 16, the opening day, follows:

Half Past Two—Opening exercises and important announcements.

Opening Program—The Savranoffs, clever Russian musicians featuring Russian musical instruments and melodies.

Three O'clock—Stewart I. Long, with an inspirational lecture on the work of "Reaching the Goal." Admission 25 cents.

Four O'clock—Funfest for the children. The play specialist meets the boys and girls and tells all about the "Fox and Hound" chase which begins at once.

Eight O'clock—The Savranoffs, a delightful musical program rich in variety and spice.

Quarter to Nine—Fred J. Clark, who delivers a timely and interesting lecture on several kinds of fools. Admission 25 cents.

## FRIENDS NOTICE GREAT CHANGE

Charles Vanbel's Improvement Seen by Acquaintances

TANLAC GIVEN ALL THE CREDIT  
Minneapolis Man Declares He Never Felt Better in His Life Than Now—Tenders Hearty Praise For Celebrated New Medicine

Minneapolis, Minn., August 15—Charles P. Vanbel, a clerk at the Minneapolis Iron Store, who lives at 5241 Forty-second avenue, south, told on July 1, of the remarkable benefits he gained through use of the celebrated new medicine, Tanlac.

"I suffered from stomach trouble for a long time," Mr. Vanbel said. "It seemed my whole system was in a run down condition. Gas would form in my stomach and I was troubled frequently with bloating. My appetite was poor also. I was told that my stomach was ulcerated."

"Friends recommended Tanlac and I decided to try it. I certainly feel fine now after taking four bottles of the medicine. I eat heartily and thoroughly enjoy my meals. The gas formations have ceased and my digestion is excellent."

"Tanalac certainly has done me a lot of good. My friends all tell me I never looked healthier in my life than now and I believe I never felt better than I do now."

Tanalac, the Master Medicine, is especially beneficial for stomach, liver and kidney trouble, catarrhal complaint, rheumatism, nervousness, sleeplessness, loss of appetite and the like.

Tanalac is now being specially introduced and explained in Brainerd at Johnson's Pharmacy.—Adv.

His Legacy.  
"DM your rich uncle leave you much?" "Four good excuses for breaking his will!"—Detroit Free Press.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY

# WAISTS Quite the Most Beautifully New



Again have we replenished our rack of \$1.25 waists with the very newest styles. The qualities too are most remarkable. All sizes 34 to 46.

Then we have also received new styles for the \$2.50 rack which are very, very good.

**H. F. MICHAEL Co.**



### Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation of Brainerd Gas and Electric Company

The undersigned, A. G. Whitney, President, and A. J. Bemis, Secretary, respectively, of the Brainerd Gas and Electric Company, a corporation organized, created and existing under the laws of the State of Minnesota, do hereby certify that at a special stockholders' meeting of the stockholders of said corporation, held at the office of the corporation at St. Cloud, Stearns County, Minnesota, on August 8th, A. D. 1916, pursuant to waiver of service of notice and consent in writing signed by all the stockholders of said corporation, holding all the issued and outstanding capital stock of said corporation, the first two paragraphs of Article VI of the Certificate of Incorporation of said corporation was duly amended by the unanimous vote of all the stockholders of said corporation so that the same shall read as follows:

"The total amount of the authorized capital stock of this corporation is One Hundred Forty Thousand Dollars (\$140,000), divided into fourteen hundred (1400) shares of the par value of One Hundred Dollars (\$100) each."

O said stock, four hundred (400) shares shall be first preferred stock and one thousand (1,000) shares shall be common stock."

And Article VII of said Certificate of Incorporation of said corporation was duly amended by the unanimous vote of all the stockholders of said corporation so that the same shall read as follows:

"ARTICLE VII.  
The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which this corporation shall at any time be subject shall be the sum of Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$700,000)."

This Certificate is made pursuant to authority given to the undersigned by the stockholders and directors of said corporation.

In Witness Whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed the corporate seal of said corporation this 8th day of August, A. D. 1916.

A. G. WHITNEY,  
President of Brainerd Gas and Electric Company.

A. J. BEMIS,  
Secretary of Brainerd Gas and Electric Company.

(Brainerd, Gas & Electric Company, Brainerd, Minn., Incorporated 1916.)

Signed, Seal and Delivered in Presence of:  
C. J. NEVINS,  
HOMER A. MCKENZIE.

State of Minnesota, County of Stearns, ss.

Be It Known, that on this 8th day of August, A. D. 1916, before me, a Notary Public within and for said County, personally appeared A. G. Whitney and A. J. Bemis to me well known, who, being each by me first duly sworn, did say that they are, respectively, the President and Secretary of Brainerd Gas and Electric Company, the corporation named in the foregoing instrument, and that the seal affixed to said instrument is the corporate seal of said corporation; and the said A. G. Whitney and A. J. Bemis acknowledged said instrument to be their free act and deed.

HOMER A. MCKENZIE,  
Notary Public, Stearns Co., Minn.  
My commission expires April 25, 1920.

(Notarial Seal, Stearns Co., Minn.)

59059

State of Minnesota, County of Crow Wing, ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record this 14th day of August, A. D. 1916, at 4 o'clock P. M. and recorded in Book P of Misc., on page 197.

A. G. TROMMALD,  
Register of Deeds.

State of Minnesota, Department of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 12th day of August, A. D. 1916, at 9 o'clock A. M., and was duly recorded in Book C-4 of Incorporations, on page 368.

JULIUS A. SCHMAHL,  
Secretary of State.

Lives Up to His Name.

"For the first year of his married life Runder came to dinner in evening clothes."

"What does he do now?"

"Now he comes to breakfast in them."—Boston Transcript.

### ORDINANCE NUMBER 284

An ordinance amending ordinance number 227 as amended by ordinance number 242, being an ordinance establishing sewer district number 5.

The City Council of the City of Brainerd do Ordain:

1. That ordinance number 227 as amended by ordinance number 242, be and the same is hereby amended so that the boundaries of sewer district number 5 be and they are hereby designated as follows:

Beginning at the southwest corner of Block numbered Two (2) of Fairview Addition to the City of Brainerd; thence north to the northwest corner of Block Numbered Eight (8) of said addition; thence east to south-west corner of Lum & Kopp's Addition; thence north to the northwest corner of said addition; thence east to First Avenue; thence east along Pearl Street to Third Avenue; thence north to Ash Avenue; thence east to Third Street; thence south to the alley south of Oak Street; thence west to the northeast corner of Lot Numbered One (1) of Block Numbered One (1) of Miller's Addition to East Brainerd; thence south to Pine street; thence west to the center of Block Numbered Two (2) of said Miller's Addition; thence south to Forsyth Street; thence west to Fifth Avenue; thence south to Farrar Street; thence west to the alley between Fourth and Fifth Avenue; thence south to Kindred Street; thence west to the point of beginning.

2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force on and after one week after its publication.

Passed August 7th, 1916.

E. A. FARRAR,  
President of City Council.

Approved August 9th, 1916.

R. A. BEISE,  
Mayor.

Attest:  
A. MAHLUM,  
City Clerk.

Published August 15th, 1916.

### IN THE WORLD OF TRADE

Busy Brainerd Merchants Extending Their Sphere of Trade, Considerable Wholesaling

George Cossette of Merrillfield, has bought a silo ensilage cutter from the Slipp-Gruenhagen Co. The cutter does its work well and is giving the best of satisfaction.

From Brainerd as a central point, the Lakeside Lumber Co. is shipping Beaverboard and wholesaling it in large lots. Territory of the Dakotas, Wisconsin, Minnesota, etc., are supplied from Brainerd. The local trade in the article is increasing. It is especially handy and convenient in the remodeling of houses, etc.

W. E. Lively is now established in his new quarters in the Mahlum block, where he has over twice as much space as at the former location, 719 Laurel street. All activities are on the main floor of the Mahlum block and plenty of light and room enables repairs to be made in the quickest time to motorcycles and automobiles. Erick Carlson is in charge of repairing motorcycles, guns, bicycles, etc., and is an experienced, trustworthy man who delights to do a good job. Erick Swanson and Hansel Sandberg are in charge of repairing automobiles. They are good men and turn out a lot of work. A section of Mr. Lively's quarters is devoted to storage of cars. He also has a warehouse on the corner of Tenth and Pine streets.

S. I. Shankle and R. B. Austin have established the "Reliable Land Agency" located at 506 Front street. They have a list of 40,000 acres of land in Atkin county and considerable in Crow Wing county. Mr. Shankle is widely acquainted in Crow Wing and Atkin counties and is a business man of experience. Mr. Austin is engaged in the barber business and has had previous experience in negotiating land sales.

There is no let up in the sale of Fords, says John F. Woodhead, president of the Woodhead Motor Co. Additional cars have been secured because their territory has been greatly enlarged. The sale of Overlands is keeping pace with the Fords. New garages are springing up about Brainerd like mushrooms over night.

**10 Cooking Lessons**

**54 Excellent Tested Recipes**

bound in convenient form for use in your kitchen will be mailed FREE if you send your name and address.

The cooking lessons explain how you can always have "good luck" in your baking through choosing the right materials, mixing them, regulating the heat of your oven, etc.

Address  
**JAQUES MFG. CO., CHICAGO**

### CUNNING NEST BUILDERS.

Humming Birds' Homes Are Not Hidden, Yet They Defy Detection.

Even in these parts of tropical America where, as in Colombia, humming birds are vastly numerous, it is almost impossible for the most experienced naturalist to find their nests, in this, although as a rule they are not hidden at all, the feathered builders relying for concealment upon the likeness of their tiny houses to the surroundings amid which they are placed. A hummer's nest always corresponds exactly in color with the branch to which it is attached. It may imitate a knot or other excrescence. Thus the Calliope humming bird of the western United States often builds on a dead pine twig, either upon or near a cone of similar size and hue.

Usually the nests of humming birds are cup shaped or turban shaped, and their material is always plant down. Such down, resembling cotton wool, but of more delicate fiber, is gathered from the stems of ferns and other plants. This is woven together with spiders' webs into a compact mass. Usually they ornament the outside of the nest with small feathers or lichens which they obtain by detaching them from the rocks where these humble plants grow. These they fasten with cobwebs all over the exterior of their tiny house.

When these wee architects suspend their nests from leaves or tendrils they are always weighted for stability in order that they may not be upset by every passing breeze. For this purpose the bottom is made very thick. But the most remarkable expedient is that adopted by the bill stars, which dwell far up near the snow line of the Andes. They weight the tiny suspended house on the lighter side with a pebble to give the proper balance. There is no question whatever that this is done, and many of the nests of such species preserved in collections are found to contain pebbles.—Rose L. Honeyman in St. Nicholas.

### HE GOT STUCK IN THE MUD.

Then He Discovered the Magic Power of the Water Jet.

The water jet has been used for so many years in putting down and pulling piling that its discovery has long since been lost sight of. It was used during the civil war and for many years previous by government engineers.

Tradition has it that the discoverer

### INCREDIBLE RESULTS STARTLE BRAINERD

There has never been anything here with the incredible results of simple lavapitk eye wash. One man's eyes were so badly strained he could not read five minutes without pain. Two applications with lavapitk relieved him. A lady had tried three different glasses for weak, inflamed eyes. One lavapitk wash surprised her. We guarantee a small bottle to benefit every case weak, strained or inflamed eyes. One wash produces incredible results. Johnson's Pharmacy.—Adv.

62tf

of the advantages of the water jet was a government engineer and that his discovery was made in the following manner: It seems that along in the forties this engineer was building a wharf and was having unusual difficulty in putting down his piling. One day in wading around his boots became stuck in a tenacious mud, and he found it impossible to pull them out. This happened to be a hose near by, and one of the men handed it to the officer, the idea being that he would wash the mud away from his boots. The water was turned on, and the officer applied a stream to his feet.

To his surprise he sank deeper. He tried it again and went down still farther in the mud. By this time he was in up to his waist and still going down. Astonished by his discovery, he continued to apply the stream to his feet, and he might be going down yet had not his men come to the rescue and pulled him out by means of a small hand derrick.

Once on shore he began "to think the matter out." If a stream of water applied to a man's feet will cause him to sink deeper in the mud why wouldn't it have the same effect if applied to the base of a pile? He tried it, and the pile which had obstinately refused to go down before sank easily to place, and in that way, so runs the story, was discovered the use of the water jet for putting down piling.—Philadelphia Record.

Bishop Brewer Critically Ill. Helena, Mont., Aug. 15.—Right Rev. Leigh R. Brewer, bishop of the Montana diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church, is critically ill of a complication of diseases due to his age. Attending physicians hold out no hope for their patient, but say he may live several days. Bishop Brewer is seventy-seven years old.



## BARELY ESCAPE WITH THEIR LIVES

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur L. Biern, 316 South Quince, Lose All Possessions Early This Morning

HOUSE OWNED BY JOHN FOURRE

Exploding Oil Stove Believed to Have Caused Fire—Little Insurance Carried

Aroused by smoke and flames, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur L. Biern leaped in their night clothes from the windows of their home, 316 South Quince street, at 3 in the morning and found refuge at her father's home, John L. Nelson, of 309 Quince. House and contents were completely destroyed.

An exploding oil stove in the new kitchen built on is believed to have been the cause of the fire. Mrs. Biern has been sick and the shock nearly prostrated her.

A small amount of insurance was on the furniture owned by the Bierns and on the house, owned by John Fourre.

John Fourre states the residence was worth \$1,500 and that he carried \$500 insurance.

## BRAINERD'S ODDEST STORIES TODAY

It's a strenuous day we are living in. It's a poor stick of a day which does not produce a strike, I. W. W. invasion, or misunderstanding of some kind.

"Had a strike down at my house today," said a man to his friend.

"Yes," was the reply. "My wife struck me for \$5."

Gasoline has an ascending scale of prices, as reported by some automobile drivers. At Minneapolis 19c, St. Cloud 20c, Brainerd 25c.

## DEATH OF CHARLES LAUREL

Had Been Member 14th Regiment Connecticut Infantry, Funeral on Thursday

Charles Laurel, age 84, died from the infirmities of old age at his residence 1201 South Seventh street. He served in the civil war as a member of the 14th regiment of Connecticut infantry. He leaves a wife, son Walter and daughter Mrs. May Strand. He had lived in Brainerd 15 years and was a member of the local Grand Army post. The funeral will be held from the B. C. McNamara undertaking rooms on Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, Rev. W. J. Lowrie, pastor of the First Presbyterian church officiating.

## NOTICE

To Motorcycle and Automobile Drivers

The law orders cutouts closed in city limits. Infractions of this state law subjects the offender to arrest.

HENRY SQUIRES, Chief of Police.

## Lots of Heroes.

Sillicus—Have you noticed that most heroes are married men? Cynicus—Sir, every married man is a hero.

## Specials For Tuesday and Wednesday

At the

## STAR CASH GROCERY

The Store That Shares Their Profit With You

Sugar, 25 lb. bag	\$1.95
Flour, best patent, per 98 lbs.	3.85
3 lb. can coffee with gilt edge cup and saucer	.98
Swift Pride soap, 10 bars	.29
Cantelepe, 3 for	.25
Watermelons, each	.40
Bananas, per doz.	.25
Fancy bacon, per lb.	.20
Hams, choice, per lb.	.20
Cream Cheese, per lb.	.20
Brick Cheese, per lb.	.20
Corn Flakes, 4 pkgs	.20
Large Balled Oats, per package	.20
Large Size Gold Dust	.20
5 lb. can Baking Powder	.90
Gallon cans Apples, each	.38
Gallon Karo Syrup	.40
Soda, 3 pkgs	.20
10lb. Pail Lard	1.55
5 lb. Pail Lard	.85
3 lb. Pail Lard	.48
Eggs, per dozen	.25

Order Early Deliveries Made of All Purchases Over \$1.00

Phone N. W. 286-L Automatic 6612

## I. W. W. ARE CONDEMNED

Citizens Propose to Help Officers to Protect the Workers—Mass Meeting Adopted Resolutions

Whereas, as conditions on the Cuyuna range are in an unsettled condition, and

Whereas, there has been a strike declared by a few of the miners influenced by outside agitators, and

Whereas, on the 9th day of August, 1916, a vote was taken by the miners and it was shown that 95 per cent were in favor of continuing work and 5 per cent in favor of a strike, and

Whereas, the few have been parading the streets and holding meetings, and performing acts tending to intimidate those miners who are desirous of working and forcing them to quit work and

Whereas, certain persons claiming to be I. W. W. have come from divers places to the Cuyuna range for the purpose of inciting riots, and by their speeches are trying to, and do, intimidate miners, and cause them to quit their work at the mines, and

Whereas, we, citizens of the Cuyuna Range, feel that it is to the best interest of all that actions by the I. W. W. and those few who have been influenced by them to leave their occupations at the mines and join with the I. W. W. in their unlawful practices, is a menace to the public welfare, and

Whereas, the lives and property of citizens have become endangered, and it is becoming unsafe for persons desirous of working at the mines to do so, and

Whereas, the I. W. W. and their followers are threatening to do serious bodily harm to miners who persist in pursuing their labor, and

Whereas, the condition of the miners of the Cuyuna Range has been and now is satisfactory, and the mining companies are paying the best wages that they have ever paid, and

Whereas, no demand has been made on the mining companies by the strikers and no complaint entered as to conditions in the mines, or as to wages, and

Whereas, we, citizens of the Cuyuna range believe that the present difficulty is caused by I. W. W. from the Mesaba range and that any inducements or concessions granted by the mining companies at this time would not be accepted or considered so long as these agitators are allowed to remain on the Cuyuna range; now therefore:

Be It Resolved by we, the citizens of the Cuyuna range in meeting assembled, that we condemn the actions of the I. W. W. and their followers, and we as citizens pledge ourselves to see that the laws are enforced, and that miners desirous of continuing their work at the mines, shall have protection.

August 11, 1916.

CITIZENS OF CUYUNA RANGE.

## Boilermakers and Helpers

Are on strike at the gas plant for union wages and hours, on the erection of gas holders.

J. G. BROWN, 6143 Business Agent Boilermakers.

## BIBLE DECEIVES CENSOR.

Nurse Tells of Famine in Turkey; Cholera Also Prevalent.

Using Biblical quotations on a postcard to deceive the Turkish censor, a missionary nurse "got across" a story of famine, pestilence and personal danger confronting American missionaries in Turkey.

Ostensibly the card received by a friend and published by the American board of commissioners for foreign missions is just a word of greeting. Its wording is:

"We shall very soon have to test the first part of the twentieth verse of the fifth chapter of Job and still sooner, even now, of the last of Ps. xli. 3. What a blessing to have a God who is true and able. Lots of love to you all. Dr. Hamlin's famous mixture in demand here."

Job v. 20, reads, "In famine we shall redeem thee from death."

Ps. xli. 3, reads, "For He shall deliver thee from the snare of the fowler and from the noisome pestilence."

"Dr. Hamlin's mixture" is a medicine used in the treatment of cholera.

## BEES' BUZZ PARALYZED.

Epidemic Sends Honeybees Into Hive Corners to Die.

An epidemic resembling paralysis has started among the Ohio bee colonies and threatens to reduce materially the state's output of honey, according to an announcement by N. E. Shaw, state bee inspector. The federal government is sending Dr. E. F. Phillips, its chief bee expert, to the state to investigate the case.

Bees attacked by the disease quit work, go off to a corner of the hive and lie there until they die, says Mr. Shaw.

Best Man Many Times.

Frederick W. Nordoff of Baltimore, although single, has acted as best man forty times at the wedding of his friends. He says he has never had the time to marry.

## CHAUTAUQUA OPENS AUG. 16

W. E. Dudley, Superintendent, Arrived in Brainerd Sunday and Completing Arrangements

LOCATED NEAR THE POSTOFFICE

Efforts of the Boosting Committee Has Resulted in a Large Sale of Advance Tickets

W. E. Dudley, superintendent of the Chautauqua, arrived in Brainerd Sunday and is completing arrangements for the Chautauqua which is to be held in Brainerd near the postoffice commencing Wednesday and will continue until next Sunday.

An excellent program is assured and citizens are advised to secure their season tickets at an early date.

The booster committee selling tickets included the following:

First Ward—O. H. Johnson, chairman, Thos. Beare, E. P. Shipp, W. A. M. Johnstone, F. H. Gruenhagen, James M. Elder.

Second Ward—Carl Zapffe, chairman, R. J. Broady, Rev. R. E. Cody, G. A. Beale.

Third Ward—G. W. Chadbourne, chairman, H. E. Kundert, Dr. Joseph Nicholson, Morris Polson.

Fourth Ward—Prof. J. A. Wilson, chairman, Dr. E. E. Long, C. E. Hansing, R. M. Sheets and E. W. Thomas.

Fifth Ward—Judge Gustaf Halvorson, chairman, Nels Johnson, L. O. Kelsen, H. F. Michael.

A final canvass of the city is being made today. Tickets for the season, bought now from the committee, are a great saving and much cheaper than paying single admissions for each entertainment.

Miss Maud Campbell is the play specialist. The program of the Chautauqua for Wednesday, August 16, the opening day, follows:

Half Past Two—Opening exercises and important announcements.

Opening Program—The Savranoffs, clever Russian musicians featuring Russian musical instruments and melodies.

Three O'clock—Stewart I. Long, with an inspirational lecture on the work of "Reaching the Goal." Admission 25 cents.

Four O'clock—Funfest for the children. The play specialist meets the boys and girls and tells all about the "Fox and Hound" chase which begins at once.

Eight O'clock—The Savranoffs, a delightful musical program rich in variety and spice.

Quarter to Nine—Fred J. Clark, who delivers a timely and interesting lecture on several kinds of fools. Admission 25 cents.

## FRIENDS NOTICE GREAT CHANGE

Charles Vanbel's Improvement Seen by Acquaintances

TANLAC GIVEN ALL THE CREDIT

Minneapolis Man Declares He Never Felt Better in His Life Than Now—Tenders Hearty Praise For Celebrated New Medicine

Minneapolis, Minn., August 15.—Charles P. Vanbel, a clerk at the Minneapolis Iron Store, who lives at 5241 Forty-second avenue, south, told on July 1, of the remarkable benefits he gained through use of the celebrated new medicine, Tanlac.

"I suffered from stomach trouble for a long time," Mr. Vanbel said. "It seemed my whole system was in a run down condition. Gas would form in my stomach and I was troubled frequently with bloating. My appetite was poor also. I was told that my stomach was ulcerated."

"Friends recommended Tanlac and I decided to try it. I certainly feel fine now after taking four bottles of the medicine. I eat heartily and thoroughly enjoy my meals. The gas formations have ceased and my digestion is excellent."

"Tanalac certainly has done me a lot of good. My friends all tell me I never looked healthier in my life than now and I believe I never felt better than I do now."

Tanalac, the Master Medicine, is especially beneficial for stomach, liver and kidney trouble, catarrhal complaint, rheumatism, nervousness, sleeplessness, loss of appetite and the like.

Tanalac is now being specially introduced and explained in Brainerd at Johnson's Pharmacy.—Advt.

## His Legacy.

"Did your rich uncle leave you much?" "Four good excuses for breaking his will!"—Detroit Free Press.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY

# WAISTS Quite the Most Beautifully New



Again have we replenished our rack of \$1.25 waists with the very newest styles. The qualities too are most remarkable. All sizes 34 to 46.

Then we have also received new styles for the \$2.50 rack which are very, very good.

H. F. MICHAEL Co.



## Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation of Brainerd Gas and Electric Company

The undersigned, A. G. Whitney, President, and A. J. Bemis, Secretary, respectively, of the Brainerd Gas and Electric Company, a corporation organized, created and existing under the laws of the State of Minnesota, do hereby certify that at a special stockholders' meeting of the stockholders of said corporation, held at the office of the corporation at St. Cloud, Stearns County, Minnesota, on August 8th, A. D. 1916, pursuant to waiver of service of notice and consent in writing signed by all the stockholders of said corporation, holding all the issued and outstanding capital stock of said corporation, the first two paragraphs of Article VI of the Certificate of Incorporation of said corporation was duly amended by the unanimous vote of all the stockholders of said corporation so that the same shall read as follows:

"The total amount of the authorized capital stock of this corporation is One Hundred Forty Thousand Dollars (\$140,000), divided into fourteen hundred (1400) shares of the par value of One Hundred Dollars (\$100) each.

O said stock, four hundred (400) shares shall be first preferred stock and one thousand (1,000) shares shall be common stock."

And Article VII of said Certificate of Incorporation of said corporation was duly amended by the unanimous vote of all the stockholders of said corporation so that the same shall read as follows:

"ARTICLE VII. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which this corporation shall at any time be subject shall be the sum of Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$700,000)."

This Certificate is made pursuant to authority given to the undersigned by the stockholders and directors of said corporation.

In Witness Whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed the corporate seal of said corporation this 8th day of August, A. D. 1916.

A. G. WHITNEY, President of Brainerd Gas and Electric Company.

A. J. BEMIS, Secretary of Brainerd Gas and Electric Company. (Brainerd Gas & Electric Company, Brainerd, Minn., Incorporated 1916.)

Signed, Seal and Delivered in Presence of: C. J. NEYENS, HOMER A. MCKENZIE.

State of Minnesota, County of Stearns, ss.

Be It Known, that on this 8th day of August, A. D. 1916, before me, a Notary Public within and for said County, personally appeared A. G. Whitney and A. J. Bemis to me well known, who, being each by me first duly sworn, did say that they are, respectively, the President and Secretary of Brainerd Gas and Electric Company, the corporation named in the foregoing instrument, and that the seal affixed to said instrument is the corporate seal of said corporation; and the said A. G. Whitney and A. J. Bemis acknowledged said instrument to be their free act and deed.

HOMER A. MCKENZIE, Notary Public, Stearns Co., Minn. My commission expires April 25, 1920.

(Notarial Seal, Stearns Co., Minn.)

59959

State of Minnesota, County of Crow Wing, ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record this 14th day of August, A. D. 1916, at 4 o'clock P. M. and recorded in Book P of Minn., on page 167.

A. G. TROMMALD, Register of Deeds.

State of Minnesota, Department of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 12th day of August, A. D. 1916, at 9 o'clock A. M., and was duly recorded in Book C-4 of Incorporations, on page 208.

JULIUS A. SCHMAHL, Secretary of State.

Lives Up to His Name.

"For the first year of his married life, Boulder came to dinner in evening clothes."

"What does he do now?" "Now he comes to breakfast in them."—Boston Transcript.

## ORDINANCE NUMBER 284

An ordinance amending ordinance number 227 as amended by ordinance number 242, being an ordinance establishing sewer district number 5.

The City Council of the City of Brainerd do Ordain:

1. That ordinance number 227 as amended by ordinance number 242, be and the same is hereby amended so that the boundaries of sewer district number 5 be and they are hereby designated as follows:

Beginning at the southwest corner of Block numbered Two (2) of Fairview Addition to the City of Brainerd; thence north to the northwest corner of said addition; thence east to south corner of Lum & Koop's Addition; thence north to the northwest corner of said addition; thence east to First Avenue; thence east along Pearl Street to Third Avenue; thence north to Ash Avenue; thence east to Third Street; thence south to the alley south of Oak Street; thence west to the northeast corner of Lot Numbered One (1), Block Numbered One (1) of Miller's Addition to East Brainerd; thence south to Pine Street; thence west to the center of Block Numbered Two (2) of said Miller's Addition; thence south to Forsyth Street; thence west to Fifth Avenue; thence south to Farrar Street; thence west to the alley between Fourth and Fifth Avenue; thence south to Kindred Street; thence west to the point of beginning.

2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force on and after one week after its publication.

Passed August 7th, 1916.

F. A. FARRAR, President of City Council.

Approved August 9th, 1916.

R. A. BEISE, Mayor.

Attest: A. MAHLUM, City Clerk.

Published August 15th, 1916.

## IN THE WORLD OF TRADE

Easy Brainerd Merchants Extending Their Sphere of Trade, Considerable Wholesaling

George Comette of Merrill, has bought a site enclage cutter from the Shipp-Gruenhagen Co. The cutter does its work well and is giving the best of satisfaction.

From Brainerd as a central point, the Lakeside Lumber Co. is shipping Beaverboard and wholesaling it in large lots. Territory of the Dakotas, Wisconsin, Minnesota, etc., are supplied from Brainerd. The local trade in the article is increasing. It is especially handy and convenient in the remodeling of houses, etc.

W. E. Lively is now established in his new quarters in the Mahlum block, where he has over twice as much space as at the former location, 719 Laurel street. All activities are on the main floor of the Mahlum block and plenty of light and room enables repairs to be made in the quickest time to motorcycles and automobiles. Erick Carlson is in charge of repairing motorcycles, guns, bicycles, etc., and is an experienced, trustworthy man who delights to do a good job. Erick Swanson and Hansel Sandberg are in charge of repairing automobiles. They are good men and turn out a lot of work. A section of Mr. Lively's quarters is devoted to storage of cars. He also has a warehouse on the corner of Tenth and Pine streets.

S. I. Shankle and R. B. Austin have established the "Reliable Land Agency" located at 506 Front street. They have a list of 45,000 acres of land in Atkinson county and considerable land in Crow Wing county. Mr. Shankle is widely acquainted in Crow Wing and Atkinson counties and is a business man of experience. Mr. Austin is engaged in the barber business and has had previous experience in negotiating land sales.

There is no let up in the sale of Ford, says John F. Woodhead, president of the Woodhead Motor Co. Additional cars have been secured because their territory has been greatly enlarged. The sale of Overlands is keeping pace with the Ford. New garages are springing up about Brainerd like mushrooms over night.

**10 Cooking Lessons**

**54 Excellent Tested Recipes**

bound in convenient form for use in your kitchen will be mailed FREE if you send your name and address.

The cooking lessons explain how you can always have "good luck" in your baking through choosing the right materials, mixing them, regulating the heat of your oven, etc.

Address  
**JAQUES MFG. CO., CHICAGO**

## CUNNING NEST BUILDERS.

Humming Birds' Homes Are Not Hidden, Yet They Defy Detection.

Even in those parts of tropical America where, as in Colombia, humming birds are vastly numerous, it is almost impossible for the most experienced naturalist to find their nests, in this, although as a rule they are not hidden at all, the feathered builders relying for concealment upon the likeness of their tiny houses to the surroundings amid which they are placed. A humming bird's nest always corresponds exactly in color with the branch to which it is attached. It may imitate a knot or other excrescence. Thus the Calliope hummingbird bird of the western United States often builds on a dead pine twig, either upon or near a cone of similar size and hue.

Usually the nests of humming birds are cup shaped or tubular shaped, and their material is always plant down. Such down, resembling cotton wool, but of more delicate fiber, is gathered from the stems of ferns and other plants. This is woven together with spiders' webs into a compact mass. Usually they ornament the outside of the nest with small feathers or lichens which they obtain by detaching them from the rocks where these humble plants grow. These they fasten with cobwebs all over the exterior of their tiny house.

When these wee architects suspend their nests from leaves or tendrils they are always weighted for stability in order that they may not be upset by every passing breeze. For this purpose the bottom is made very thick. But the most remarkable expedient is that adopted by the bill stars, which dwell far up near the snow line of the Andes. They weight the tiny suspended house on the lighter side with a pebble to give the proper balance. There is no question whatever that this is done, and many of the nests of such species preserved in collections are found to contain pebbles.—Rose L. Honeyman in St. Nicholas.

## HE GOT STUCK IN THE MUD.

Then He Discovered the Magic Power of the Water Jet.

The water jet has been used for so many years in putting down and pulling piling that its discovery has long since been lost sight of. It was used during the civil war and for many years previous by government engineers.

Tradition has it that the discoverer

## INCREDIBLE RESULTS

STARTLE BRAINERD

There has never been anything here with the incredible results of simple lavoptik eye wash. One man's eyes were so badly strained he could not read five minutes without pain. Two applications with lavoptik relieved him. A lady had tried three different glasses for weak, inflamed eyes. One lavoptik wash surprised her. We guarantee a small bottle to benefit every case weak, strained or inflamed eyes. One wash produces incredible results. Johnson's Pharmacy.—Advt. 621f

of the advantages of the water jet was a government engineer and that his discovery was made in the following manner: It seems that along in the forties this engineer was building a wharf and was having unusual difficulty in putting down his piling. One day in wading around his boots became stuck in a tenacious mud, and he found it impossible to pull them out. There happened to be a hose near by, and one of the men handed it to the officer, the idea being that he would wash the mud away from his boots. The water was turned on, and the officer applied a stream to his feet.

To his surprise he sank deeper. He tried it again and went down still farther in the mud. By this time he was in up to his waist and still going down. Astonished by his discovery, he continued to apply the stream to his feet, and he might be going down yet had not his men come to the rescue and pulled him out by means of a small hand derrick.

Once on shore he began "to think the matter out." If a stream of water applied to a man's feet will cause him to sink deeper in the mud why wouldn't it have the same effect if applied to the base of a pile? He tried it, and the pile which had obstinately refused to go down before sank easily to place, and in that way, so runs the story, was discovered the use of the water jet for putting down piling.—Philadelphia Record.

## Bishop Brewer Critically Ill.

Helena, Mont., Aug. 15.—Right Rev. Leigh R. Brewer, bishop of the Montana diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church, is critically ill of a complication of diseases due to his age. Attending physicians hold out no hope for their patient, but say he may live several days. Bishop Brewer is seventy-seven years old.



WANTS

HELP WANTED  
WANTED—Experienced grocery delivery clerk, address "K" Dispatch. 591f  
WANTED—Girl to work in the cigar factory. Schlange's, 414 Front street. 591f  
WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Carlson hotel, 5th street. 6213  
WANTED—Good reliable girl for general housework. Mrs. J. J. Undriats, 615 6th St. S. 601f  
WANTED—Good steady man for chore and general farm work. Apply Fred S. Parker. 491f  
WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Inquire of W. Mannemann clothing store. 481f  
WANTED—A first class kitchen girl. Will pay \$25.00 a month to right party. Apply at once at Ideal Cafe. 601f  
WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Call at Sliip-Gruen-hagen store and ask for Mr. Gruen-hagen. 571f  
WANTED—Sales manager for northern Minnesota for eastern factory; staple, highclass line; reference required; position permanent; must have capital to finance your-self first month. Position good for \$250 per month. Apply by letter before Wednesday night, E-273, Dispatch. 6113

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms at 309 N. 7th. 6112  
FOR RENT—Furnished flats for light housekeeping. Pearce block. 541f  
FOR RENT—Modern 6 room flat. Call E. C. Bana, 1st National bank, 72-L. 441f  
FOR RENT—Eight room house 615 Maple street. Jas. R. Smith, Sleep-er block. 161f  
FOR RENT—Sleeping room for one or two and light housekeeping suite at Mahlum block. 6116  
FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with bath, telephone, block from high school, 722 South Broadway. 1f  
FOR RENT—Three down stairs rooms, furnished or unfurnished for light housekeeping. Also fur-nished rooms 422 N. 7th St. 6115p

FOR SALE

FOR SALE CHEAP—1915 Mitchell car, used as demonstrator. Act quick. A. A. Arnold. 6215  
FOR SALE—One team and harness, two wagons and buggy and set of sleds. Inquire 715 S. Broadway. 6116-w1  
FOR SALE—House, barn and two lots, 1205 South 5th street, \$1300, half payment down. George H. Gardner. 371f

MISCELLANEOUS

IF you have property for sale or rent list it with Nettleton. 231f  
WANTED—I have customers for residence property and vacant lots. List your property for sale with Jas. R. Smith, Sleeper block. 228u  
WANTED—By industrious man, strictly temperate, some kind of employment; can furnish a team; would live on a farm. What have you got to offer in the line of work. State particulars. Member K. O. T. M. Address A. E. Fraser, Brainerd. 6213

Facilitating Payment of Bills.  
If we were in a business where we sent out bills to customers the first of every month, we should make it a point always to include a self addressed envelope for the return remittance. This practice involves small expense to the creditor, and it makes it a little harder for the debtor to find an excuse for lay-ing aside the bill for a few days. We notice in our own small affairs a ten-dency to pay first the bills whose pay-ment requires the least trouble, and we suppose other people are correspond-ingly lazy. Paying bills is hard enough work at best, and ought to be made as easy as possible.—Ohio State Journal.

A King's Library.  
Frederick the Great employed archi-tects to build a library, but they fought with true professional etiquette over their designs. The monarch who had braved the might of Europe was not to be defeated by a parcel of nagging professional men. "Confound you," said the king, "don't waste any more time! This cupboard opposite me is of a very good design; copy that." They did as they were ordered.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.  
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.  
FRANK J. CHENEY, Notary Public.  
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December A. D. 1886.  
(Seal)  
A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.  
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.  
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipa-tion.  
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

CHILD LABOR BILL OPENS NEW ISSUES

If Constitutional, Convict Made Goods May Be Prohibited.

FAVORED BY ORGANIZATION

Another Measure Likely to Follow Is That Closing Interstate Transportation to Leather Goods and Fabrics That Are Misrepresented by the Man-ufacturers.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, Aug. 15.—[Special].—Beyond the child labor bill, should the courts hold it constitutional, is much other legislation of a similar nature, but without the sentiment to push it along. The child labor bill appeals to the sympathies of people because most of us do not like the idea of small chil-dren spending their time in factories when they ought to be at school, with the liberty of play, every day.

The next measure which will follow the child labor bill is one to prohibit interstate transportation of convict made goods. Following that, an effort will be made to prohibit the transpor-tation of goods made where persons are employed more than eight hours a day. These measures will have the earnest support of the labor organiza-tions.

Pure Fabrics and Leather.

For several years there has been pending a measure to prohibit inter-state transportation of fabrics and leather goods that were not just such as represented. One man was elected to congress from Michigan on the issue and promise that he would pass such a measure. He came here and was lost, and so was his bill.

But if the principle is established that congress can prohibit the transpor-tation of goods made by children under a certain age there will be a pure fabric and leather bill—yes, and many others of a similar kind.

Suited Tom Marshall.

Vice President Marshall did not make much of an effort to check the tide of humor which flowed over the senate during a running debate be-tween Senators Stone of Missouri and Penrose of Pennsylvania. Such exhibi-tions please a man like Marshall, who likes a bit of humor as well as anybody.

The humorists are not plentiful in the senate. Penrose is the best, but he does not work at it very often. Kern of Indiana has a fund of humor on tap if he wanted to use it. John Sharp Williams of Mississippi is also gifted on those lines. Clapp of Minnesota makes humorous remarks now and then. That about exhausts the list, although several senators are good story tellers in the cloakrooms.

King and Taggart.

W. H. King, a Democrat of Utah, came to Washington to get help for the party in the western states. He told a number of men of the prospects and of the danger spots. While he was talk-ing along came Tom Taggart, and they were introduced. King recollected the Indiana man as a great political boss, and he went for him.

"We want some help," he said. "We want help from the White House. Wil-son is a great man, but he doesn't know anything about politics. Why don't a dozen or more of you go up there and tell him some things—put some polit-ical pep into him?"

Taggart blinked and looked askance. "You see," he replied, "it's not exact-ly my job. I'm new here in the senate. Talk to some of the older and more ex-perienced fellows."

Longworth's Quotation.

Congressman Longworth of Ohio read a quotation in the house which positively indorsed the principle of protection. He said he might get up a guessing contest as to the author, but would not take the time of the house. Sloan of Nebraska interrupted to say that he would give a guess that either Moore of Pennsylvania or Ford-ney of Michigan was the author, they being the two highest protectionists extant.

"It is neither," replied Longworth. "I am reading from a statement by President Wilson."

Leader Kilglin of North Carolina vehemently denied that the quotation came from any utterance of the pre-sident and insisted that it might have the views of Fordney or Moore, but not a Democratic president.

"Well," replied Longworth, "I may be a little late. This was made a week ago, and the president may have changed his mind."

Thus do statesmen play at humor and politics when they have little to do.

Power of Twelve Men.

"When this war in Europe is over," Senator Clapp of Minnesota told the senate, "there will be revolutions of some sort which will take from twelve men the power to command a force which will plunge millions into war."

Hit the Italic Case.

As the printers of the older days used to say, Senator Lewis "hit the italic case hard" when he made his speech answering Hughes' acceptance address—scarcely a column that was not liberally supplied with paragraphs and sentences in italics. The Illinois senator wanted to make his readers understand that he was emphatic in his utterances.

CARDINAL O'CONNELL.  
He Will Attend Big Cath-olic Week in New York.



Photo by American Press Association.

"Catholic week" in New York, open-ing Aug. 20, will bring to that city conventions of several large religious societies and Catholic leaders. Among the latter will be Cardinal William H. O'Connell of Boston, the youngest member of the Sacred college.

FAVORS SALE OF ISLANDS

Lower House of Danish Parliament Acts Favorably.

Copenhagen, Aug. 15.—The lower house of the Danish parliament voted in favor of selling the Danish West Indies to the United States, if a plebiscite favored the sale.

The vote was 62 for the proposition to 44 against it, one member being de-nied a vote and six being absent.

RESULTS ON THE DIAMOND

National League.

Standing of the Clubs—Brooklyn, 630; Boston, 592; Philadelphia, 588; New York, 515; Pittsburgh, 444; Chi-cago, 434; St. Louis, 431; Cincinnati, 387.

Cincinnati 6, Chicago 3.  
Brooklyn 5, Boston 2.  
Philadelphia 8, New York 0, 4.

American League.

Standing of the Clubs—Boston, 579; Cleveland, 564; Chicago, 559; St. Louis, 539; Detroit, 531; New York, 519; Washington, 486; Philadelphia, 212.

Cleveland 3, Detroit 2.  
New York 4, Philadelphia 3.  
Washington 2, Boston 1.

Northern League.

Superior 3, Fargo 4.  
Duluth 2, Winnipeg 2.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Aug. 14.—Wheat—On track and to arrive, No. 1 hard, \$1.48; No. 1 Northern, \$1.46; No. 2 Northern, \$1.42; No. 3 Northern, \$1.38; No. 4 Northern, \$1.34; No. 5 Northern, \$1.30; No. 6 Northern, \$1.26; No. 7 Northern, \$1.22; No. 8 Northern, \$1.18; No. 9 Northern, \$1.14; No. 10 Northern, \$1.10; No. 11 Northern, \$1.06; No. 12 Northern, \$1.02; No. 13 Northern, \$0.98; No. 14 Northern, \$0.94; No. 15 Northern, \$0.90; No. 16 Northern, \$0.86; No. 17 Northern, \$0.82; No. 18 Northern, \$0.78; No. 19 Northern, \$0.74; No. 20 Northern, \$0.70; No. 21 Northern, \$0.66; No. 22 Northern, \$0.62; No. 23 Northern, \$0.58; No. 24 Northern, \$0.54; No. 25 Northern, \$0.50; No. 26 Northern, \$0.46; No. 27 Northern, \$0.42; No. 28 Northern, \$0.38; No. 29 Northern, \$0.34; No. 30 Northern, \$0.30; No. 31 Northern, \$0.26; No. 32 Northern, \$0.22; No. 33 Northern, \$0.18; No. 34 Northern, \$0.14; No. 35 Northern, \$0.10; No. 36 Northern, \$0.06; No. 37 Northern, \$0.02; No. 38 Northern, \$0.00; No. 39 Northern, \$0.00; No. 40 Northern, \$0.00; No. 41 Northern, \$0.00; No. 42 Northern, \$0.00; No. 43 Northern, \$0.00; No. 44 Northern, \$0.00; No. 45 Northern, \$0.00; No. 46 Northern, \$0.00; No. 47 Northern, \$0.00; No. 48 Northern, \$0.00; No. 49 Northern, \$0.00; No. 50 Northern, \$0.00; No. 51 Northern, \$0.00; No. 52 Northern, \$0.00; No. 53 Northern, \$0.00; No. 54 Northern, \$0.00; No. 55 Northern, \$0.00; No. 56 Northern, \$0.00; No. 57 Northern, \$0.00; No. 58 Northern, \$0.00; No. 59 Northern, \$0.00; No. 60 Northern, \$0.00; No. 61 Northern, \$0.00; No. 62 Northern, \$0.00; No. 63 Northern, \$0.00; No. 64 Northern, \$0.00; No. 65 Northern, \$0.00; No. 66 Northern, \$0.00; No. 67 Northern, \$0.00; No. 68 Northern, \$0.00; No. 69 Northern, \$0.00; No. 70 Northern, \$0.00; No. 71 Northern, \$0.00; No. 72 Northern, \$0.00; No. 73 Northern, \$0.00; No. 74 Northern, \$0.00; No. 75 Northern, \$0.00; No. 76 Northern, \$0.00; No. 77 Northern, \$0.00; No. 78 Northern, \$0.00; No. 79 Northern, \$0.00; No. 80 Northern, \$0.00; No. 81 Northern, \$0.00; No. 82 Northern, \$0.00; No. 83 Northern, \$0.00; No. 84 Northern, \$0.00; No. 85 Northern, \$0.00; No. 86 Northern, \$0.00; No. 87 Northern, \$0.00; No. 88 Northern, \$0.00; No. 89 Northern, \$0.00; No. 90 Northern, \$0.00; No. 91 Northern, \$0.00; No. 92 Northern, \$0.00; No. 93 Northern, \$0.00; No. 94 Northern, \$0.00; No. 95 Northern, \$0.00; No. 96 Northern, \$0.00; No. 97 Northern, \$0.00; No. 98 Northern, \$0.00; No. 99 Northern, \$0.00; No. 100 Northern, \$0.00; No. 101 Northern, \$0.00; No. 102 Northern, \$0.00; No. 103 Northern, \$0.00; No. 104 Northern, \$0.00; No. 105 Northern, \$0.00; No. 106 Northern, \$0.00; No. 107 Northern, \$0.00; No. 108 Northern, \$0.00; No. 109 Northern, \$0.00; No. 110 Northern, \$0.00; No. 111 Northern, \$0.00; No. 112 Northern, \$0.00; No. 113 Northern, \$0.00; No. 114 Northern, \$0.00; No. 115 Northern, \$0.00; No. 116 Northern, \$0.00; No. 117 Northern, \$0.00; No. 118 Northern, \$0.00; No. 119 Northern, \$0.00; No. 120 Northern, \$0.00; No. 121 Northern, \$0.00; No. 122 Northern, \$0.00; No. 123 Northern, \$0.00; No. 124 Northern, \$0.00; No. 125 Northern, \$0.00; No. 126 Northern, \$0.00; No. 127 Northern, \$0.00; No. 128 Northern, \$0.00; No. 129 Northern, \$0.00; No. 130 Northern, \$0.00; No. 131 Northern, \$0.00; No. 132 Northern, \$0.00; No. 133 Northern, \$0.00; No. 134 Northern, \$0.00; No. 135 Northern, \$0.00; No. 136 Northern, \$0.00; No. 137 Northern, \$0.00; No. 138 Northern, \$0.00; No. 139 Northern, \$0.00; No. 140 Northern, \$0.00; No. 141 Northern, \$0.00; No. 142 Northern, \$0.00; No. 143 Northern, \$0.00; No. 144 Northern, \$0.00; No. 145 Northern, \$0.00; No. 146 Northern, \$0.00; No. 147 Northern, \$0.00; No. 148 Northern, \$0.00; No. 149 Northern, \$0.00; No. 150 Northern, \$0.00; No. 151 Northern, \$0.00; No. 152 Northern, \$0.00; No. 153 Northern, \$0.00; No. 154 Northern, \$0.00; No. 155 Northern, \$0.00; No. 156 Northern, \$0.00; No. 157 Northern, \$0.00; No. 158 Northern, \$0.00; No. 159 Northern, \$0.00; No. 160 Northern, \$0.00; No. 161 Northern, \$0.00; No. 162 Northern, \$0.00; No. 163 Northern, \$0.00; No. 164 Northern, \$0.00; No. 165 Northern, \$0.00; No. 166 Northern, \$0.00; No. 167 Northern, \$0.00; No. 168 Northern, \$0.00; No. 169 Northern, \$0.00; No. 170 Northern, \$0.00; No. 171 Northern, \$0.00; No. 172 Northern, \$0.00; No. 173 Northern, \$0.00; No. 174 Northern, \$0.00; No. 175 Northern, \$0.00; No. 176 Northern, \$0.00; No. 177 Northern, \$0.00; No. 178 Northern, \$0.00; No. 179 Northern, \$0.00; No. 180 Northern, \$0.00; No. 181 Northern, \$0.00; No. 182 Northern, \$0.00; No. 183 Northern, \$0.00; No. 184 Northern, \$0.00; No. 185 Northern, \$0.00; No. 186 Northern, \$0.00; No. 187 Northern, \$0.00; No. 188 Northern, \$0.00; No. 189 Northern, \$0.00; No. 190 Northern, \$0.00; No. 191 Northern, \$0.00; No. 192 Northern, \$0.00; No. 193 Northern, \$0.00; No. 194 Northern, \$0.00; No. 195 Northern, \$0.00; No. 196 Northern, \$0.00; No. 197 Northern, \$0.00; No. 198 Northern, \$0.00; No. 199 Northern, \$0.00; No. 200 Northern, \$0.00; No. 201 Northern, \$0.00; No. 202 Northern, \$0.00; No. 203 Northern, \$0.00; No. 204 Northern, \$0.00; No. 205 Northern, \$0.00; No. 206 Northern, \$0.00; No. 207 Northern, \$0.00; No. 208 Northern, \$0.00; No. 209 Northern, \$0.00; No. 210 Northern, \$0.00; No. 211 Northern, \$0.00; No. 212 Northern, \$0.00; No. 213 Northern, \$0.00; No. 214 Northern, \$0.00; No. 215 Northern, \$0.00; No. 216 Northern, \$0.00; No. 217 Northern, \$0.00; No. 218 Northern, \$0.00; No. 219 Northern, \$0.00; No. 220 Northern, \$0.00; No. 221 Northern, \$0.00; No. 222 Northern, \$0.00; No. 223 Northern, \$0.00; No. 224 Northern, \$0.00; No. 225 Northern, \$0.00; No. 226 Northern, \$0.00; No. 227 Northern, \$0.00; No. 228 Northern, \$0.00; No. 229 Northern, \$0.00; No. 230 Northern, \$0.00; No. 231 Northern, \$0.00; No. 232 Northern, \$0.00; No. 233 Northern, \$0.00; No. 234 Northern, \$0.00; No. 235 Northern, \$0.00; No. 236 Northern, \$0.00; No. 237 Northern, \$0.00; No. 238 Northern, \$0.00; No. 239 Northern, \$0.00; No. 240 Northern, \$0.00; No. 241 Northern, \$0.00; No. 242 Northern, \$0.00; No. 243 Northern, \$0.00; No. 244 Northern, \$0.00; No. 245 Northern, \$0.00; No. 246 Northern, \$0.00; No. 247 Northern, \$0.00; No. 248 Northern, \$0.00; No. 249 Northern, \$0.00; No. 250 Northern, \$0.00; No. 251 Northern, \$0.00; No. 252 Northern, \$0.00; No. 253 Northern, \$0.00; No. 254 Northern, \$0.00; No. 255 Northern, \$0.00; No. 256 Northern, \$0.00; No. 257 Northern, \$0.00; No. 258 Northern, \$0.00; No. 259 Northern, \$0.00; No. 260 Northern, \$0.00; No. 261 Northern, \$0.00; No. 262 Northern, \$0.00; No. 263 Northern, \$0.00; No. 264 Northern, \$0.00; No. 265 Northern, \$0.00; No. 266 Northern, \$0.00; No. 267 Northern, \$0.00; No. 268 Northern, \$0.00; No. 269 Northern, \$0.00; No. 270 Northern, \$0.00; No. 271 Northern, \$0.00; No. 272 Northern, \$0.00; No. 273 Northern, \$0.00; No. 274 Northern, \$0.00; No. 275 Northern, \$0.00; No. 276 Northern, \$0.00; No. 277 Northern, \$0.00; No. 278 Northern, \$0.00; No. 279 Northern, \$0.00; No. 280 Northern, \$0.00; No. 281 Northern, \$0.00; No. 282 Northern, \$0.00; No. 283 Northern, \$0.00; No. 284 Northern, \$0.00; No. 285 Northern, \$0.00; No. 286 Northern, \$0.00; No. 287 Northern, \$0.00; No. 288 Northern, \$0.00; No. 289 Northern, \$0.00; No. 290 Northern, \$0.00; No. 291 Northern, \$0.00; No. 292 Northern, \$0.00; No. 293 Northern, \$0.00; No. 294 Northern, \$0.00; No. 295 Northern, \$0.00; No. 296 Northern, \$0.00; No. 297 Northern, \$0.00; No. 298 Northern, \$0.00; No. 299 Northern, \$0.00; No. 300 Northern, \$0.00; No. 301 Northern, \$0.00; No. 302 Northern, \$0.00; No. 303 Northern, \$0.00; No. 304 Northern, \$0.00; No. 305 Northern, \$0.00; No. 306 Northern, \$0.00; No. 307 Northern, \$0.00; No. 308 Northern, \$0.00; No. 309 Northern, \$0.00; No. 310 Northern, \$0.00; No. 311 Northern, \$0.00; No. 312 Northern, \$0.00; No. 313 Northern, \$0.00; No. 314 Northern, \$0.00; No. 315 Northern, \$0.00; No. 316 Northern, \$0.00; No. 317 Northern, \$0.00; No. 318 Northern, \$0.00; No. 319 Northern, \$0.00; No. 320 Northern, \$0.00; No. 321 Northern, \$0.00; No. 322 Northern, \$0.00; No. 323 Northern, \$0.00; No. 324 Northern, \$0.00; No. 325 Northern, \$0.00; No. 326 Northern, \$0.00; No. 327 Northern, \$0.00; No. 328 Northern, \$0.00; No. 329 Northern, \$0.00; No. 330 Northern, \$0.00; No. 331 Northern, \$0.00; No. 332 Northern, \$0.00; No. 333 Northern, \$0.00; No. 334 Northern, \$0.00; No. 335 Northern, \$0.00; No. 336 Northern, \$0.00; No. 337 Northern, \$0.00; No. 338 Northern, \$0.00; No. 339 Northern, \$0.00; No. 340 Northern, \$0.00; No. 341 Northern, \$0.00; No. 342 Northern, \$0.00; No. 343 Northern, \$0.00; No. 344 Northern, \$0.00; No. 345 Northern, \$0.00; No. 346 Northern, \$0.00; No. 347 Northern, \$0.00; No. 348 Northern, \$0.00; No. 349 Northern, \$0.00; No. 350 Northern, \$0.00; No. 351 Northern, \$0.00; No. 352 Northern, \$0.00; No. 353 Northern, \$0.00; No. 354 Northern, \$0.00; No. 355 Northern, \$0.00; No. 356 Northern, \$0.00; No. 357 Northern, \$0.00; No. 358 Northern, \$0.00; No. 359 Northern, \$0.00; No. 360 Northern, \$0.00; No. 361 Northern, \$0.00; No. 362 Northern, \$0.00; No. 363 Northern, \$0.00; No. 364 Northern, \$0.00; No. 365 Northern, \$0.00; No. 366 Northern, \$0.00; No. 367 Northern, \$0.00; No. 368 Northern, \$0.00; No. 369 Northern, \$0.00; No. 370 Northern, \$0.00; No. 371 Northern, \$0.00; No. 372 Northern, \$0.00; No. 373 Northern, \$0.00; No. 374 Northern, \$0.00; No. 375 Northern, \$0.00; No. 376 Northern, \$0.00; No. 377 Northern, \$0.00; No. 378 Northern, \$0.00; No. 379 Northern, \$0.00; No. 380 Northern, \$0.00; No. 381 Northern, \$0.00; No. 382 Northern, \$0.00; No. 383 Northern, \$0.00; No. 384 Northern, \$0.00; No. 385 Northern, \$0.00; No. 386 Northern, \$0.00; No. 387 Northern, \$0.00; No. 388 Northern, \$0.00; No. 389 Northern, \$0.00; No. 390 Northern, \$0.00; No. 391 Northern, \$0.00; No. 392 Northern, \$0.00; No. 393 Northern, \$0.00; No. 394 Northern, \$0.00; No. 395 Northern, \$0.00; No. 396 Northern, \$0.00; No. 397 Northern, \$0.00; No. 398 Northern, \$0.00; No. 399 Northern, \$0.00; No. 400 Northern, \$0.00; No. 401 Northern, \$0.00; No. 402 Northern, \$0.00; No. 403 Northern, \$0.00; No. 404 Northern, \$0.00; No. 405 Northern, \$0.00; No. 406 Northern, \$0.00; No. 407 Northern, \$0.00; No. 408 Northern, \$0.00; No. 409 Northern, \$0.00; No. 410 Northern, \$0.00; No. 411 Northern, \$0.00; No. 412 Northern, \$0.00; No. 413 Northern, \$0.00; No. 414 Northern, \$0.00; No. 415 Northern, \$0.00; No. 416 Northern, \$0.00; No. 417 Northern, \$0.00; No. 418 Northern, \$0.00; No. 419 Northern, \$0.00; No. 420 Northern, \$0.00; No. 421 Northern, \$0.00; No. 422 Northern, \$0.00; No. 423 Northern, \$0.00; No. 424 Northern, \$0.00; No. 425 Northern, \$0.00; No. 426 Northern, \$0.00; No. 427 Northern, \$0.00; No. 428 Northern, \$0.00; No. 429 Northern, \$0.00; No. 430 Northern, \$0.00; No. 431 Northern, \$0.00; No. 432 Northern, \$0.00; No. 433 Northern, \$0.00; No. 434 Northern, \$0.00; No. 435 Northern, \$0.00; No. 436 Northern, \$0.00; No. 437 Northern, \$0.00; No. 438 Northern, \$0.00; No. 439 Northern, \$0.00; No. 440 Northern, \$0.00; No. 441 Northern, \$0.00; No. 442 Northern, \$0.00; No. 443 Northern, \$0.00; No. 444 Northern, \$0.00; No. 445 Northern, \$0.00; No. 446 Northern, \$0.00; No. 447 Northern, \$0.00; No. 448 Northern, \$0.00; No. 449 Northern, \$0.00; No. 450 Northern, \$0.00; No. 451 Northern, \$0.00; No. 452 Northern, \$0.00; No. 453 Northern, \$0.00; No. 454 Northern, \$0.00; No. 455 Northern, \$0.00; No. 456 Northern, \$0.00; No. 457 Northern, \$0.00; No. 458 Northern, \$0.00; No. 459 Northern, \$0.00; No. 460 Northern, \$0.00; No. 461 Northern, \$0.00; No. 462 Northern, \$0.00; No. 463 Northern, \$0.00; No. 464 Northern, \$0.00; No. 465 Northern, \$0.00; No. 466 Northern, \$0.00; No. 467 Northern, \$0.00; No. 468 Northern, \$0.00; No. 469 Northern, \$0.00; No. 470 Northern, \$0.00; No. 471 Northern, \$0.00; No. 472 Northern, \$0.00; No. 473 Northern, \$0.00; No. 474 Northern, \$0.00; No. 475 Northern, \$0.00; No. 476 Northern, \$0.00; No. 477 Northern, \$0.00; No. 478 Northern, \$0.00; No. 479 Northern, \$0.00; No. 480 Northern, \$0.00; No. 481 Northern, \$0.00; No. 482 Northern, \$0.00; No. 483 Northern, \$0.00; No. 484 Northern, \$0.00; No. 485 Northern, \$0.00; No. 486 Northern, \$0.00; No. 487 Northern, \$0.00; No. 488 Northern, \$0.00; No. 489 Northern, \$0.00; No. 490 Northern, \$0.00; No. 491 Northern, \$0.00; No. 492 Northern, \$0.00; No. 493 Northern, \$0.00; No. 494 Northern, \$0.00; No. 495 Northern, \$0.00; No. 496 Northern, \$0.00; No. 497 Northern, \$0.00; No. 498 Northern, \$0.00; No. 499 Northern, \$0.00; No. 500 Northern, \$0.00; No. 501 Northern, \$0.00; No. 502 Northern, \$0.00; No. 503 Northern, \$0.00; No. 504 Northern, \$0.00; No. 505 Northern, \$0.00; No. 506 Northern, \$0.00; No. 507 Northern, \$0.00; No. 508 Northern, \$0.00; No. 509 Northern, \$0.00; No. 510 Northern, \$0.00; No. 511 Northern, \$0.00; No. 512 Northern, \$0.00; No. 513 Northern, \$0.00; No. 514 Northern, \$0.00; No. 515 Northern, \$0.00; No. 516 Northern, \$0.00; No. 517 Northern, \$0.00; No. 518 Northern, \$0.00; No. 519 Northern, \$0.00; No. 520 Northern, \$0.00; No. 521 Northern, \$0.00; No. 522 Northern, \$0.00; No. 523 Northern, \$0.00; No. 524 Northern, \$0.00; No. 525 Northern, \$0.00; No. 526 Northern, \$0.00; No. 527 Northern, \$0.00; No. 528 Northern, \$0.00; No. 529 Northern, \$0.00; No. 530 Northern, \$0.00; No. 531 Northern, \$0.00; No. 532 Northern, \$0.00; No. 533 Northern, \$0.00; No. 534 Northern, \$0.00; No. 535 Northern, \$0.00; No. 536 Northern, \$0.00; No. 537 Northern, \$0.00; No. 538 Northern, \$0.00; No. 539 Northern, \$0.00; No. 540 Northern, \$0.00; No. 541 Northern, \$0.00; No. 542 Northern, \$0.00; No. 543 Northern, \$0.00; No. 544 Northern, \$0.00; No. 545 Northern, \$0.00; No. 546 Northern, \$0.00; No. 547 Northern, \$0.00; No. 548 Northern, \$0.00; No. 549 Northern, \$0.00; No. 550 Northern, \$0.00; No. 551 Northern, \$0.00; No. 552 Northern, \$0.00; No. 553 Northern, \$0.00; No. 554 Northern, \$0.00; No. 555 Northern, \$0.00; No. 556 Northern, \$0.00; No. 557 Northern, \$0.00; No. 558 Northern, \$0.00; No. 559 Northern, \$0.00; No. 560 Northern, \$0.00; No. 561 Northern, \$0.00; No. 562 Northern, \$0.00; No. 563 Northern, \$0.00; No. 56



# WANTS

## HELP WANTED

WANTED—Experienced grocery delivery clerk, address "K" Dispatch. 591f

WANTED—Girl to work in the cigar factory. Schlange's, 414 Front street. 591f

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Carlson hotel, 5th street. 621f

WANTED—Good reliable girl for general housework. Mrs. J. J. Undratis, 615 6th St. S. 601f

WANTED—Good steady man for chore and general farm work. Apply Fred S. Parker. 491f

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Inquire H. W. Linnemann clothing store. 481f

WANTED—A first class kitchen girl. Will pay \$25.00 a month to right party. Apply at once at Ideal Cafe. 601f

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Call at Ship-Gruen-hagen store and ask for Mr. Gruen-hagen. 571f

WANTED—Sales manager for northern Minnesota for eastern factory; staple, high-class line; reference required; position permanent; must have capital to finance yourself first month. Position good for \$250 per month. Apply by letter before Wednesday night, E-375, Dispatch. 611f

## FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms at 209 N. 7th. 611f

FOR RENT—Furnished flats for light housekeeping. Pearce block. 541f

FOR RENT—Modern 6 room flat. Call E. C. Bane, 1st National bank, 72-L. 441f

FOR RENT—Eight room house 615 Maple street. Jas. R. Smith, Sleep-er block. 161f

FOR RENT—Sleeping room for one or two and light housekeeping suite at Mahlum block. 611f

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with bath, telephone, block from high school, 723 South Broadway. 1f

FOR RENT—Three down stairs rooms, furnished or unfurnished for light housekeeping. Also furnished rooms 428 N. 7th St. 611p

## FOR SALE

FOR SALE CHEAP—1916 Mitchell car, used as demonstrator. Act quick. A. A. Arnold. 621f

FOR SALE—One team and harness, two wagons and buggy and set of sleds. Inquire 715 S. Broadway. 611f-w1

FOR SALE—House, barn and two lots, 1205 South 5th street, \$1800, half payment down. George H. Gardner. 371f

## MISCELLANEOUS

IF you have property for sale or rent list it with Nettleton. 331f

WANTED—I have customers for residence property and vacant lots. List your property for sale with Jas. R. Smith, Sleeper block. 2281f

WANTED—By industrious man strictly temperate, some kind of employment; can furnish a team; would live on a farm. What have you got to offer in the line of work. State particulars. Member R. O. T. M. Address A. E. Frazer, Brainerd. 621f

Facilitating Payment of Bills.

If we were in a business where we sent out bills to customers the first or every month, we should make it a point always to include a self addressed envelope for the return remittance. This practice involves small expense to the creditor, and it makes it a little harder for the debtor to find an excuse for laying aside the bill for a few days. We notice in our own small affairs a tendency to pay first the bills whose payment requires the least trouble, and we suppose other people are correspondingly lazy. Paying bills is hard enough work at best, and ought to be made as easy as possible.—Ohio State Journal.

## A King's Library.

Frederick the Great employed architects to build a library, but they fought with him professional etiquette over their designs. The monarch who had loved the habit of Europe was not to be defeated by a parcel of nagging professional men. "Confound you," said the king, "don't waste any more time! This cupboard opposite me is of a very good design; copy that." They did as they were ordered.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney testifies that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 4th day of December, A. D. 1916.

(Seal)

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

# CHILD LABOR BILL OPENS NEW ISSUES

If Constitutional, Convict Made Goods May Be Prohibited.

## FAVORED BY ORGANIZATION

Another Measure Likely to Follow Is That Closing Interstate Transportation to Leather Goods and Fabrics That Are Misrepresented by the Manufacturers.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, Aug. 15.—[Special.]—Beyond the child labor bill, should the courts hold it constitutional, is much other legislation of a similar nature, but without the sentiment to push it along. The child labor bill appeals to the sympathies of people because most of us do not like the idea of small children spending their time in factories when they ought to be at school, with the liberty of play, every day.

The next measure which will follow the child labor bill is one to prohibit interstate transportation of convict made goods. Following that, an effort will be made to prohibit the transportation of goods made where persons are employed more than eight hours a day. These measures will have the earnest support of the labor organizations.

## Pure Fabrics and Leather.

For several years there has been pending a measure to prohibit interstate transportation of fabrics and leather goods that were not just such as represented. One man was elected to congress from Michigan on the issue and promise that he would pass such a measure. He came here and was lost, and so was his bill.

But if the principle is established that congress can prohibit the transportation of goods made by children under a certain age there will be a pure fabric and leather bill—yes, and many others of a similar kind.

Suited Tom Marshall.

Vice President Marshall did not make much of an effort to check the tide of humor which flowed over the senate during a running debate between Senators Stone of Missouri and Penrose of Pennsylvania. Such exhibitions please a man like Marshall, who likes a bit of humor as well as anybody.

The humorists are not plentiful in the senate. Penrose is the best, but he does not work at it very often. Kern of Indiana has a fund of humor on tap if he wanted to use it. John Sharp Williams of Mississippi is also glib on these lines. Chapp of Minnesota makes humorous remarks now and then. That about exhausts the list, although several senators are good story tellers in the cloakrooms.

King and Taggart.

W. H. King, a Democrat of Utah, came to Washington to get help for the party in the western states. He told a number of men of the prospects and of the danger spots. While he was talking along came Tom Taggart, and they were introduced. King recollected the Indiana man as a great political boss, and he went for him.

"We want some help," he said. "We want help from the White House. Wilson is a great man, but he doesn't know anything about politics. Why don't a dozen or more of you go up there and tell him some things—but some political pep into him?"

Taggart blinked and looked askance. "You see," he replied, "it's not exact by my job. I'm new here in the senate. Talk to some of the older and more experienced fellows."

## Longworth's Quotation.

Congressman Longworth of Ohio read a quotation in the house which positively endorsed the principle of protection. He said he might get up a guessing contest as to the author, but would not take the time of the house. Sloan of Nebraska interrupted to say that he would give a guess that either Moore of Pennsylvania or Fordney of Michigan was the author, they being the two highest protectionists extant.

"It is neither," replied Longworth. "I am reading from a statement by President Wilson."

Leader Kilham of North Carolina vehemently denied that the quotation came from any utterance of the president and insisted that it might voice the views of Fordney or Moore, but not a Democratic president.

"Well," replied Longworth, "I may be a little late. This was made a week ago, and the president may have changed his mind."

Thus do statesmen play at humor and politics when they have little to do.

## Power of Twelve Men.

"When this war in Europe is over," Senator Clapp of Minnesota told the senate, "there will be revolutions of some sort which will take from twelve men the power to command a force which will plunge millions into war."

## Hit the Italic Case.

As the printers of the older days used to say, Senator Lewis "hit the italic case hard" when he made his speech answering Hughes' acceptance address—scarcely a column that was not literally supplied with paragraphs and sentences in italics. The Illinois senator wanted to make his readers understand that he was emphatic in his utterances.

## CARDINAL O'CONNELL.

He Will Attend Big Catholic Week in New York.



Photo by American Press Association.

"Catholic week" in New York, opening Aug. 20, will bring to that city conventions of several large religious societies and Catholic leaders. Among the latter will be Cardinal William H. O'Connell of Boston, the youngest member of the Sacred college.

## FAVORS SALE OF ISLANDS

Lower House of Danish Parliament Acts Favorably.

Copenhagen, Aug. 15.—The lower house of the Danish parliament voted in favor of selling the Danish West Indies to the United States, if a plebiscite favored the sale.

The vote was 62 for the proposition to 44 against it, one member being denied a vote and six being absent.

## RESULTS ON THE DIAMOND

### National League.

Standing of the Clubs—Brooklyn, 63; Boston, 52; Philadelphia, 58; New York, 51; Pittsburgh, 44; Chicago, 43; St. Louis, 43; Cincinnati, 28; Cincinnati 6, Chicago 3.

### American League.

Standing of the Clubs—Boston, 57; Cleveland, 54; Chicago, 53; St. Louis, 52; Detroit, 51; New York, 51; Washington, 48; Philadelphia, 21; Cleveland 3, Detroit 2.

### Northern League.

Superior 3, Fargo 4.

### Duluth 2, Winnipeg 2.

## GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

### Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Aug. 14.—Wheat—On track and to arrive, No. 1 hard, \$1.48; No. 1 Northern, \$1.46; No. 2 Northern, \$1.42; No. 3 Northern, \$1.38; No. 4 Northern, \$1.34; No. 5 Northern, \$1.30; No. 6 Northern, \$1.26; No. 7 Northern, \$1.22; No. 8 Northern, \$1.18; No. 9 Northern, \$1.14; No. 10 Northern, \$1.10; No. 11 Northern, \$1.06; No. 12 Northern, \$1.02; No. 13 Northern, \$0.98; No. 14 Northern, \$0.94; No. 15 Northern, \$0.90; No. 16 Northern, \$0.86; No. 17 Northern, \$0.82; No. 18 Northern, \$0.78; No. 19 Northern, \$0.74; No. 20 Northern, \$0.70; No. 21 Northern, \$0.66; No. 22 Northern, \$0.62; No. 23 Northern, \$0.58; No. 24 Northern, \$0.54; No. 25 Northern, \$0.50; No. 26 Northern, \$0.46; No. 27 Northern, \$0.42; No. 28 Northern, \$0.38; No. 29 Northern, \$0.34; No. 30 Northern, \$0.30; No. 31 Northern, \$0.26; No. 32 Northern, \$0.22; No. 33 Northern, \$0.18; No. 34 Northern, \$0.14; No. 35 Northern, \$0.10; No. 36 Northern, \$0.06; No. 37 Northern, \$0.02; No. 38 Northern, \$0.00; No. 39 Northern, \$0.00; No. 40 Northern, \$0.00; No. 41 Northern, \$0.00; No. 42 Northern, \$0.00; No. 43 Northern, \$0.00; No. 44 Northern, \$0.00; No. 45 Northern, \$0.00; No. 46 Northern, \$0.00; No. 47 Northern, \$0.00; No. 48 Northern, \$0.00; No. 49 Northern, \$0.00; No. 50 Northern, \$0.00; No. 51 Northern, \$0.00; No. 52 Northern, \$0.00; No. 53 Northern, \$0.00; No. 54 Northern, \$0.00; No. 55 Northern, \$0.00; No. 56 Northern, \$0.00; No. 57 Northern, \$0.00; No. 58 Northern, \$0.00; No. 59 Northern, \$0.00; No. 60 Northern, \$0.00; No. 61 Northern, \$0.00; No. 62 Northern, \$0.00; No. 63 Northern, \$0.00; No. 64 Northern, \$0.00; No. 65 Northern, \$0.00; No. 66 Northern, \$0.00; No. 67 Northern, \$0.00; No. 68 Northern, \$0.00; No. 69 Northern, \$0.00; No. 70 Northern, \$0.00; No. 71 Northern, \$0.00; No. 72 Northern, \$0.00; No. 73 Northern, \$0.00; No. 74 Northern, \$0.00; No. 75 Northern, \$0.00; No. 76 Northern, \$0.00; No. 77 Northern, \$0.00; No. 78 Northern, \$0.00; No. 79 Northern, \$0.00; No. 80 Northern, \$0.00; No. 81 Northern, \$0.00; No. 82 Northern, \$0.00; No. 83 Northern, \$0.00; No. 84 Northern, \$0.00; No. 85 Northern, \$0.00; No. 86 Northern, \$0.00; No. 87 Northern, \$0.00; No. 88 Northern, \$0.00; No. 89 Northern, \$0.00; No. 90 Northern, \$0.00; No. 91 Northern, \$0.00; No. 92 Northern, \$0.00; No. 93 Northern, \$0.00; No. 94 Northern, \$0.00; No. 95 Northern, \$0.00; No. 96 Northern, \$0.00; No. 97 Northern, \$0.00; No. 98 Northern, \$0.00; No. 99 Northern, \$0.00; No. 100 Northern, \$0.00; No. 101 Northern, \$0.00; No. 102 Northern, \$0.00; No. 103 Northern, \$0.00; No. 104 Northern, \$0.00; No. 105 Northern, \$0.00; No. 106 Northern, \$0.00; No. 107 Northern, \$0.00; No. 108 Northern, \$0.00; No. 109 Northern, \$0.00; No. 110 Northern, \$0.00; No. 111 Northern, \$0.00; No. 112 Northern, \$0.00; No. 113 Northern, \$0.00; No. 114 Northern, \$0.00; No. 115 Northern, \$0.00; No. 116 Northern, \$0.00; No. 117 Northern, \$0.00; No. 118 Northern, \$0.00; No. 119 Northern, \$0.00; No. 120 Northern, \$0.00; No. 121 Northern, \$0.00; No. 122 Northern, \$0.00; No. 123 Northern, \$0.00; No. 124 Northern, \$0.00; No. 125 Northern, \$0.00; No. 126 Northern, \$0.00; No. 127 Northern, \$0.00; No. 128 Northern, \$0.00; No. 129 Northern, \$0.00; No. 130 Northern, \$0.00; No. 131 Northern, \$0.00; No. 132 Northern, \$0.00; No. 133 Northern, \$0.00; No. 134 Northern, \$0.00; No. 135 Northern, \$0.00; No. 136 Northern, \$0.00; No. 137 Northern, \$0.00; No. 138 Northern, \$0.00; No. 139 Northern, \$0.00; No. 140 Northern, \$0.00; No. 141 Northern, \$0.00; No. 142 Northern, \$0.00; No. 143 Northern, \$0.00; No. 144 Northern, \$0.00; No. 145 Northern, \$0.00; No. 146 Northern, \$0.00; No. 147 Northern, \$0.00; No. 148 Northern, \$0.00; No. 149 Northern, \$0.00; No. 150 Northern, \$0.00; No. 151 Northern, \$0.00; No. 152 Northern, \$0.00; No. 153 Northern, \$0.00; No. 154 Northern, \$0.00; No. 155 Northern, \$0.00; No. 156 Northern, \$0.00; No. 157 Northern, \$0.00; No. 158 Northern, \$0.00; No. 159 Northern, \$0.00; No. 160 Northern, \$0.00; No. 161 Northern, \$0.00; No. 162 Northern, \$0.00; No. 163 Northern, \$0.00; No. 164 Northern, \$0.00; No. 165 Northern, \$0.00; No. 166 Northern, \$0.00; No. 167 Northern, \$0.00; No. 168 Northern, \$0.00; No. 169 Northern, \$0.00; No. 170 Northern, \$0.00; No. 171 Northern, \$0.00; No. 172 Northern, \$0.00; No. 173 Northern, \$0.00; No. 174 Northern, \$0.00; No. 175 Northern, \$0.00; No. 176 Northern, \$0.00; No. 177 Northern, \$0.00; No. 178 Northern, \$0.00; No. 179 Northern, \$0.00; No. 180 Northern, \$0.00; No. 181 Northern, \$0.00; No. 182 Northern, \$0.00; No. 183 Northern, \$0.00; No. 184 Northern, \$0.00; No. 185 Northern, \$0.00; No. 186 Northern, \$0.00; No. 187 Northern, \$0.00; No. 188 Northern, \$0.00; No. 189 Northern, \$0.00; No. 190 Northern, \$0.00; No. 191 Northern, \$0.00; No. 192 Northern, \$0.00; No. 193 Northern, \$0.00; No. 194 Northern, \$0.00; No. 195 Northern, \$0.00; No. 196 Northern, \$0.00; No. 197 Northern, \$0.00; No. 198 Northern, \$0.00; No. 199 Northern, \$0.00; No. 200 Northern, \$0.00; No. 201 Northern, \$0.00; No. 202 Northern, \$0.00; No. 203 Northern, \$0.00; No. 204 Northern, \$0.00; No. 205 Northern, \$0.00; No. 206 Northern, \$0.00; No. 207 Northern, \$0.00; No. 208 Northern, \$0.00; No. 209 Northern, \$0.00; No. 210 Northern, \$0.00; No. 211 Northern, \$0.00; No. 212 Northern, \$0.00; No. 213 Northern, \$0.00; No. 214 Northern, \$0.00; No. 215 Northern, \$0.00; No. 216 Northern, \$0.00; No. 217 Northern, \$0.00; No. 218 Northern, \$0.00; No. 219 Northern, \$0.00; No. 220 Northern, \$0.00; No. 221 Northern, \$0.00; No. 222 Northern, \$0.00; No. 223 Northern, \$0.00; No. 224 Northern, \$0.00; No. 225 Northern, \$0.00; No. 226 Northern, \$0.00; No. 227 Northern, \$0.00; No. 228 Northern, \$0.00; No. 229 Northern, \$0.00; No. 230 Northern, \$0.00; No. 231 Northern, \$0.00; No. 232 Northern, \$0.00; No. 233 Northern, \$0.00; No. 234 Northern, \$0.00; No. 235 Northern, \$0.00; No. 236 Northern, \$0.00; No. 237 Northern, \$0.00; No. 238 Northern, \$0.00; No. 239 Northern, \$0.00; No. 240 Northern, \$0.00; No. 241 Northern, \$0.00; No. 242 Northern, \$0.00; No. 243 Northern, \$0.00; No. 244 Northern, \$0.00; No. 245 Northern, \$0.00; No. 246 Northern, \$0.00; No. 247 Northern, \$0.00; No. 248 Northern, \$0.00; No. 249 Northern, \$0.00; No. 250 Northern, \$0.00; No. 251 Northern, \$0.00; No. 252 Northern, \$0.00; No. 253 Northern, \$0.00; No. 254 Northern, \$0.00; No. 255 Northern, \$0.00; No. 256 Northern, \$0.00; No. 257 Northern, \$0.00; No. 258 Northern, \$0.00; No. 259 Northern, \$0.00; No. 260 Northern, \$0.00; No. 261 Northern, \$0.00; No. 262 Northern, \$0.00; No. 263 Northern, \$0.00; No. 264 Northern, \$0.00; No. 265 Northern, \$0.00; No. 266 Northern, \$0.00; No. 267 Northern, \$0.00; No. 268 Northern, \$0.00; No. 269 Northern, \$0.00; No. 270 Northern, \$0.00; No. 271 Northern, \$0.00; No. 272 Northern, \$0.00; No. 273 Northern, \$0.00; No. 274 Northern, \$0.00; No. 275 Northern, \$0.00; No. 276 Northern, \$0.00; No. 277 Northern, \$0.00; No. 278 Northern, \$0.00; No. 279 Northern, \$0.00; No. 280 Northern, \$0.00; No. 281 Northern, \$0.00; No. 282 Northern, \$0.00; No. 283 Northern, \$0.00; No. 284 Northern, \$0.00; No. 285 Northern, \$0.00; No. 286 Northern, \$0.00; No. 287 Northern, \$0.00; No. 288 Northern, \$0.00; No. 289 Northern, \$0.00; No. 290 Northern, \$0.00; No. 291 Northern, \$0.00; No. 292 Northern, \$0.00; No. 293 Northern, \$0.00; No. 294 Northern, \$0.00; No. 295 Northern, \$0.00; No. 296 Northern, \$0.00; No. 297 Northern, \$0.00; No. 298 Northern, \$0.00; No. 299 Northern, \$0.00; No. 300 Northern, \$0.00; No. 301 Northern, \$0.00; No. 302 Northern, \$0.00; No. 303 Northern, \$0.00; No. 304 Northern, \$0.00; No. 305 Northern, \$0.00; No. 306 Northern, \$0.00; No. 307 Northern, \$0.00; No. 308 Northern, \$0.00; No. 309 Northern, \$0.00; No. 310 Northern, \$0.00; No. 311 Northern, \$0.00; No. 312 Northern, \$0.00; No. 313 Northern, \$0.00; No. 314 Northern, \$0.00; No. 315 Northern, \$0.00; No. 316 Northern, \$0.00; No. 317 Northern, \$0.00; No. 318 Northern, \$0.00; No. 319 Northern, \$0.00; No. 320 Northern, \$0.00; No. 321 Northern, \$0.00; No. 322 Northern, \$0.00; No. 323 Northern, \$0.00; No. 324 Northern, \$0.00; No. 325 Northern, \$0.00; No. 326 Northern, \$0.00; No. 327 Northern, \$0.00; No. 328 Northern, \$0.00; No. 329 Northern, \$0.00; No. 330 Northern, \$0.00; No. 331 Northern, \$0.00; No. 332 Northern, \$0.00; No. 333 Northern, \$0.00; No. 334 Northern, \$0.00; No. 335 Northern, \$0.00; No. 336 Northern, \$0.00; No. 337 Northern, \$0.00; No. 338 Northern, \$0.00; No. 339 Northern, \$0.00; No. 340 Northern, \$0.00; No. 341 Northern, \$0.00; No. 342 Northern, \$0.00; No. 343 Northern, \$0.00; No. 344 Northern, \$0.00; No. 345 Northern, \$0.00; No. 346 Northern, \$0.00; No. 347 Northern, \$0.00; No. 348 Northern, \$0.00; No. 349 Northern, \$0.00; No. 350 Northern, \$0.00; No. 351 Northern, \$0.00; No. 352 Northern, \$0.00; No. 353 Northern, \$0.00; No. 354 Northern, \$0.00; No. 355 Northern, \$0.00; No. 356 Northern, \$0.00; No. 357 Northern, \$0.00; No. 358 Northern, \$0.00; No. 359 Northern, \$0.00; No. 360 Northern, \$0.00; No. 361 Northern, \$0.00; No. 362 Northern, \$0.00; No. 363 Northern, \$0.00; No. 364 Northern, \$0.00; No. 365 Northern, \$0.00; No. 366 Northern, \$0.00; No. 367 Northern, \$0.00; No. 368 Northern, \$0.00; No. 369 Northern, \$0.00; No. 370 Northern, \$0.00; No. 371 Northern, \$0.00; No. 372 Northern, \$0.00; No. 373 Northern, \$0.00; No. 374 Northern, \$0.00; No. 375 Northern, \$0.00; No. 376 Northern, \$0.00; No. 377 Northern, \$0.00; No. 378 Northern, \$0.00; No. 379 Northern, \$0.00; No. 380 Northern, \$0.00; No. 381 Northern, \$0.00; No. 382 Northern, \$0.00; No. 383 Northern, \$0.00; No. 384 Northern, \$0.00; No. 385 Northern, \$0.00; No. 386 Northern, \$0.00; No. 387 Northern, \$0.00; No. 388 Northern, \$0.00; No. 389 Northern, \$0.00; No. 390 Northern, \$0.00; No. 391 Northern, \$0.00; No. 392 Northern, \$0.00; No. 393 Northern, \$0.00; No. 394 Northern, \$0.00; No. 395 Northern, \$0.00; No. 396 Northern, \$0.00; No. 397 Northern, \$0.00; No. 398 Northern, \$0.00; No. 399 Northern, \$0.00; No. 400 Northern, \$0.00; No. 401 Northern, \$0.00; No. 402 Northern, \$0.00; No. 403 Northern, \$0.00; No. 404 Northern, \$0.00; No. 405 Northern, \$0.00; No. 406 Northern, \$0.00; No. 407 Northern, \$0.00; No. 408 Northern, \$0.00; No. 409 Northern, \$0.00; No. 410 Northern, \$0.00; No. 411 Northern, \$0.00; No. 412 Northern, \$0.00; No. 413 Northern, \$0.00; No. 414 Northern, \$0.00; No. 415 Northern, \$0.00; No. 416 Northern, \$0.00; No. 417 Northern, \$0.00; No. 418 Northern, \$0.00; No. 419 Northern, \$0.00; No. 420 Northern, \$0.00; No. 421 Northern, \$0.00; No. 422 Northern, \$0.00; No. 423 Northern, \$0.00; No. 424 Northern, \$0.00; No. 425 Northern, \$0.00; No. 426 Northern, \$0.00; No. 427 Northern, \$0.00; No. 428 Northern, \$0.00; No. 429 Northern, \$0.00; No. 430 Northern, \$0.00; No. 431 Northern, \$0.00; No. 432 Northern, \$0.00; No. 433 Northern, \$0.00; No. 434 Northern, \$0.00; No. 435 Northern, \$0.00; No. 436 Northern, \$0.00; No. 437 Northern, \$0.00; No. 438 Northern, \$0.00; No. 439 Northern, \$0.00; No. 440 Northern, \$0.00; No. 441 Northern, \$0.00; No. 442 Northern, \$0.00; No. 443 Northern, \$0.00; No. 444 Northern, \$0.00; No. 445 Northern, \$0.00; No. 446 Northern, \$0.00; No. 447 Northern, \$0.00; No. 448 Northern, \$0.00; No. 449 Northern, \$0.00; No. 450 Northern, \$0.00; No. 451 Northern, \$0.00; No. 452 Northern, \$0.00; No. 453 Northern, \$0.00; No. 454 Northern, \$0.00; No. 455 Northern, \$0.00; No. 456 Northern, \$0.00; No. 457 Northern, \$0.00; No. 458 Northern, \$0.00; No. 459 Northern, \$0.00; No. 460 Northern, \$0.00; No. 461 Northern, \$0.00; No. 462 Northern, \$0.00; No. 463 Northern, \$0.00; No. 464 Northern, \$0.00; No. 465 Northern, \$0.00; No. 466 Northern, \$0.00; No. 467 Northern, \$0.00; No. 468 Northern, \$0.00; No. 469 Northern, \$0.00; No. 470 Northern, \$0.00; No. 471 Northern, \$0.00; No. 472 Northern, \$0.00; No. 473 Northern, \$0.00; No. 474 Northern, \$0.00; No. 475 Northern, \$0.00; No. 476 Northern, \$0.00; No. 477 Northern, \$0.00; No. 478 Northern, \$0.00; No. 479 Northern, \$0.00; No. 480 Northern, \$0.00; No. 481 Northern, \$0.00; No. 482 Northern, \$0.00; No. 483 Northern, \$0.00; No. 484 Northern, \$0.00; No. 485 Northern, \$0.00; No. 486 Northern, \$0.00; No. 487 Northern, \$0.00; No. 488 Northern, \$0.00; No. 489 Northern, \$0.00; No. 490 Northern, \$0.00; No. 491 Northern, \$0.00; No. 492 Northern, \$0.00; No. 493 Northern, \$0.00; No. 494 Northern, \$0.00; No. 495 Northern, \$0.00; No. 496 Northern, \$0.00; No. 497 Northern, \$0.00; No. 498 Northern, \$0.00; No. 499 Northern, \$0.00; No. 500 Northern, \$0.00; No. 501 Northern, \$0.00; No. 502 Northern, \$0.00; No. 503 Northern, \$0.00; No. 504 Northern, \$0.00; No. 505 Northern, \$0.00; No. 506 Northern, \$0.00; No. 507 Northern, \$0.00; No. 508 Northern, \$0.00; No. 509 Northern, \$0.00; No. 510 Northern, \$0.00; No. 511 Northern, \$0.00; No. 512 Northern, \$0.00; No. 513 Northern, \$0.00; No. 514 Northern, \$0.00; No. 515 Northern, \$0.00; No. 516 Northern, \$0.00; No. 517 Northern, \$0.00; No. 518 Northern, \$0.00; No. 519 Northern, \$0.00; No. 520 Northern, \$0.00; No. 521 Northern, \$0.00; No. 522 Northern, \$0.00; No. 523 Northern, \$0.00; No. 524 Northern, \$0.00; No. 525 Northern, \$0.00; No. 526 Northern, \$0.00; No. 527 Northern, \$0.00; No. 528 Northern, \$0.00; No. 529 Northern, \$0.00; No. 530 Northern, \$0.00; No. 531 Northern, \$0.00; No. 532 Northern, \$0.00; No. 533 Northern, \$0.00; No. 534 Northern, \$0.00; No. 535 Northern, \$0.00; No. 536 Northern, \$0.00; No. 537 Northern, \$0.00;